DAG BFT Protocols Made Practical

Byzantine Fault Tolerance



Consensus on top of Narwhal Goal of this project

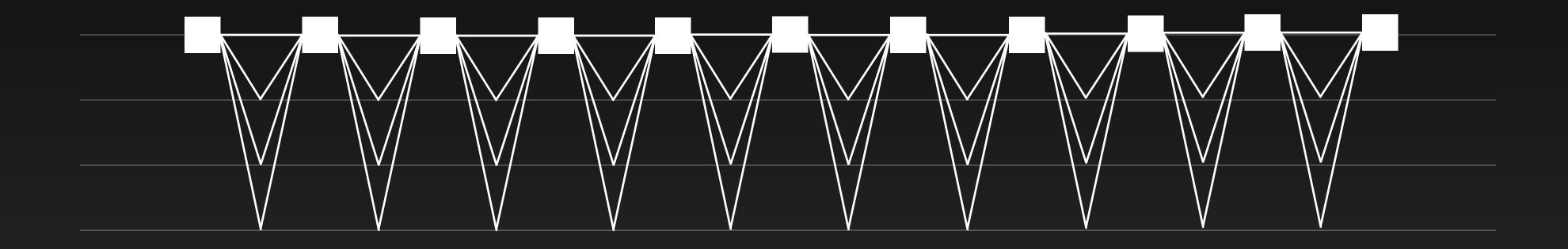
Simple

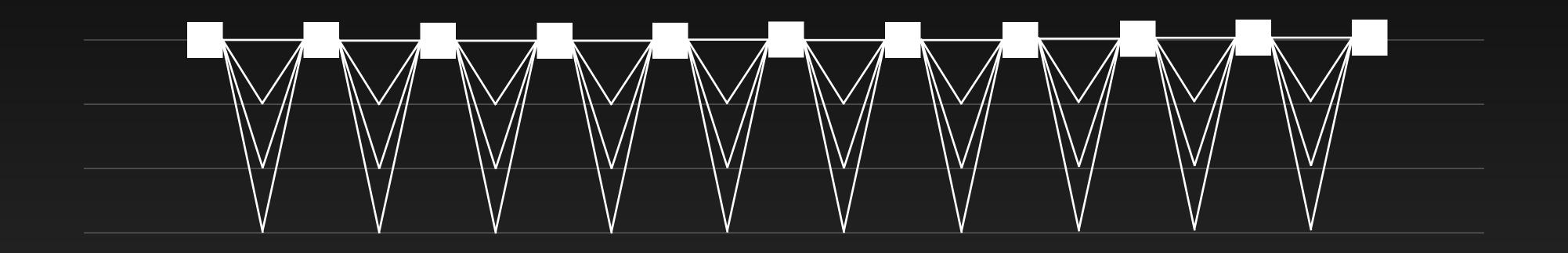
- Zero-message overhead
- No view-change
- No common-coin

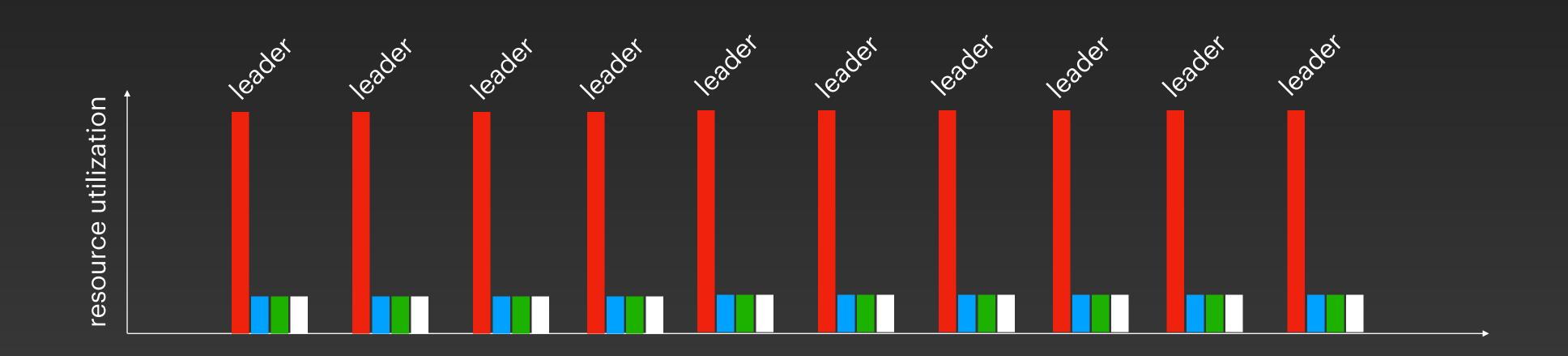
Performant

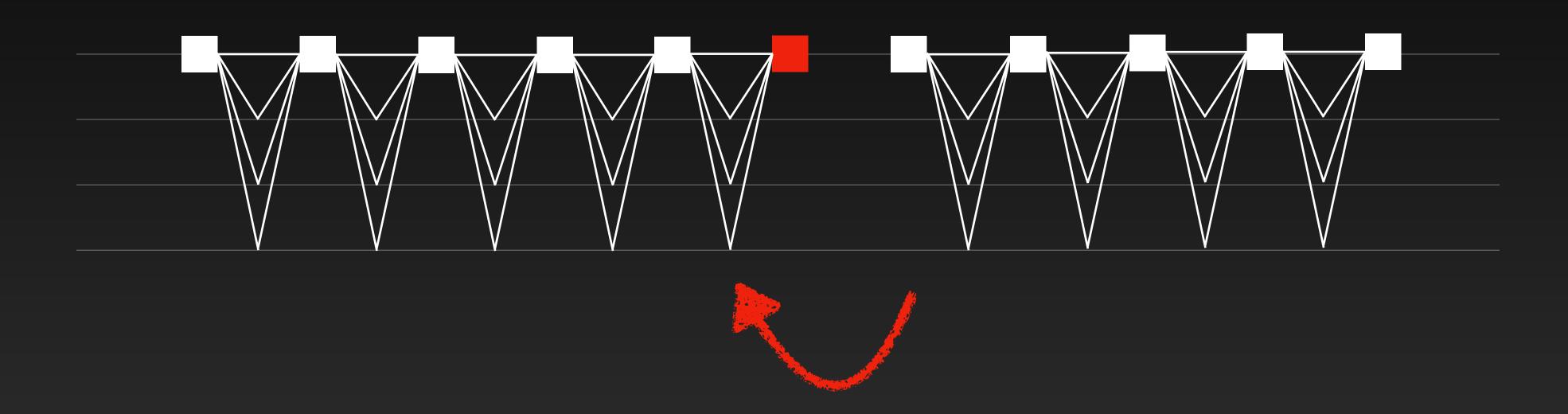
- Take advantage of Narwhal
- Exploit periods of synchrony

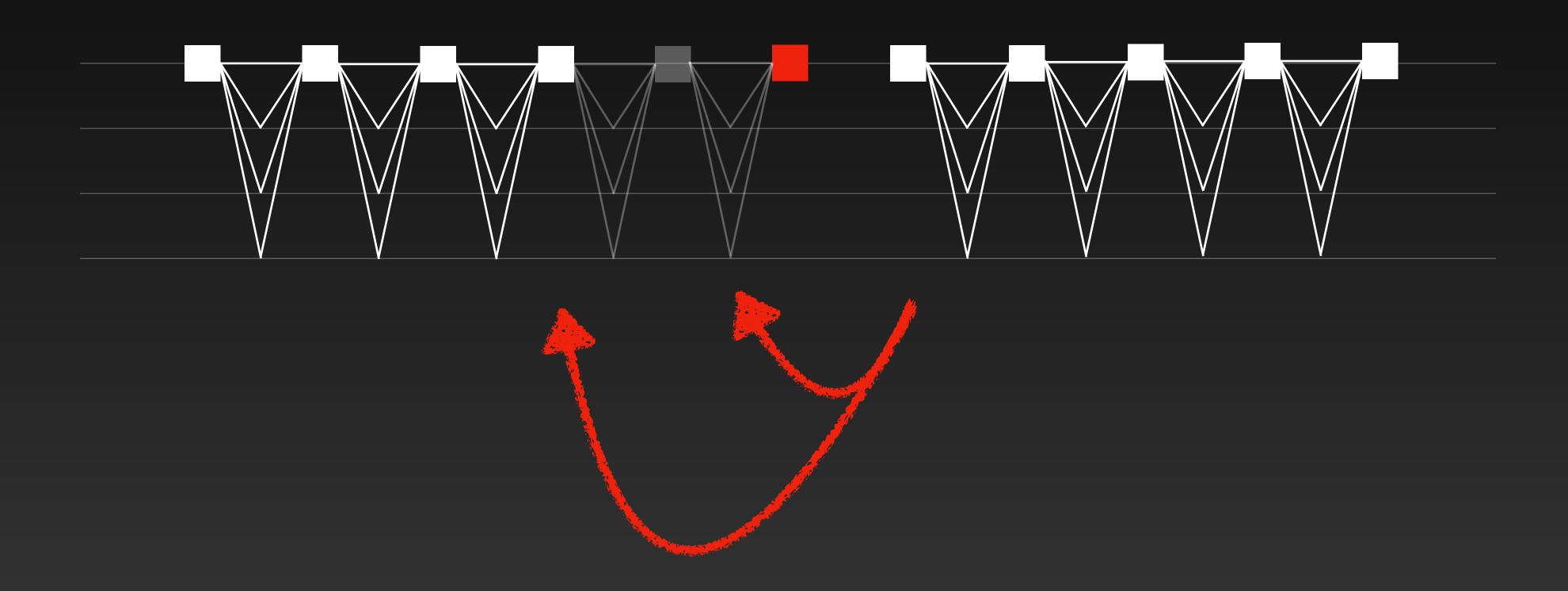
- Monolithic protocol sharing transaction data as part of the consensus
- Optimize overall message complexity of the consensus protocol
- Complex & Error-prone view-change protocol











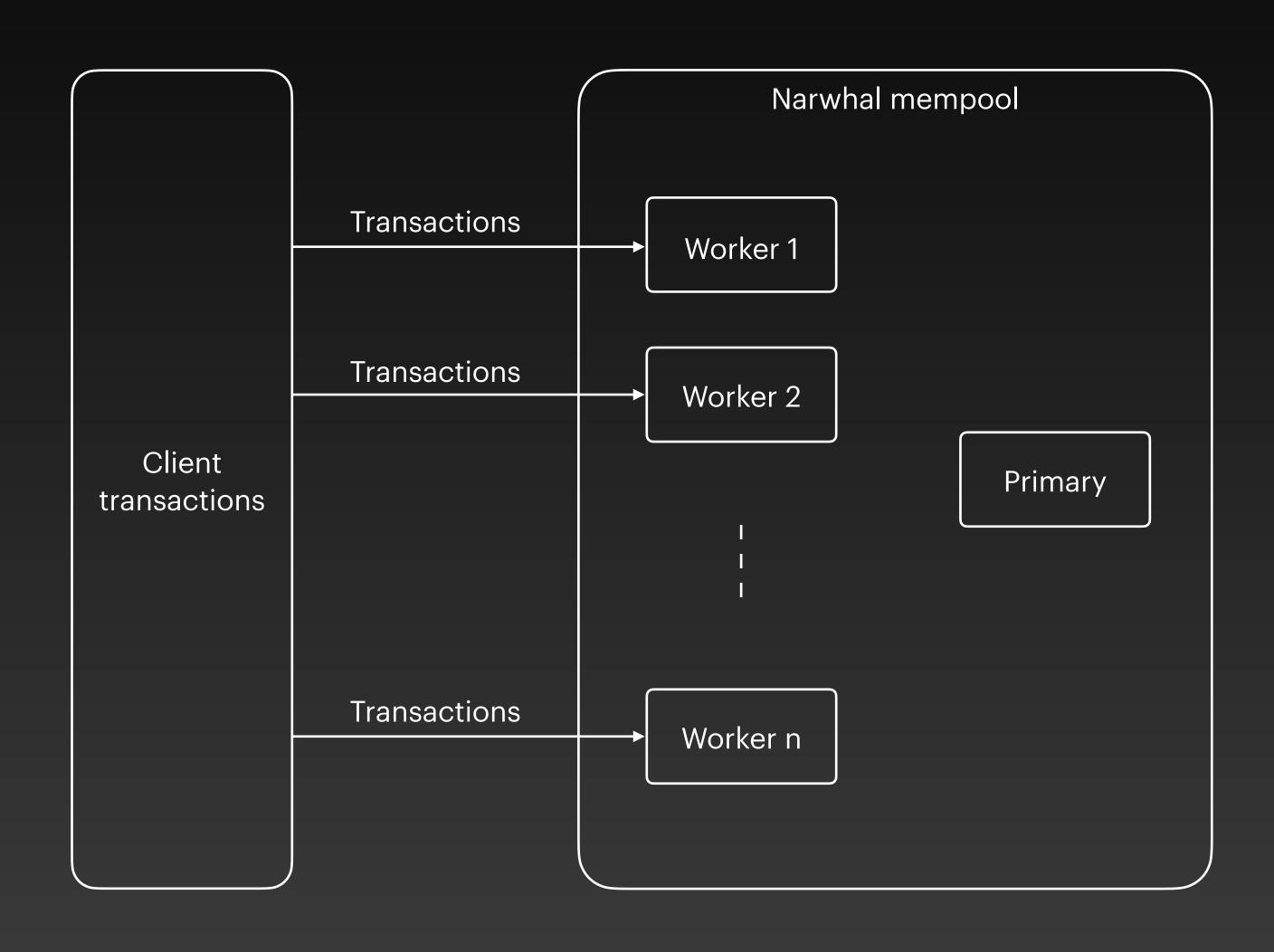
Narwha

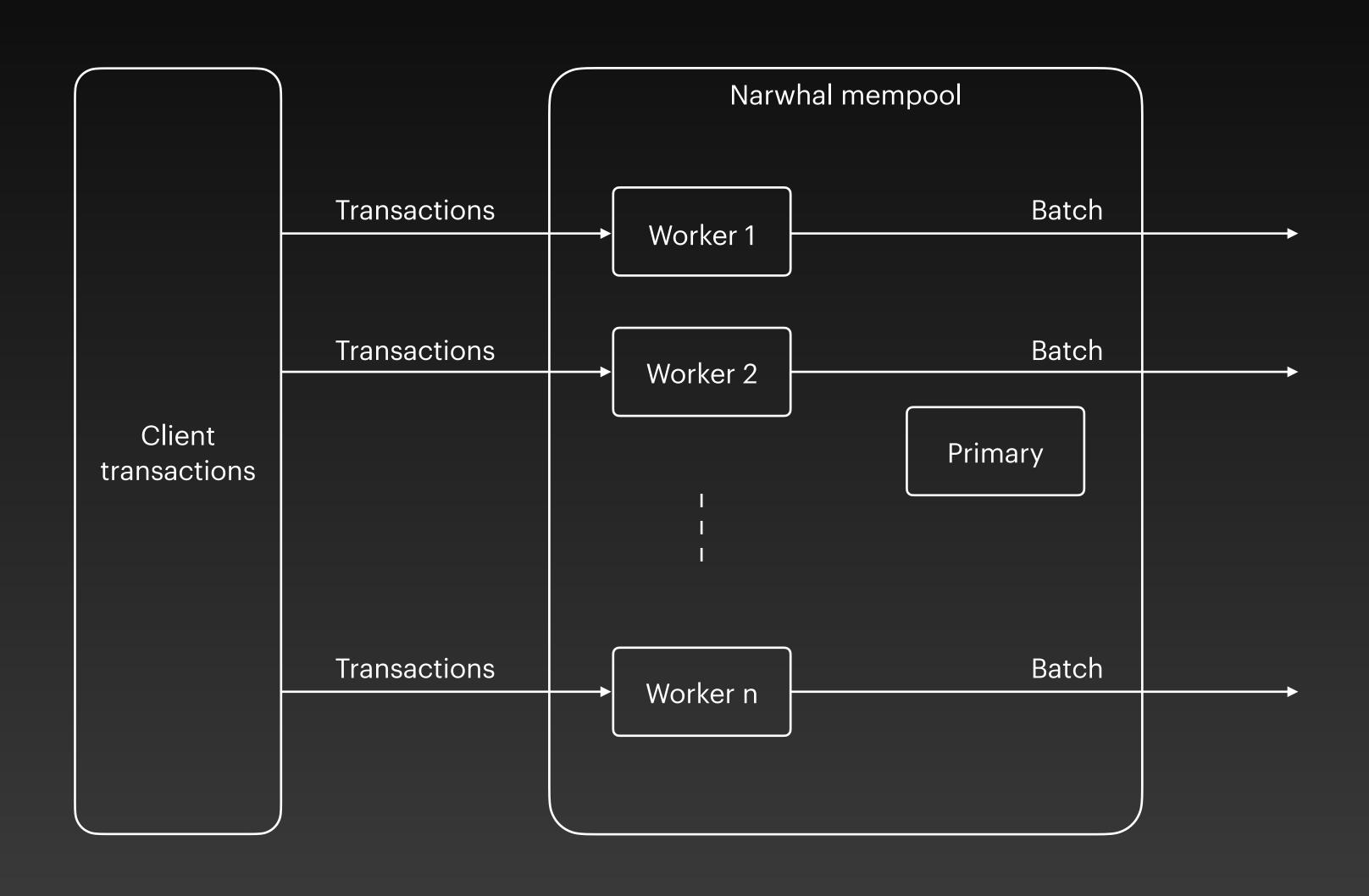
Dag-based mempool

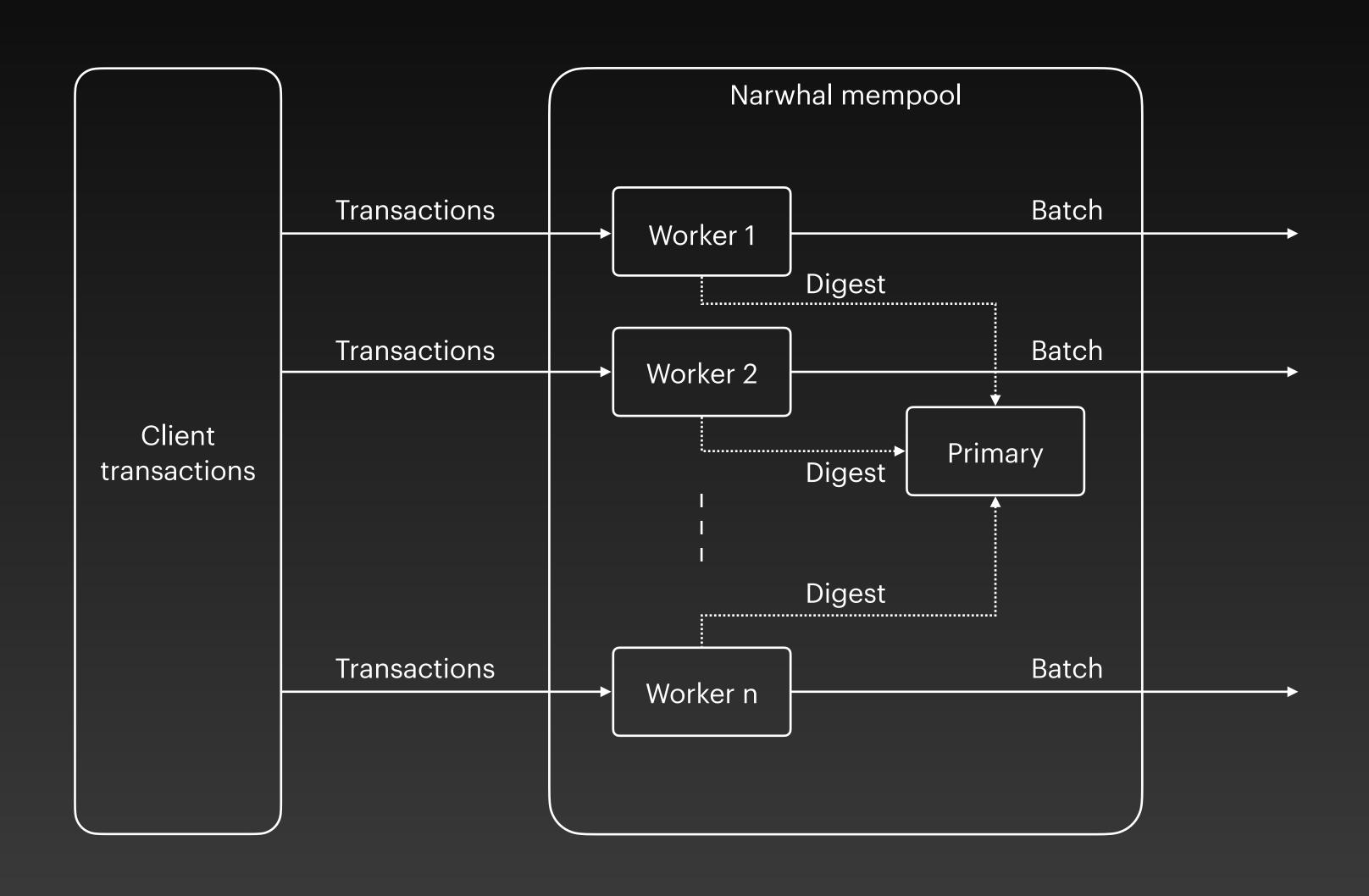
The mempool is the key

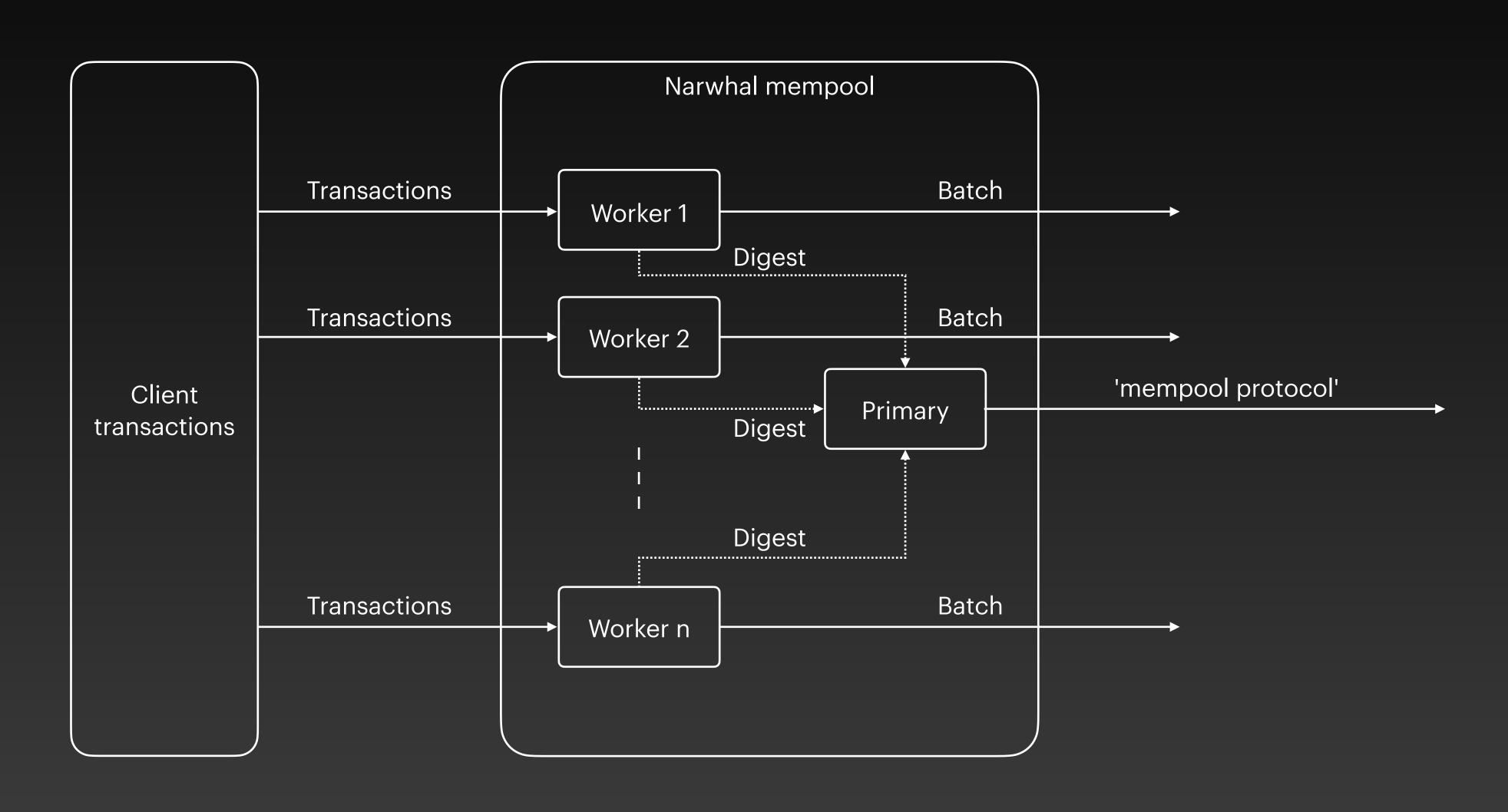
Reaching consensus on metadata is cheap

Narwhal mempool Worker 1 Worker 2 Client Primary transactions Worker n

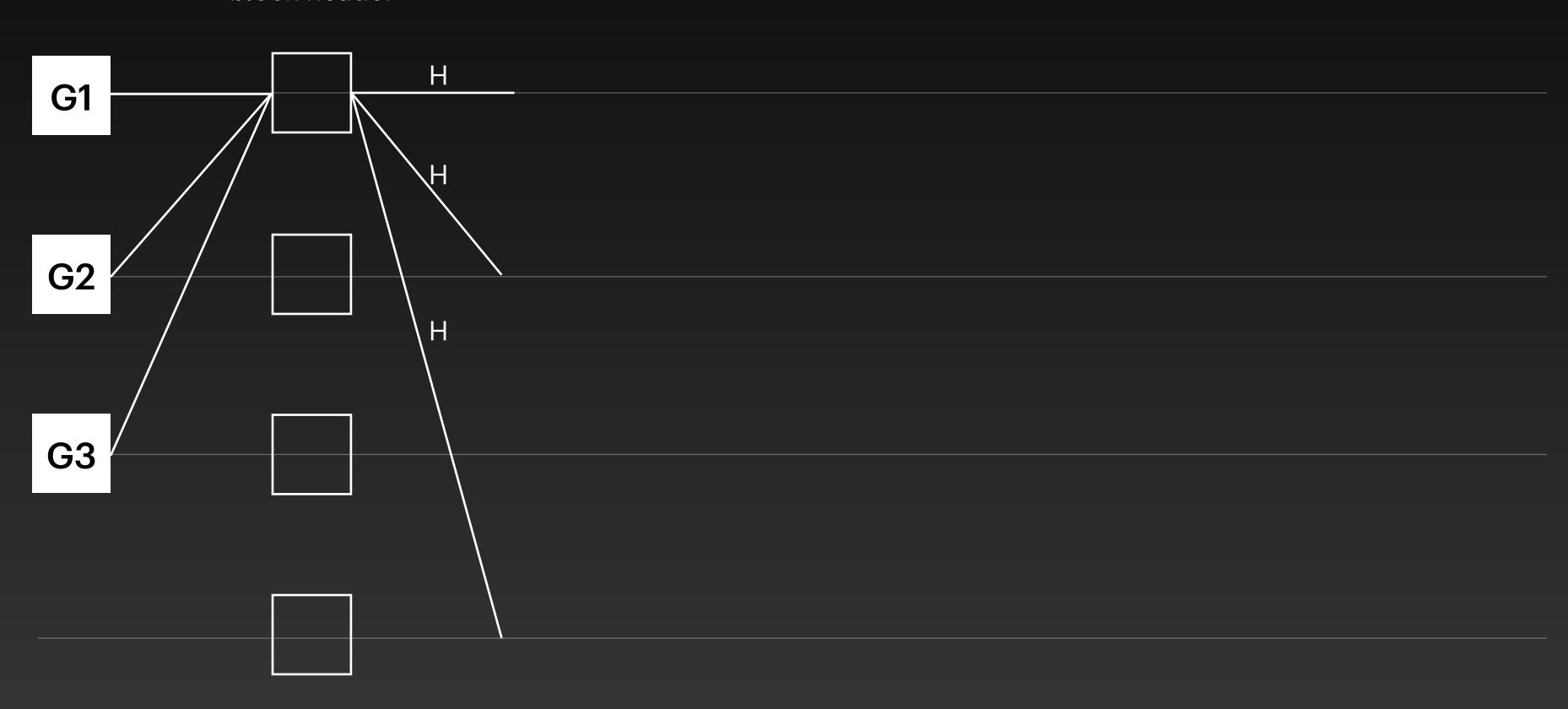


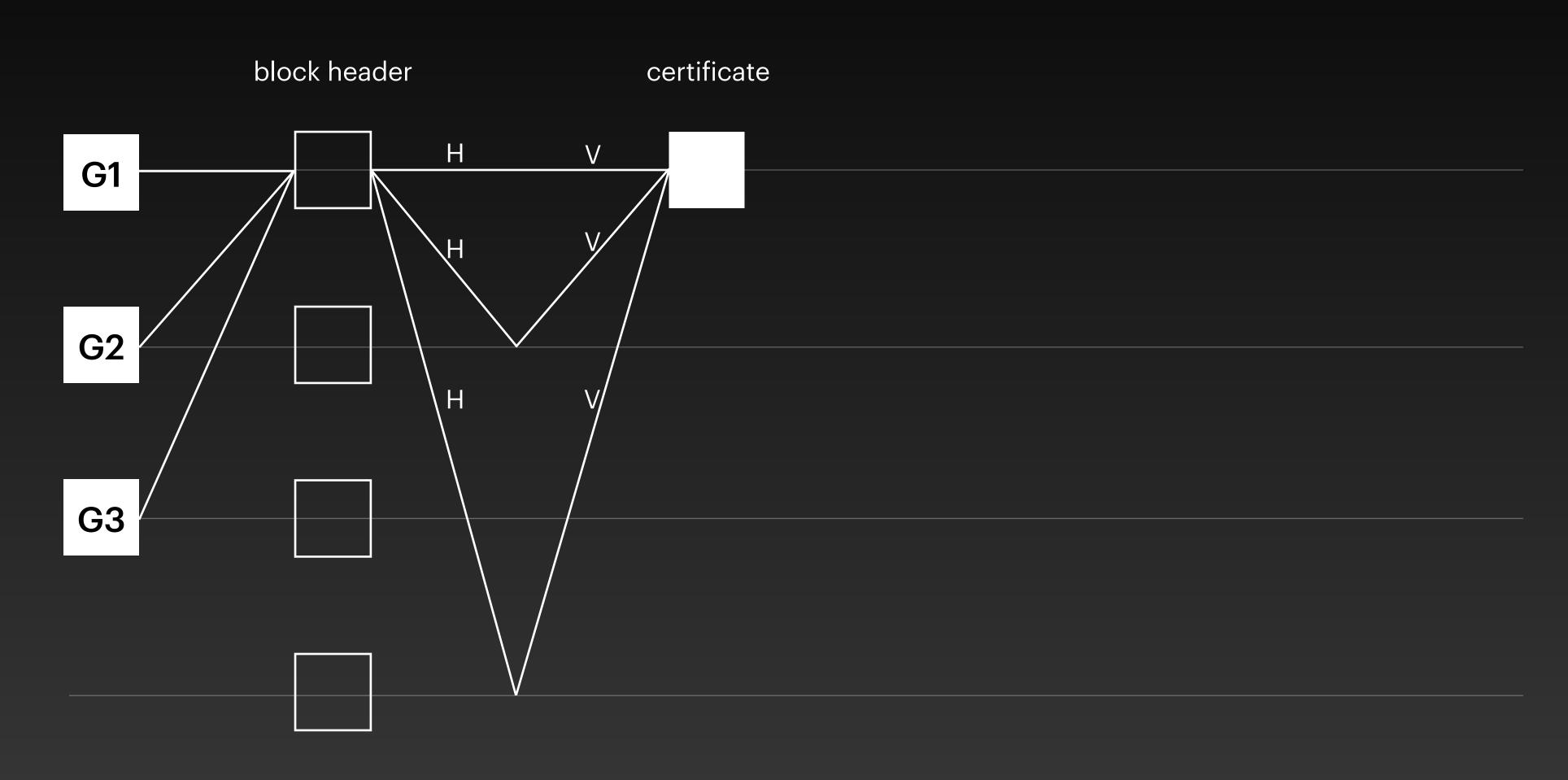


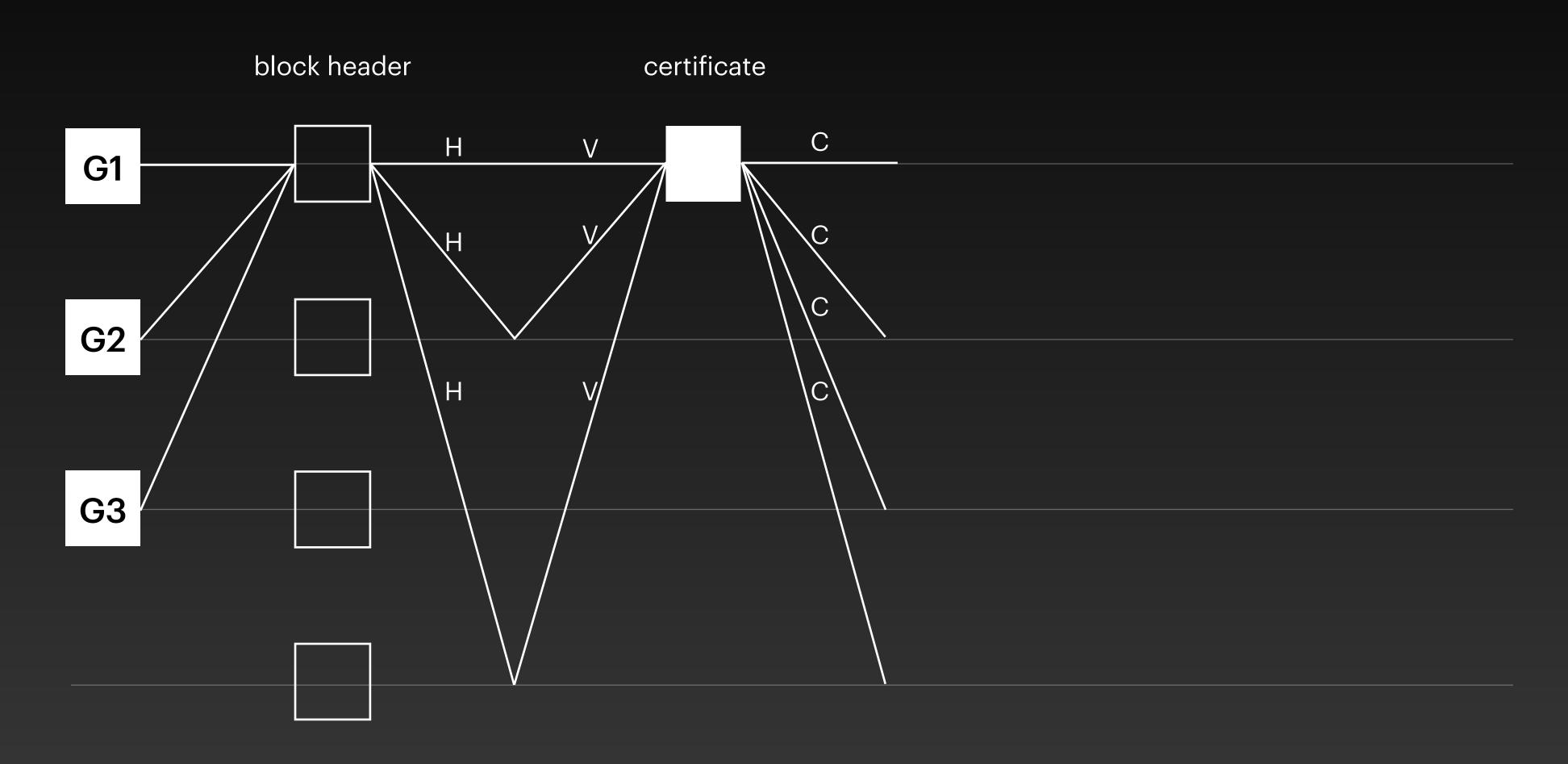


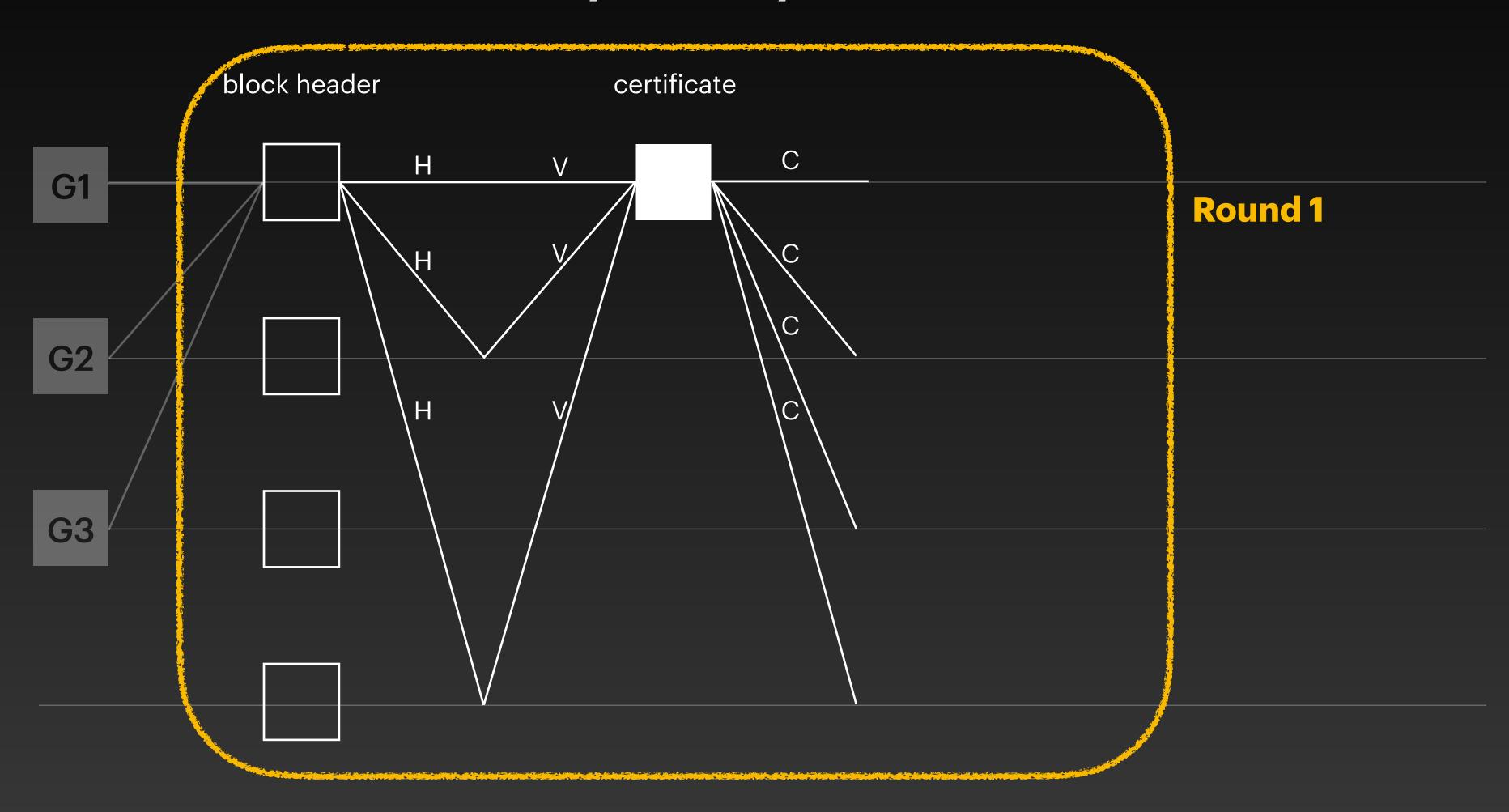


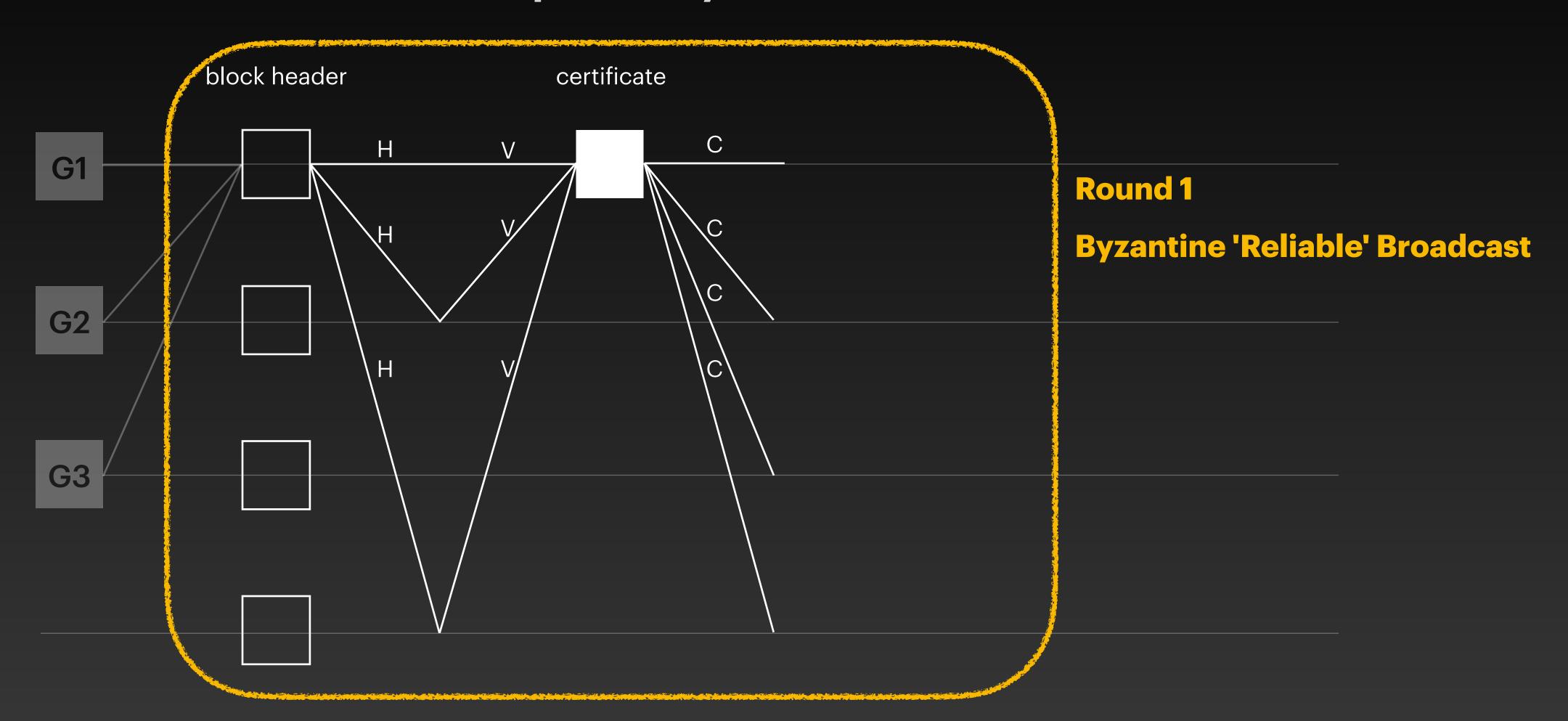
block header

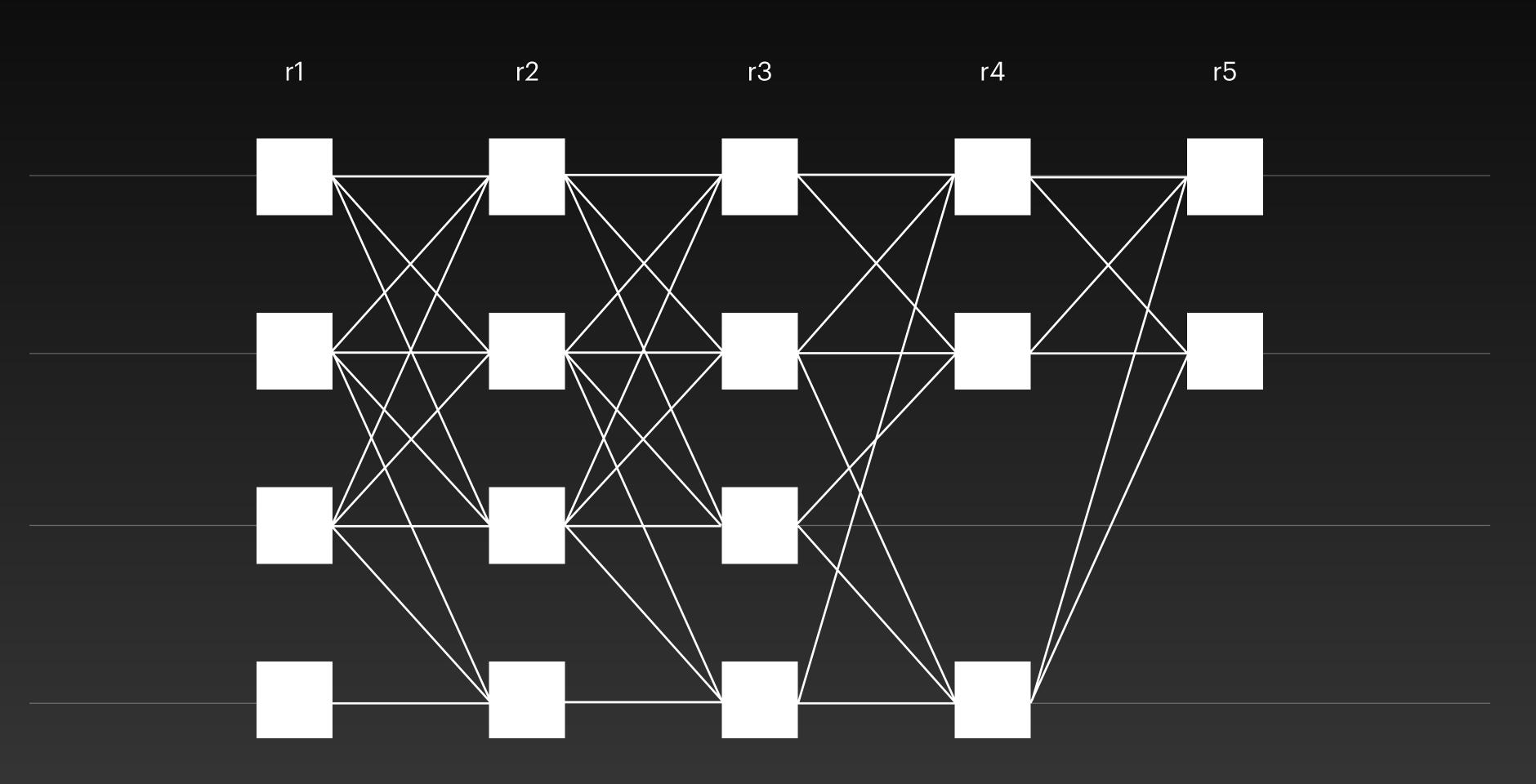








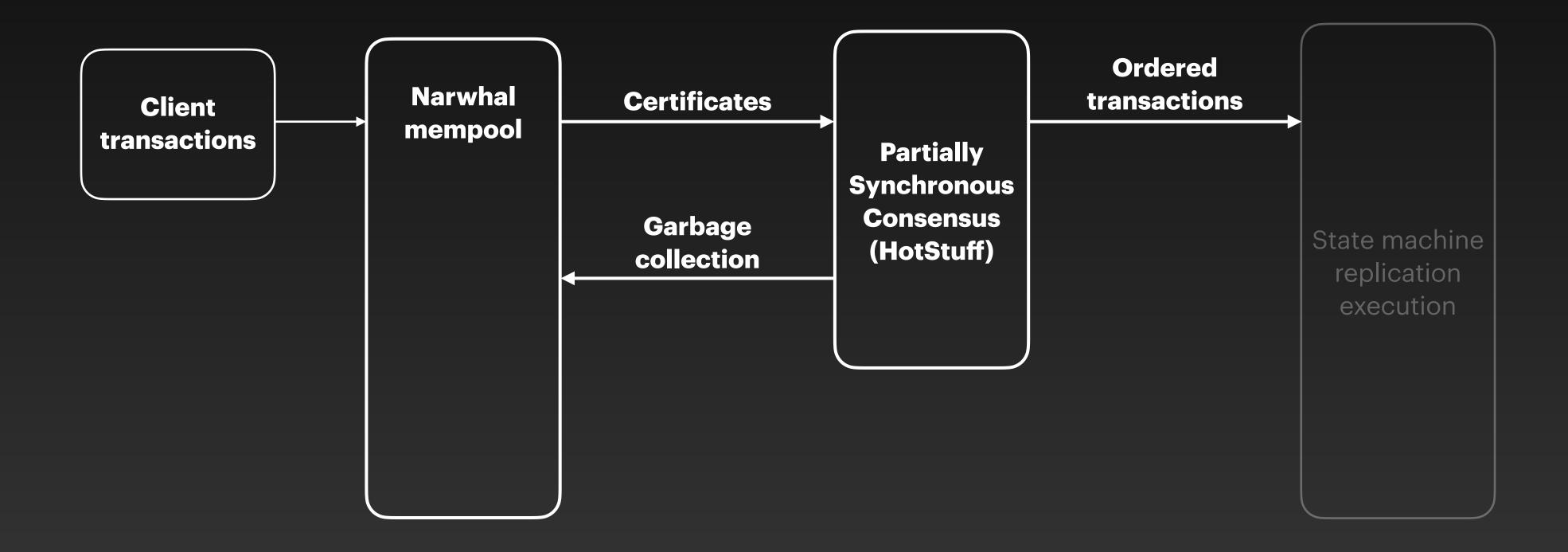


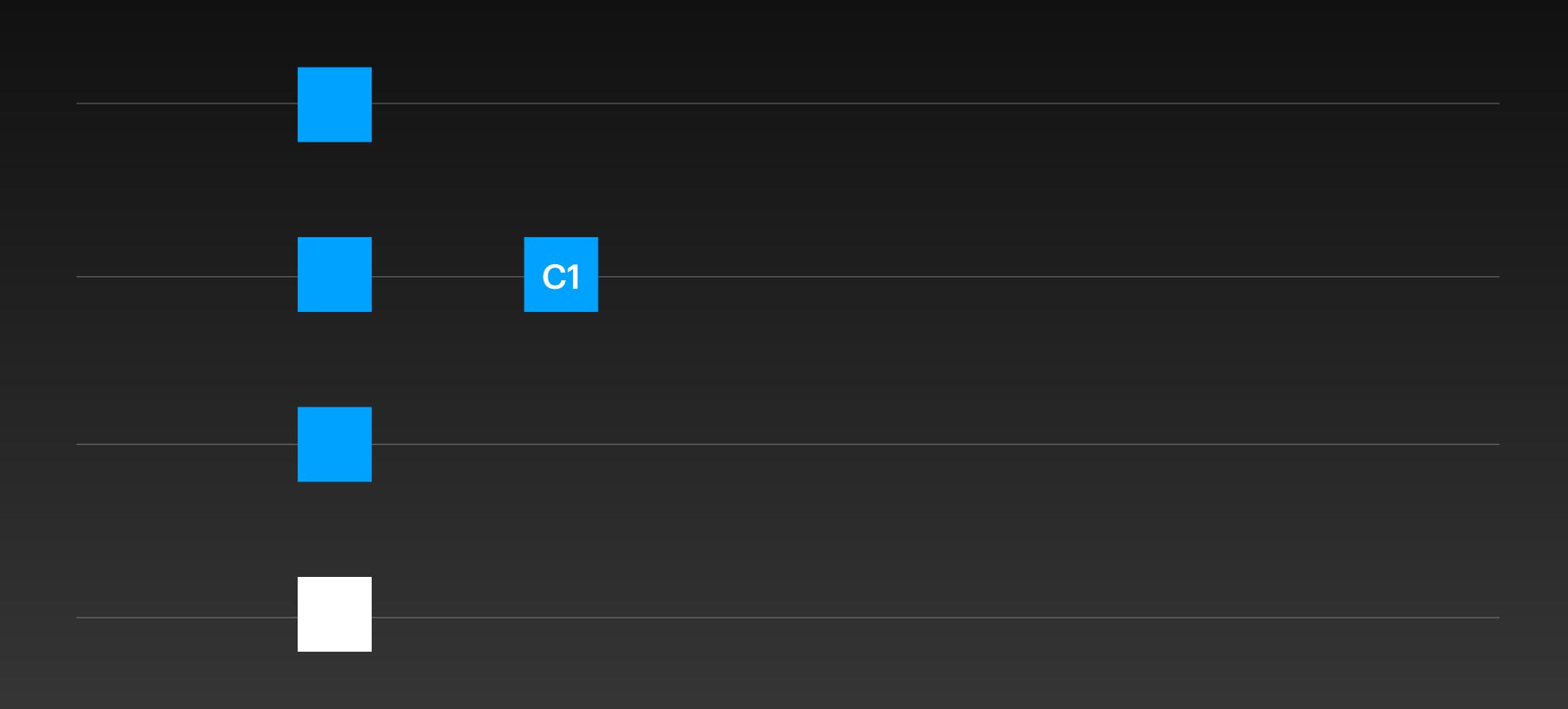


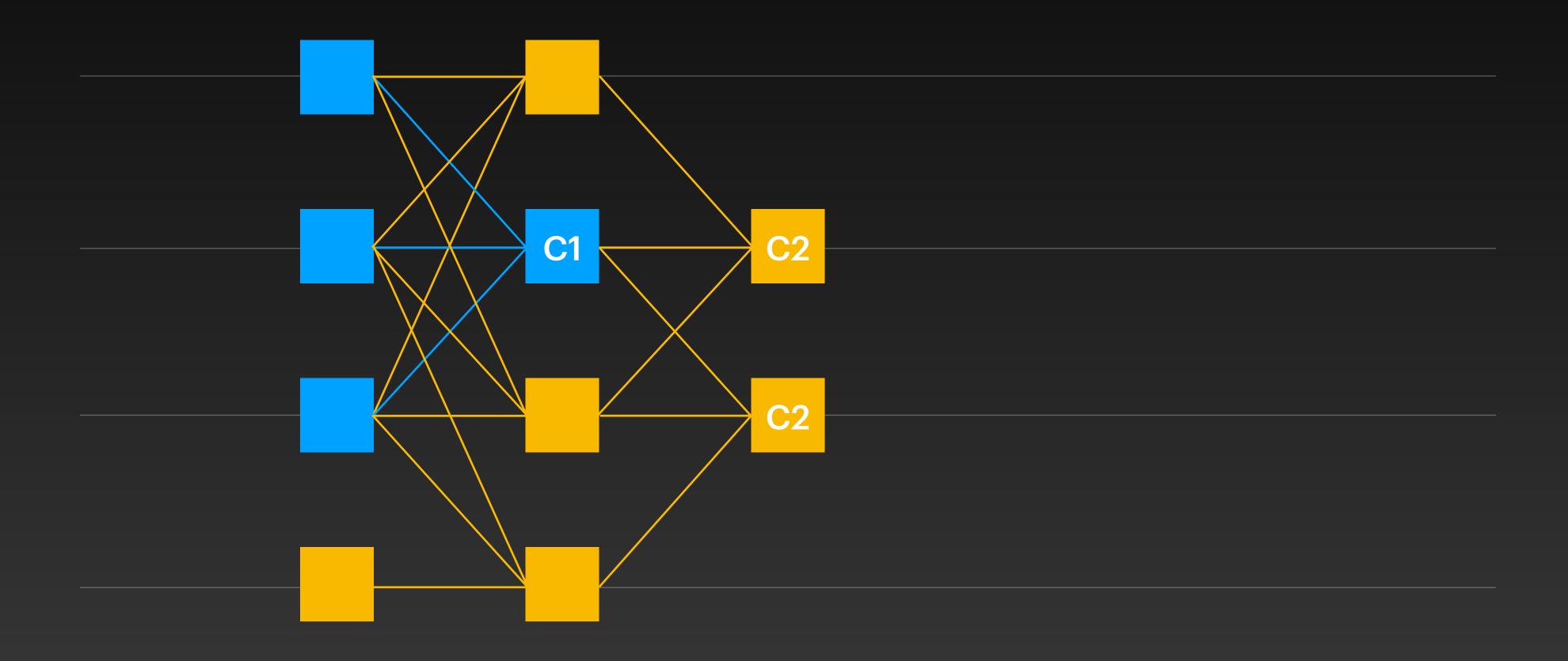
HotStuff on Steroids

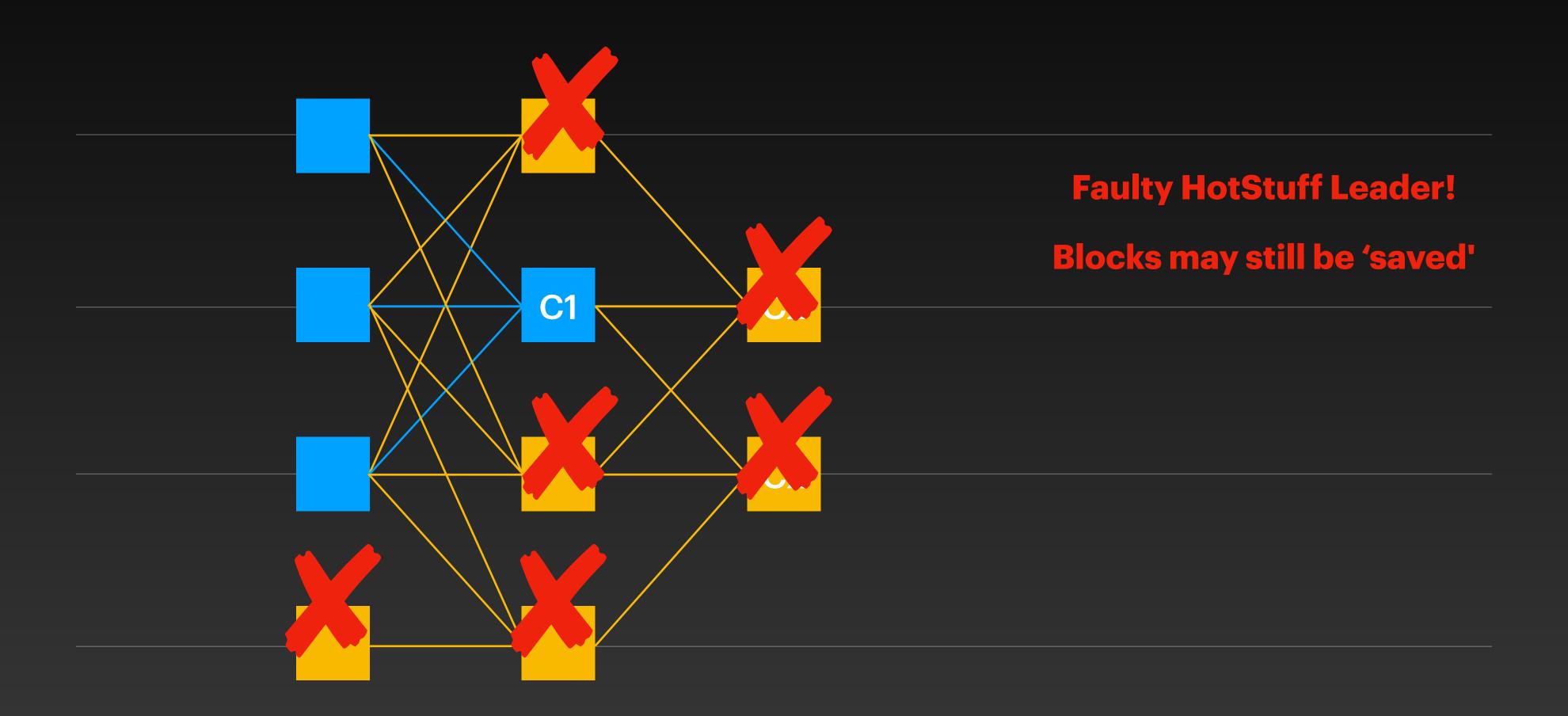
Just by replacing the mempool

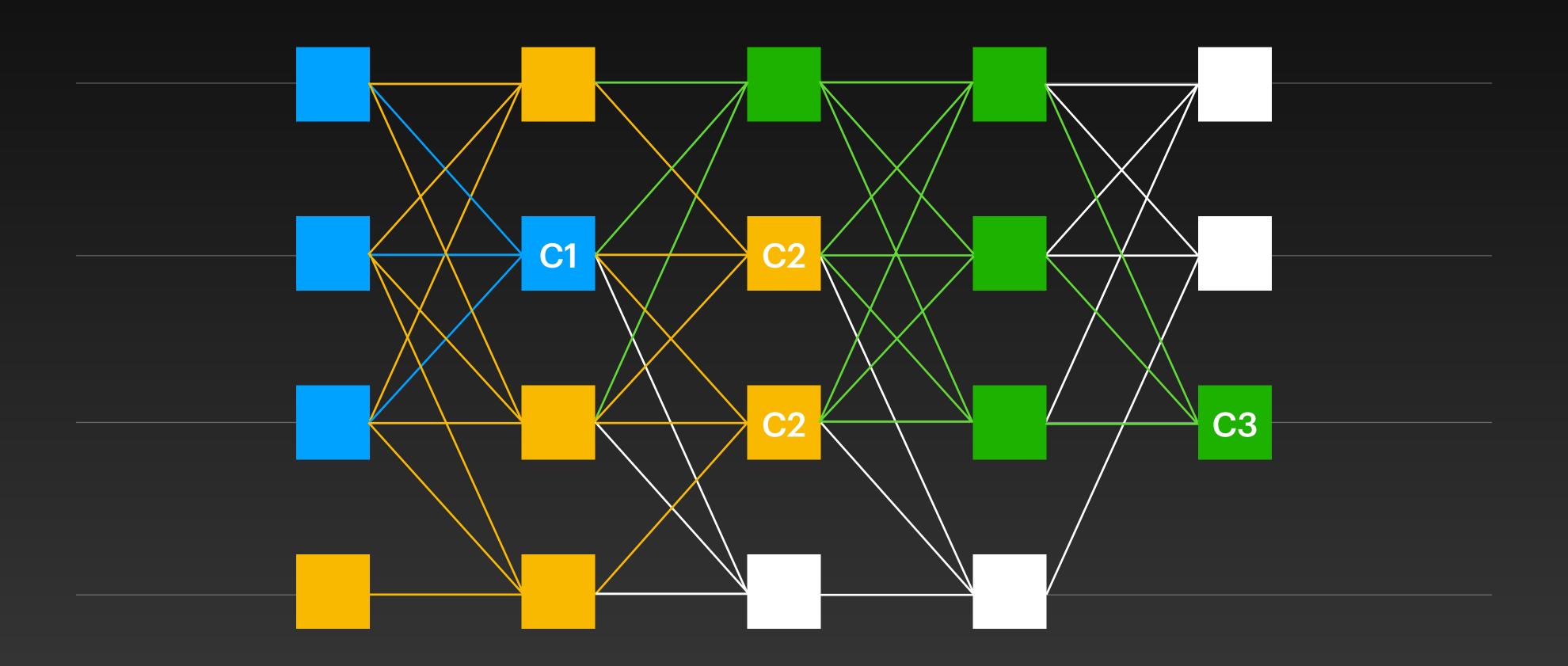
Overview









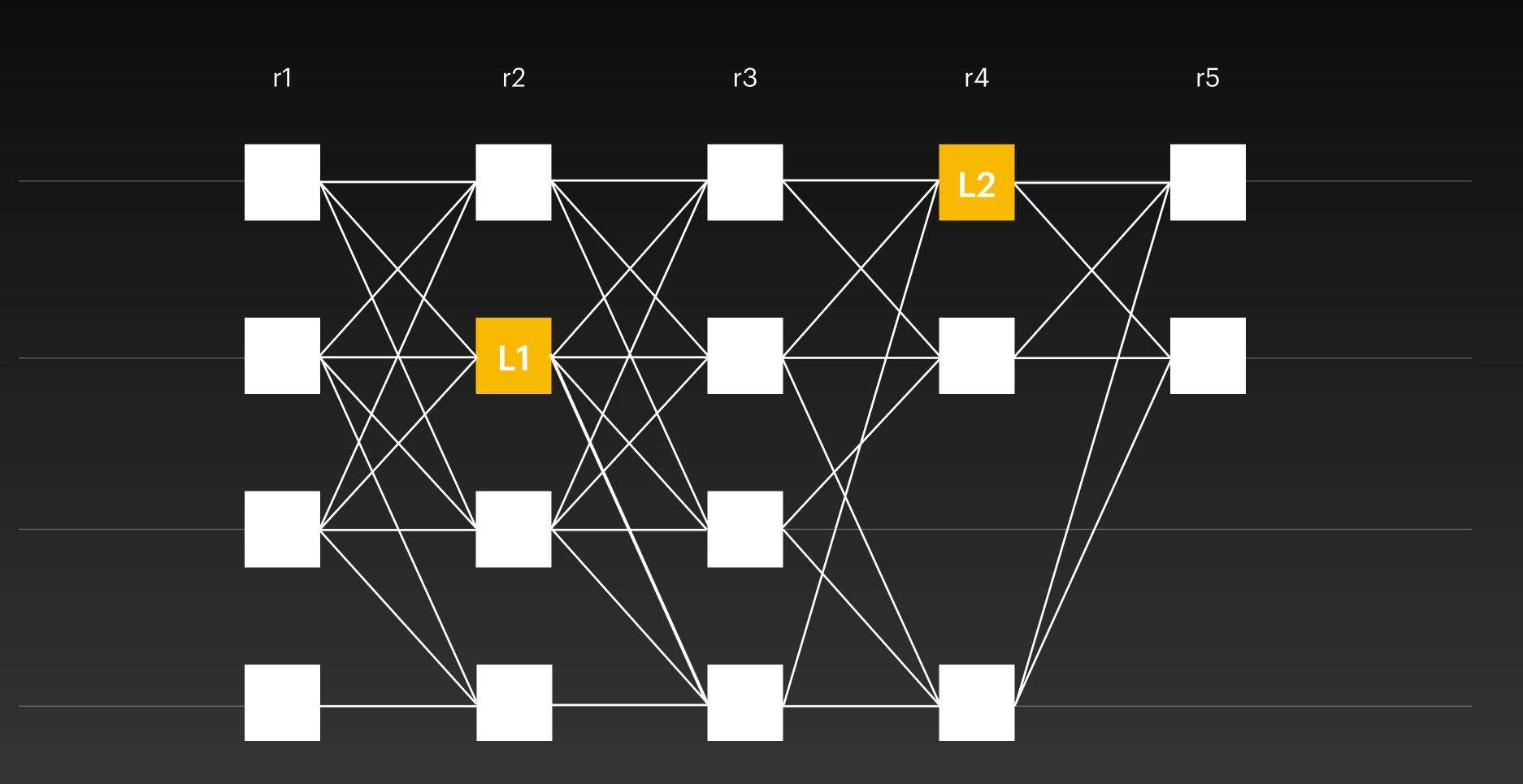


Modified Narwhall

Adapt Narwhal for partial-synchronous networks

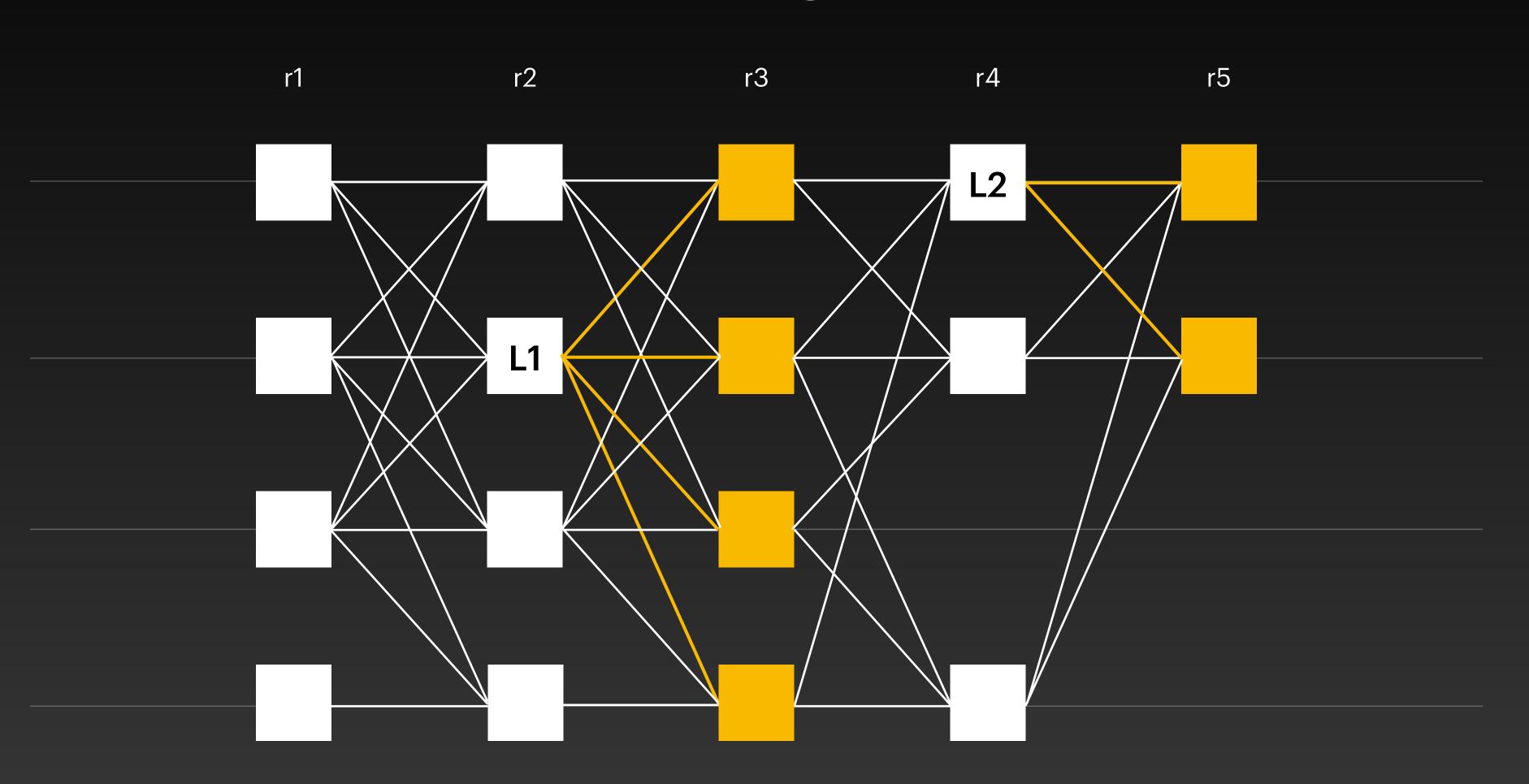
Modified Narwhal

Even rounds: wait for the leader (or to timeout)



Modified Narwhal

Odd rounds: wait for enough votes (or to timeout)

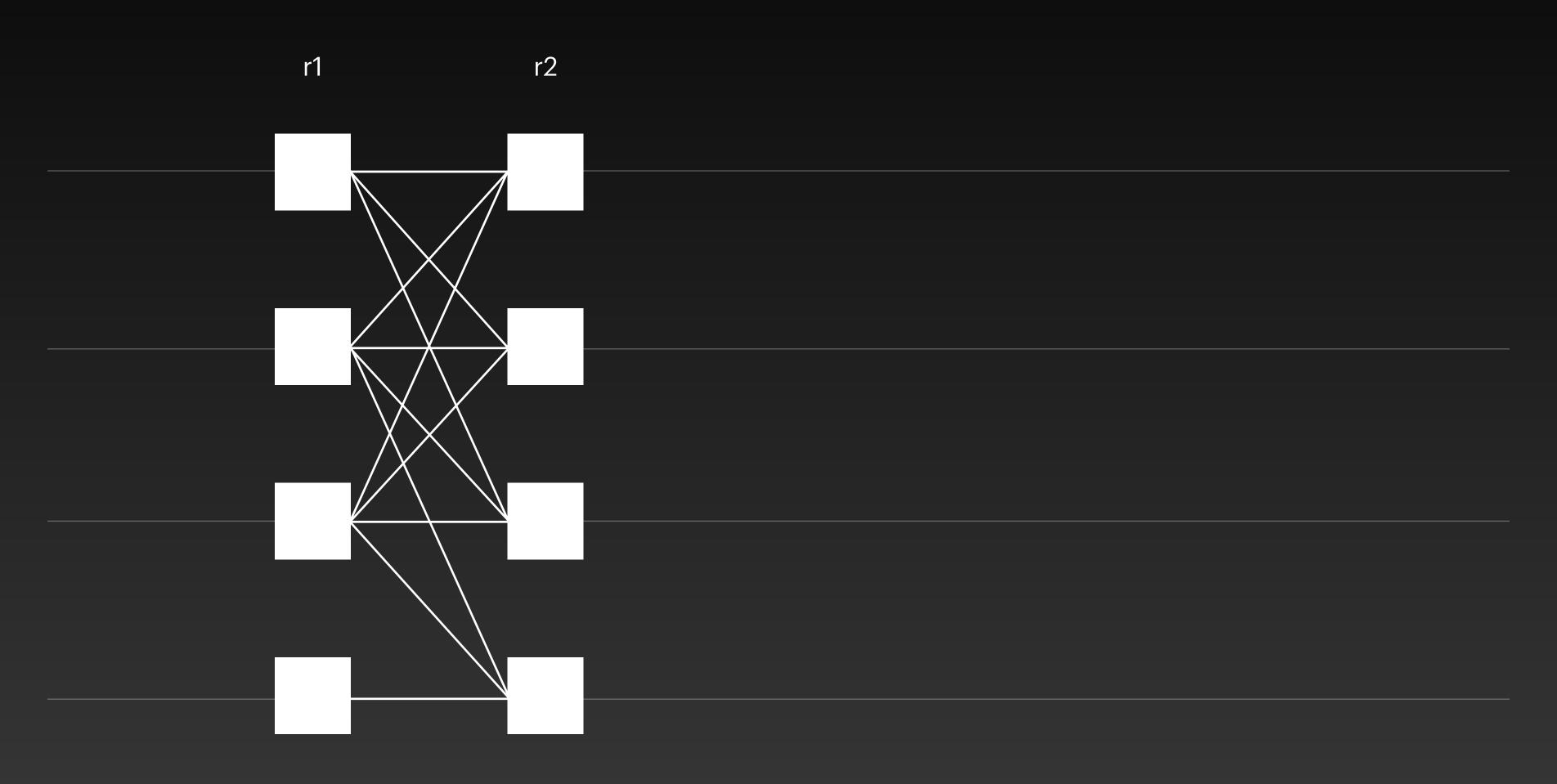


Zero-message partially-synchronous consensus

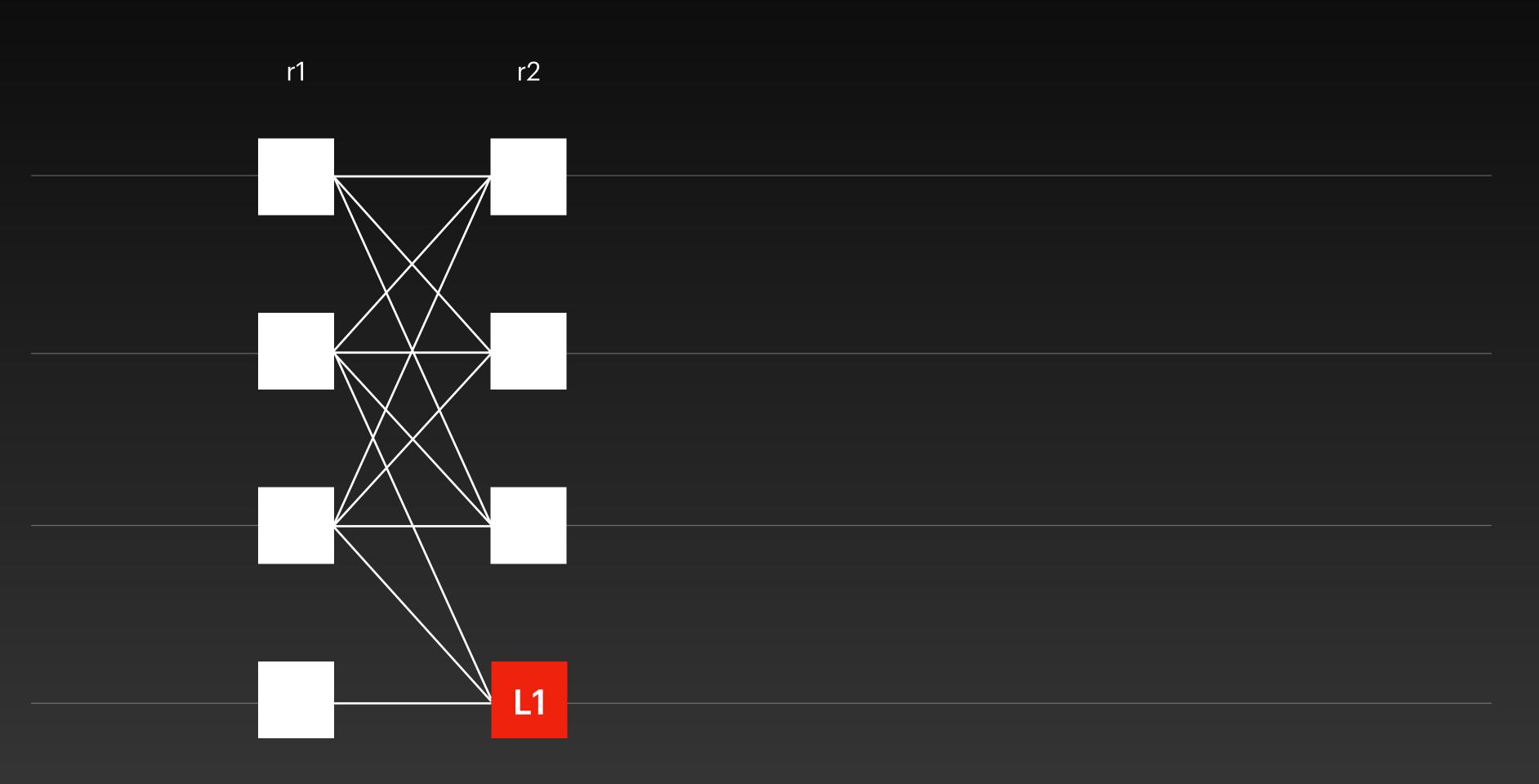
Zero-message partially-synchronous consensus

* without asynchronous fallback

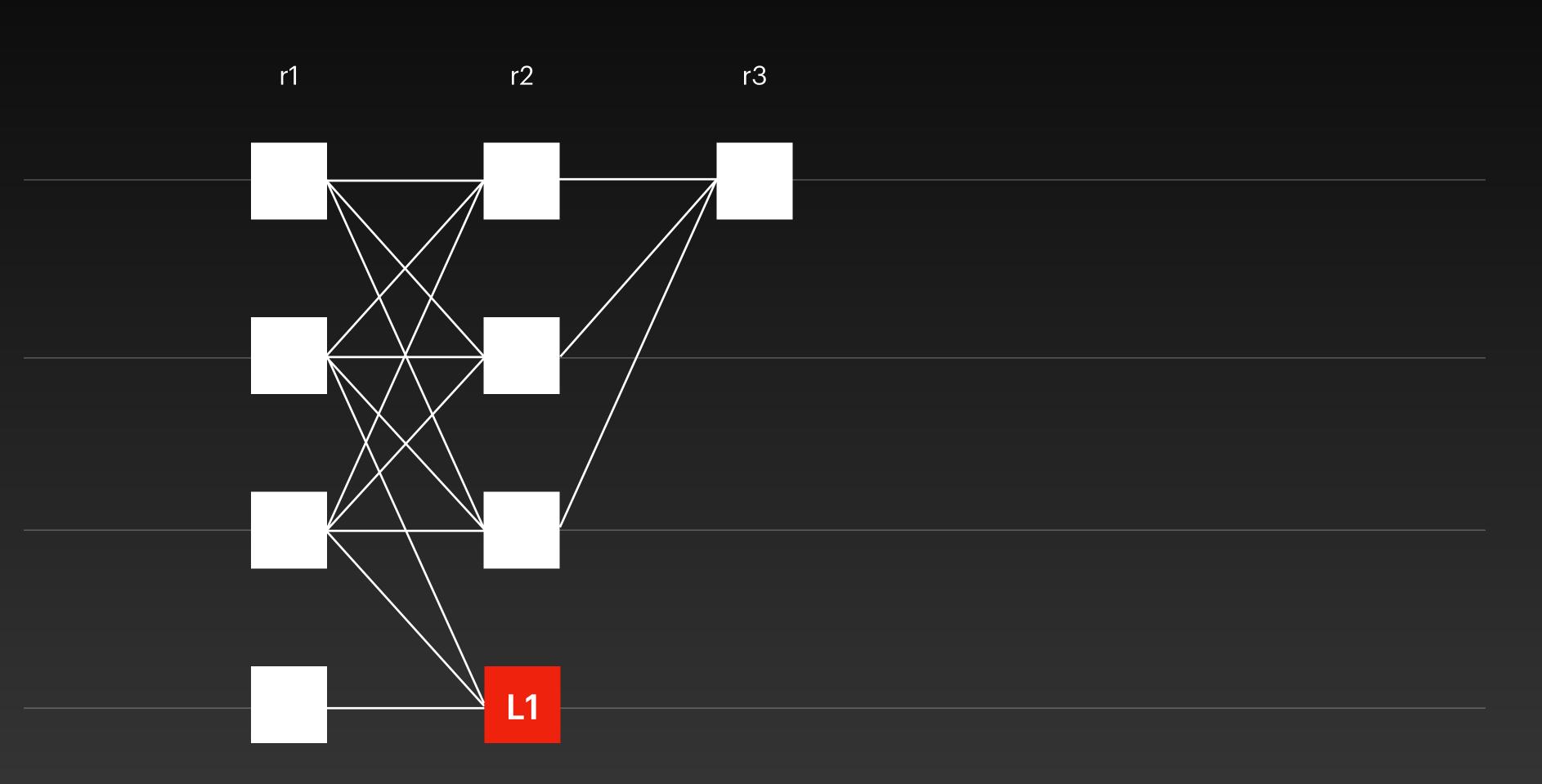
Just interpret the DAG



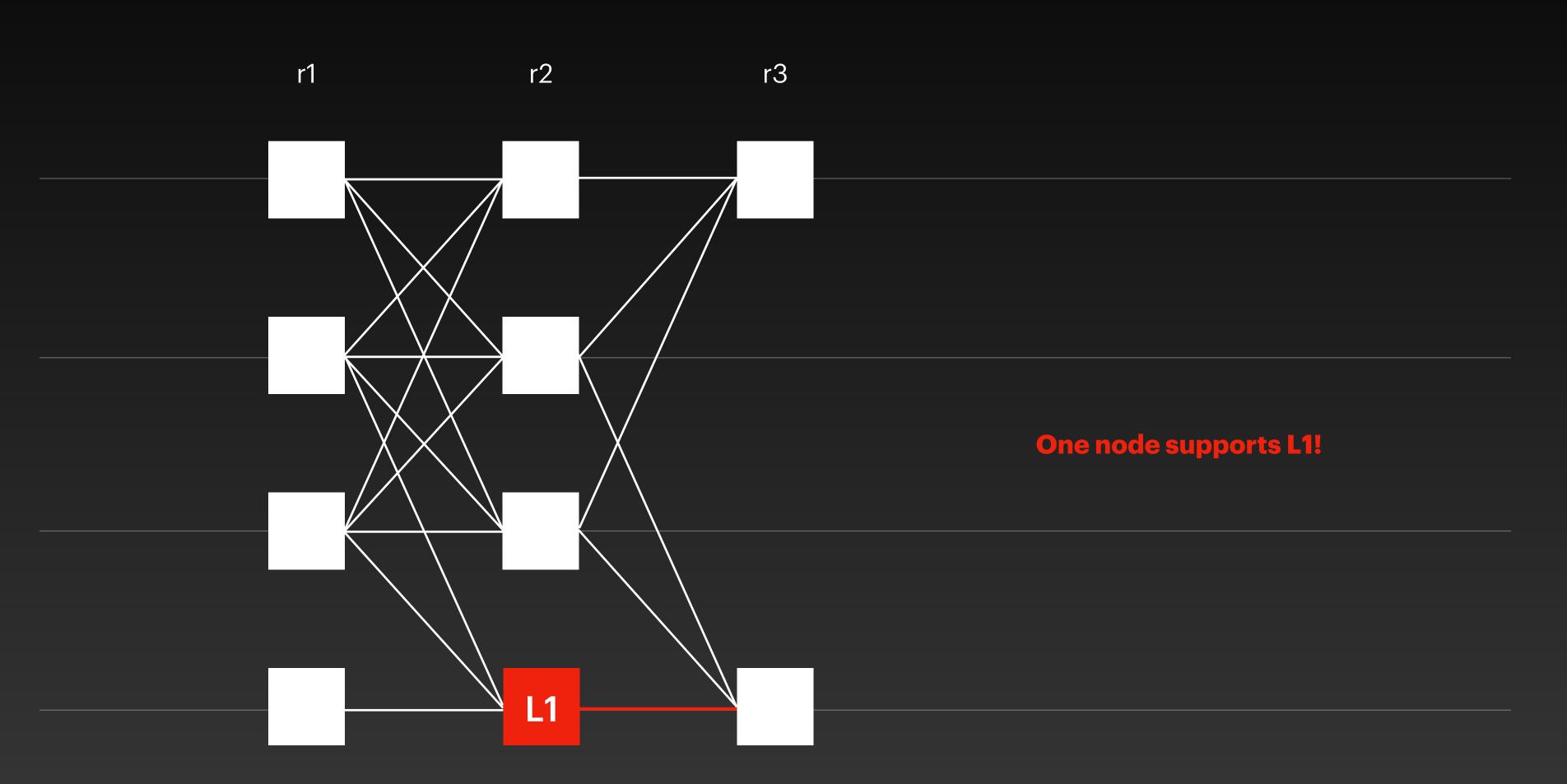
Deterministic leader every 2 rounds



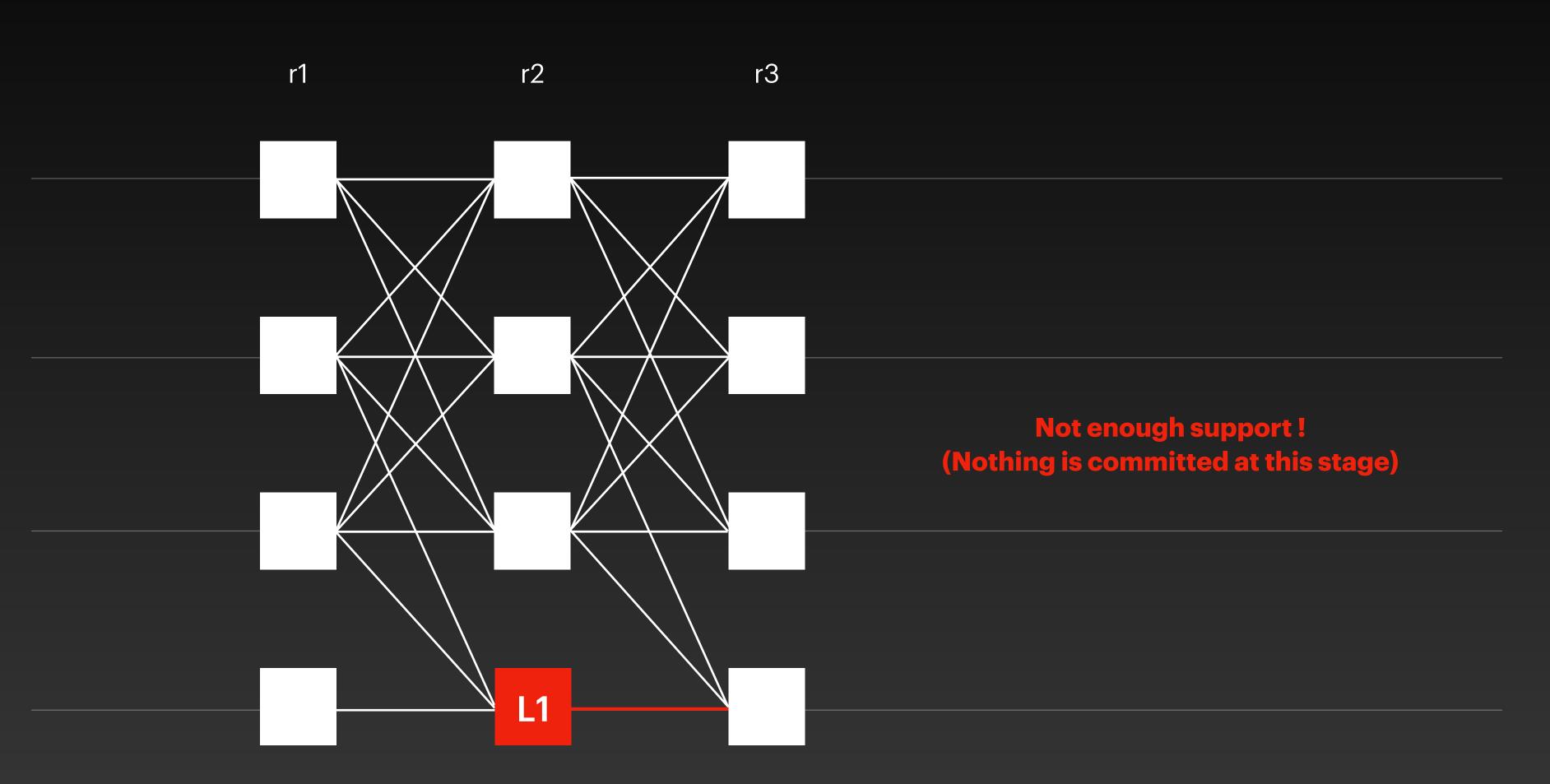
The leader needs f+1 links from round r



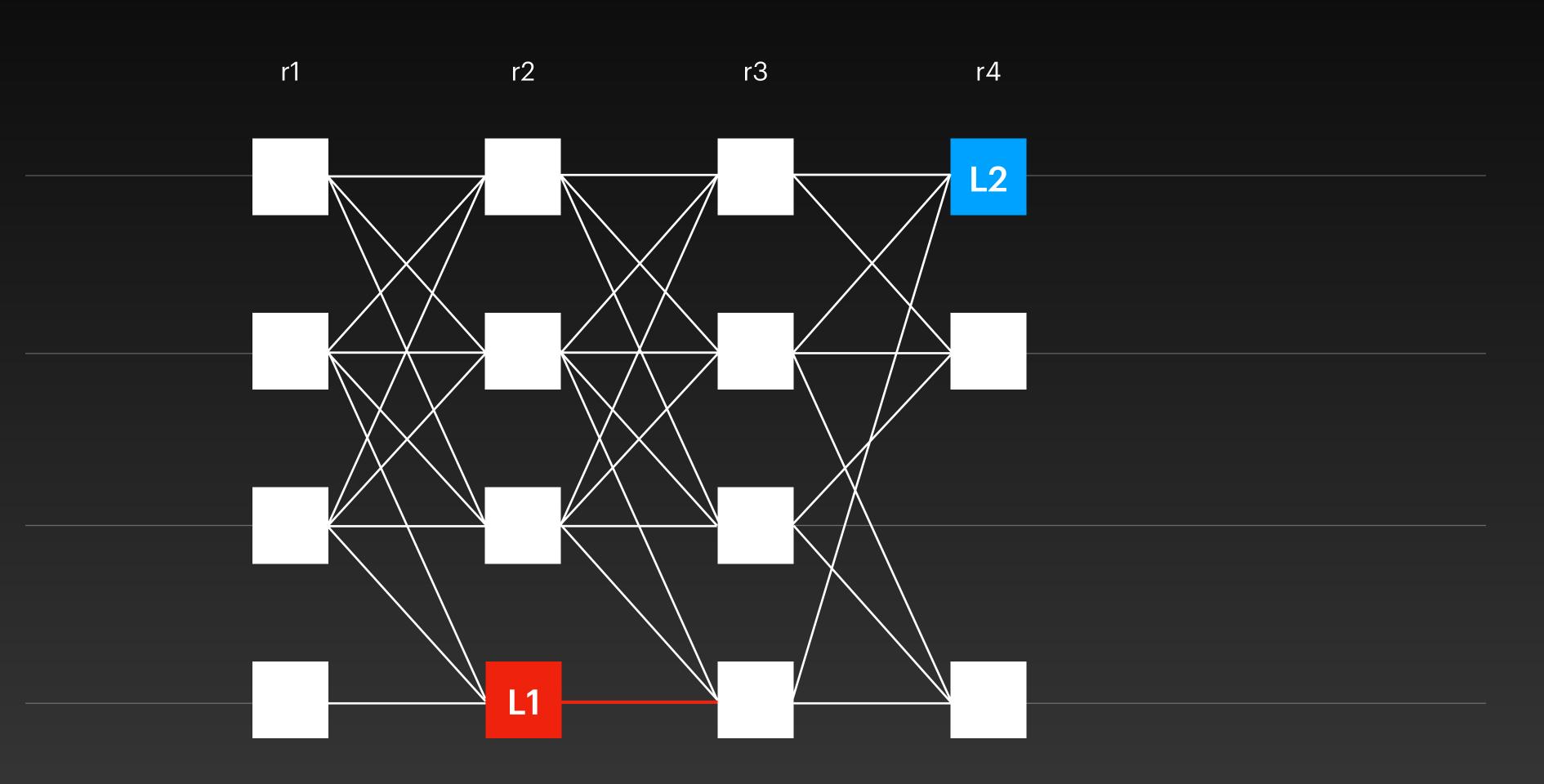
The leader needs f+1 links from round r



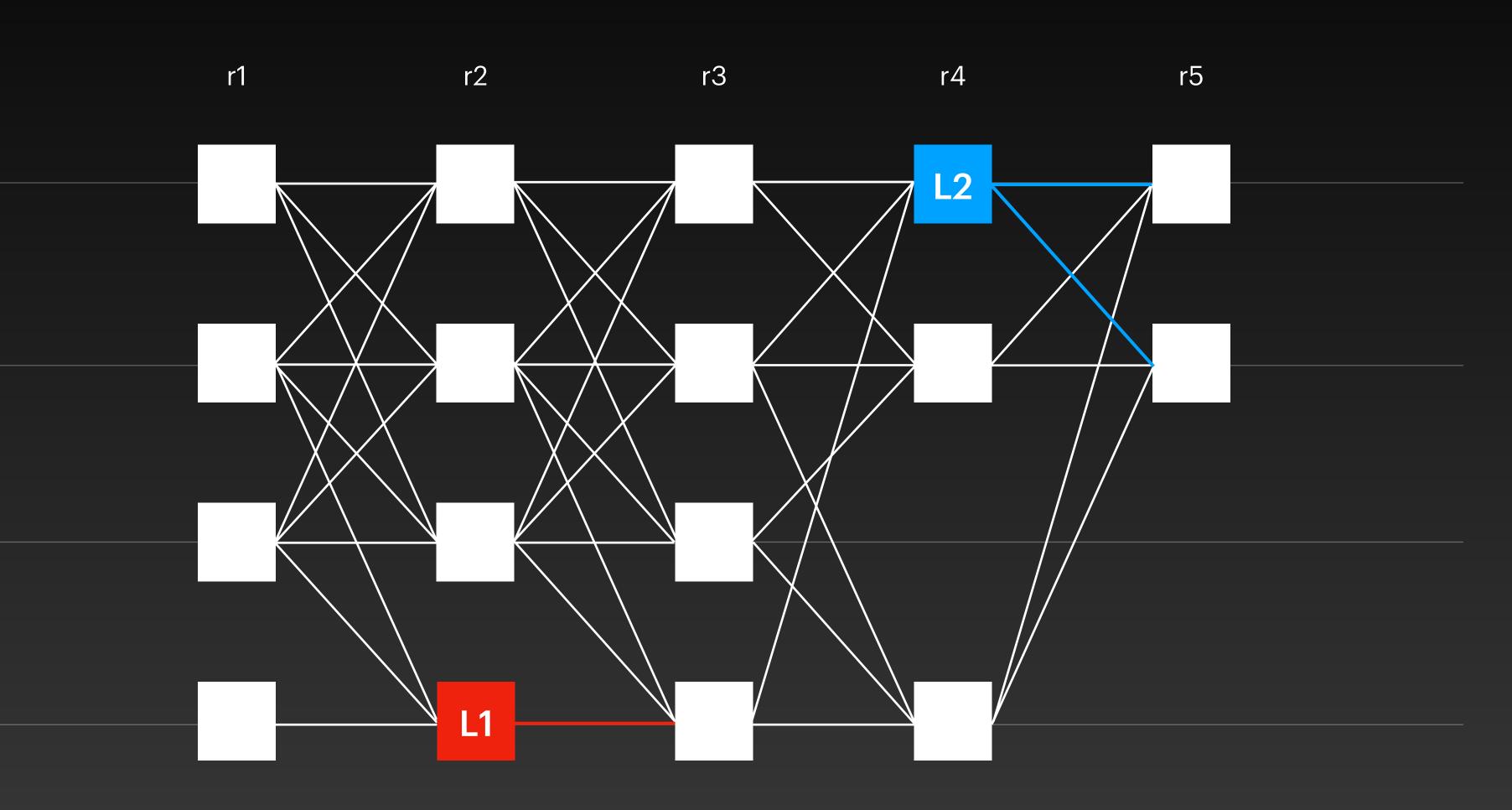
The leader needs f+1 links from round r



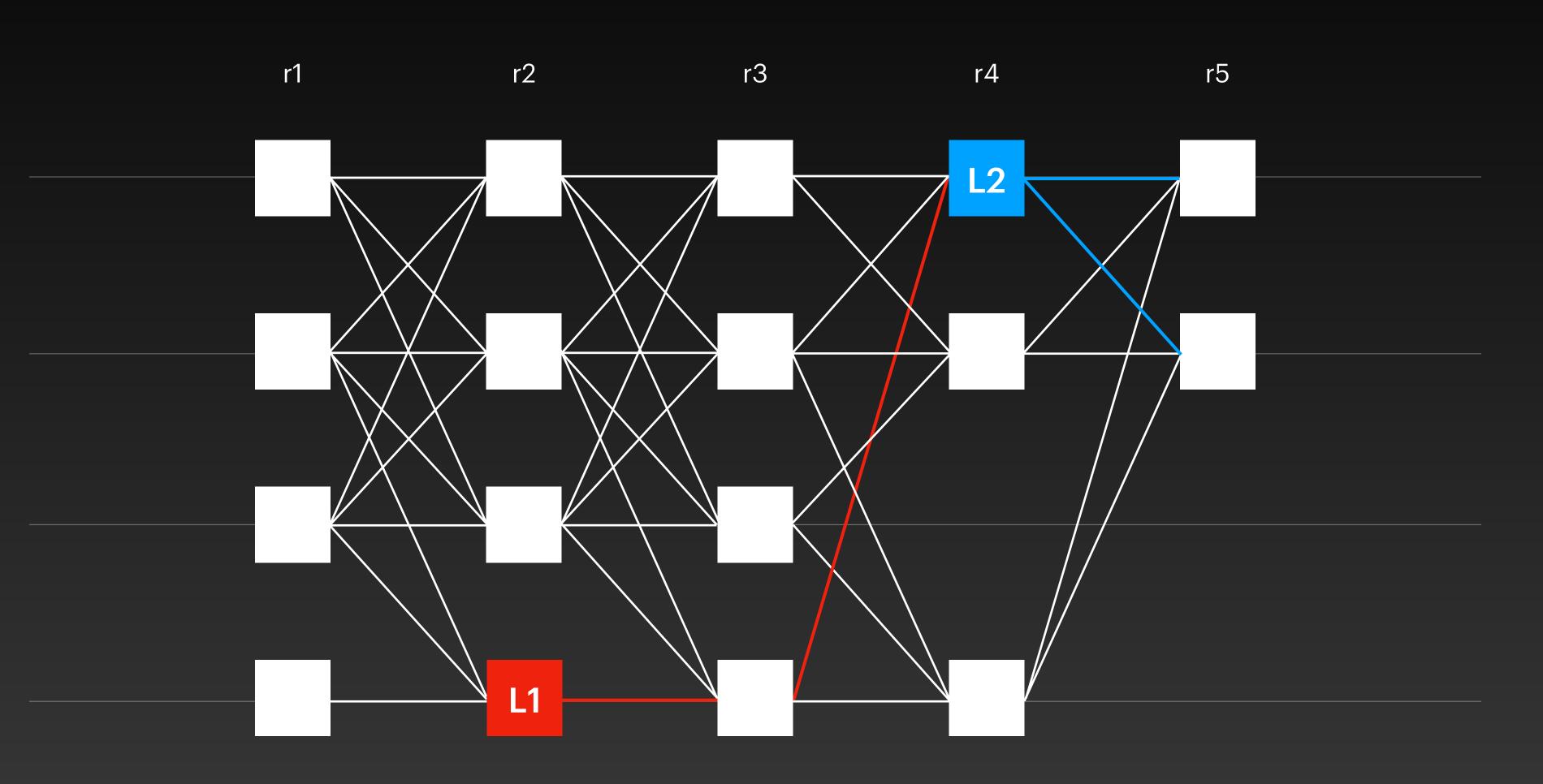
Elect the leader of r4



Leader L2 has enough support



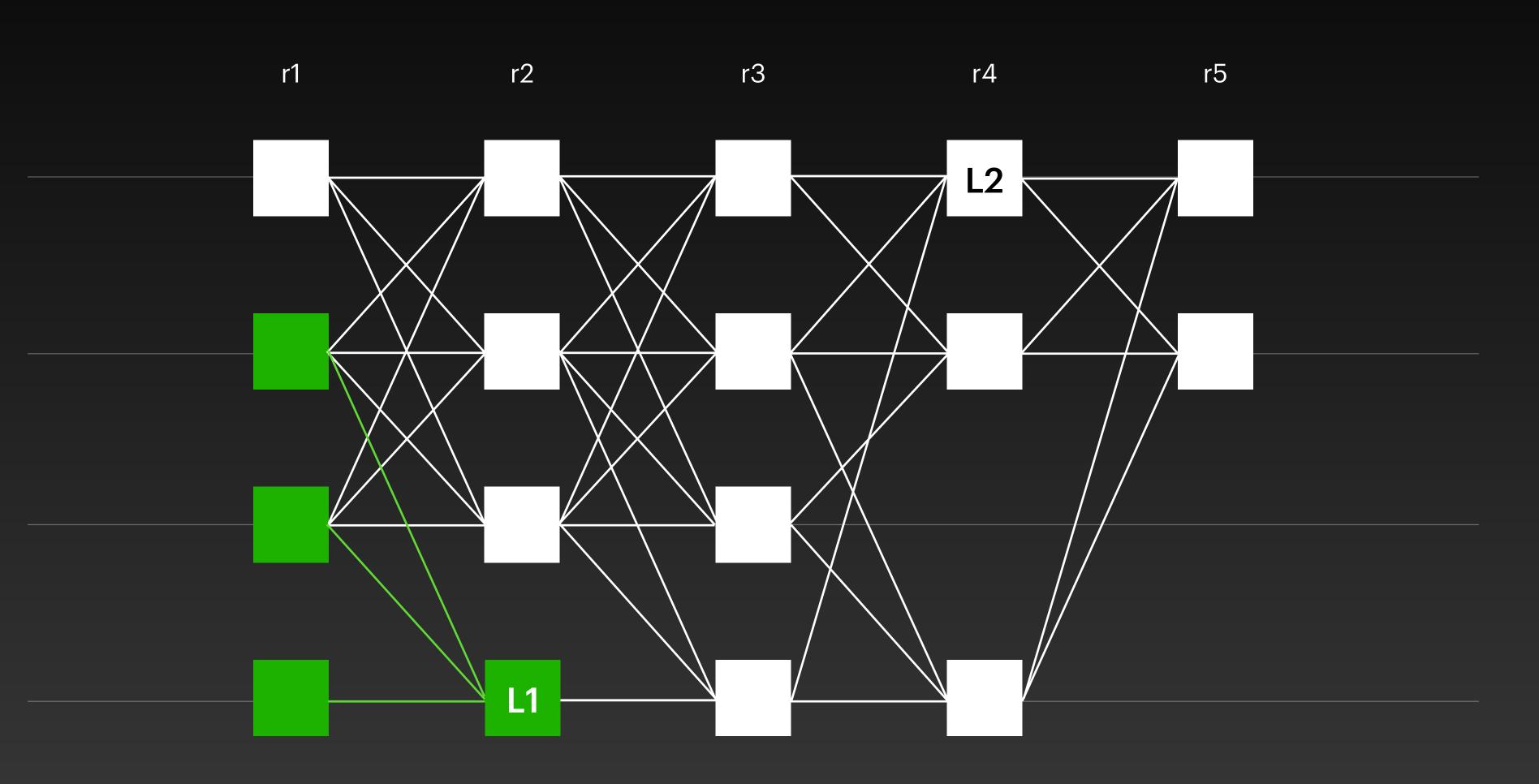
Leader L2 has links to leader L1



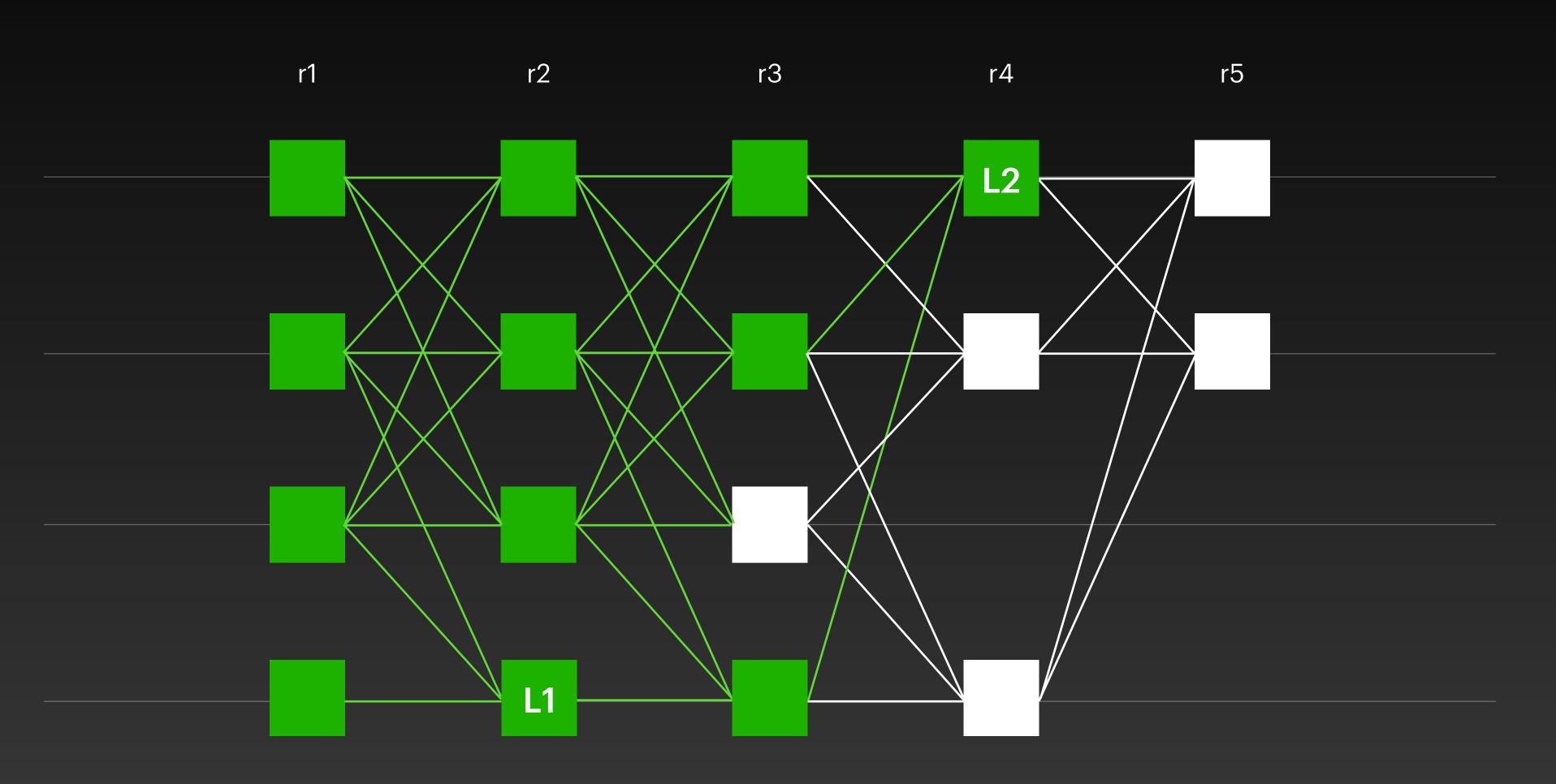
First commit L1

Then commit L2

Commit all the sub-DAG of the leader



Commit all the sub-DAG of the leader



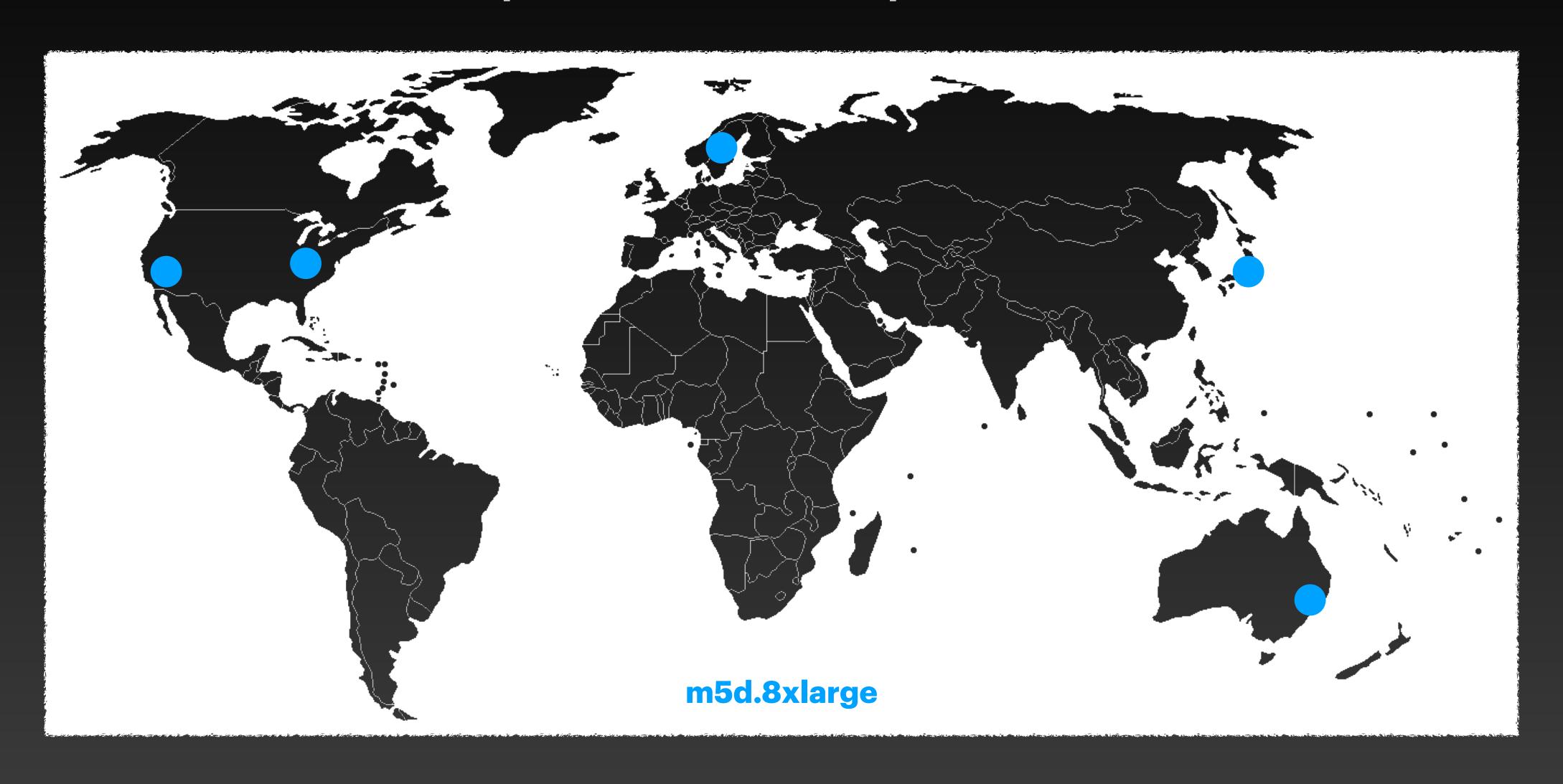
Implementation

- Written in Rust
- Networking: Tokio (TCP)
- Storage: RocksDB
- Cryptography: ed25519-dalek

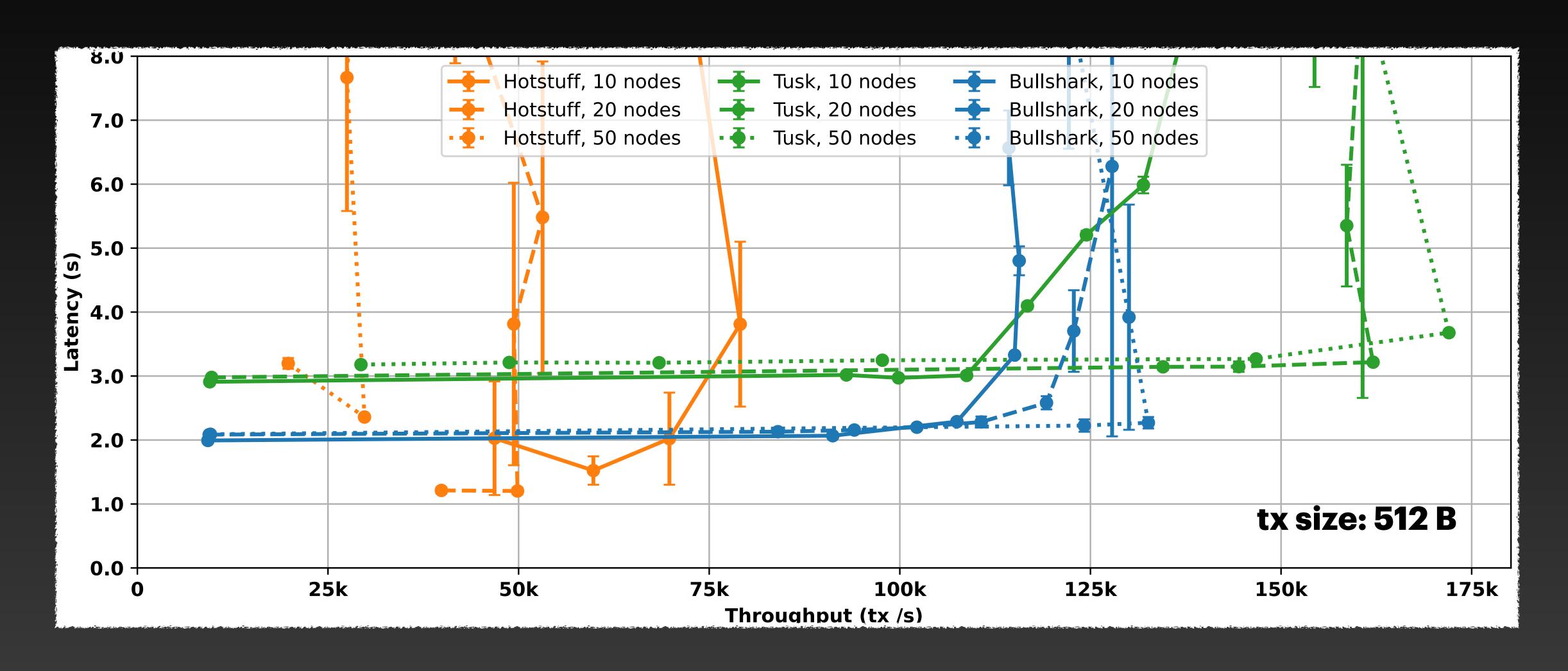
https://github.com/asonnino/narwhal

Evaluation

Experimental setup on AWS

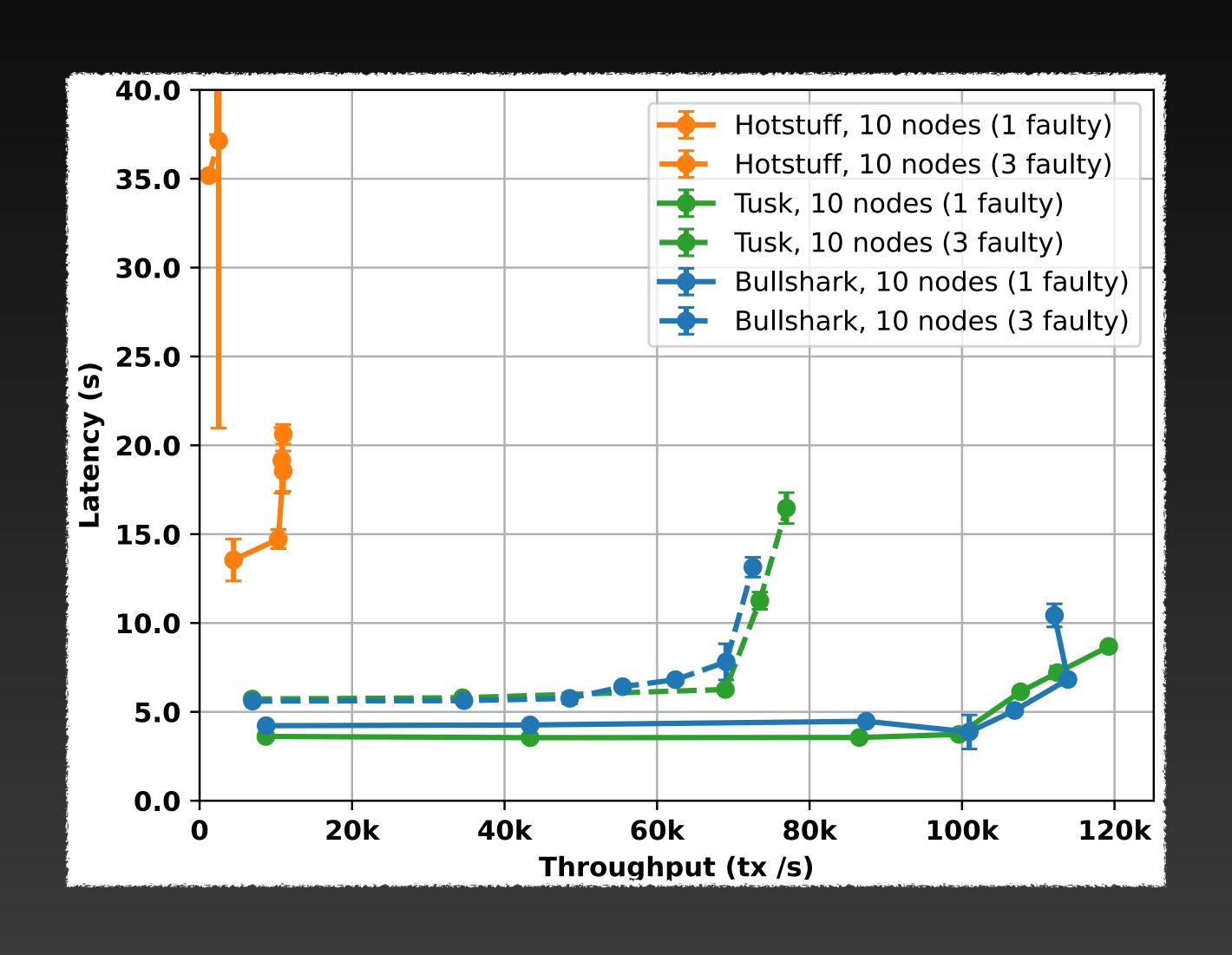


EvaluationThroughput latency graph



Evaluation

Performance under faults



Summary

Bullshark

- Zero-message overhead, no view-change, no common-coin
- Disseminate data with Narwhal, exploits periods of synchrony

- Paper: https://sonnino.com/papers/bullshark.pdf
- Code: https://github.com/asonnino/narwhal

Engineering

Lessons Learned

- 🙆 Add the synchroniser after-the-fact 🛮 🙆 (Use grpc and magic network stack)
- Add epoch changes after-the-fact
- Do not benchmark from day 1
- Start with fancy crypto
- B Hide away serialisation
- Complex networked systems

- Add crash-recovery after-the-fact
- Add the synchroniser after-the-fact
- Add epoch changes after-the-fact
- What is the minimum state you need to persist across crash-recovery?
- The synchroniser will eventually be your bottleneck / source of instability
- Epoch changes are more complex than they look (sync new validators/ update configs from chain) — Advise: kill the node and reboot it.

- Add crash-recovery after-the-fact
- Add the synchroniser after-the-fact
- Add epoch changes after-the-fact
- Do not benchmark from day 1

- Many concurrency bugs found on WAN benchmarks under high load
- Spent months optimising blinding

- Add crash-recovery after-the-fact
- Add the synchroniser after-the-fact
- Add epoch changes after-the-fact
- Do not benchmark from day 1
- Start with fancy crypto
- B Hide away serialisation
- Huge complexity; resulted redundant crypto operations
- Crypto serialisation was a bottleneck

- Add crash-recovery after-the-fact
- Add the synchroniser after-the-fact
- Add epoch changes after-the-fact
- Do not benchmark from day 1
- Start with fancy crypto
- Hide away serialisation
- Complex networked systems
- Harder crash-recovery / should start with collocated workers

- Add the synchroniser after-the-fact 🔞 (Use grpc and magic network stack)
- Add epoch changes after-the-fact
- Do not benchmark from day 1
- Start with fancy crypto
- Hide away serialisation
- Complex networked systems
- Debugging / perf improvement nightmare

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Alberto Sonnino

EXTRA

Benchmark of BFT Systems

EvaluationTypical mistakes

- Forgo persistent storage
- Do not sanitise messages
- Local/LAN benchmark + ping
- Many nodes on same machine
- Change parameters across runs
- Set transaction size to zero
- Preconfigure nodes with txs

- Send a single burst of transactions
- Benchmark for a few seconds
- Start timer in the batch maker
- Evaluate latency w/ only the first tx
- Separate latency and throughput
- Only benchmark happy path

EvaluationSet the benchmark parameters

Faults: 0 node(s)

Committee size: 10 node(s)

Transaction size: 512 B

Evaluation

Set the benchmark parameters

Faults: 0 node(s)

Committee size: 10 node(s)

Transaction size: 512 B

Header size: 1,000 B

Max header delay: 200 ms

GC depth: 50 round(s)

Sync retry delay: 5,000 ms

Sync retry nodes: 3 node(s)

batch size: 500,000 B

Max batch delay: 200 ms

EvaluationTypical mistakes

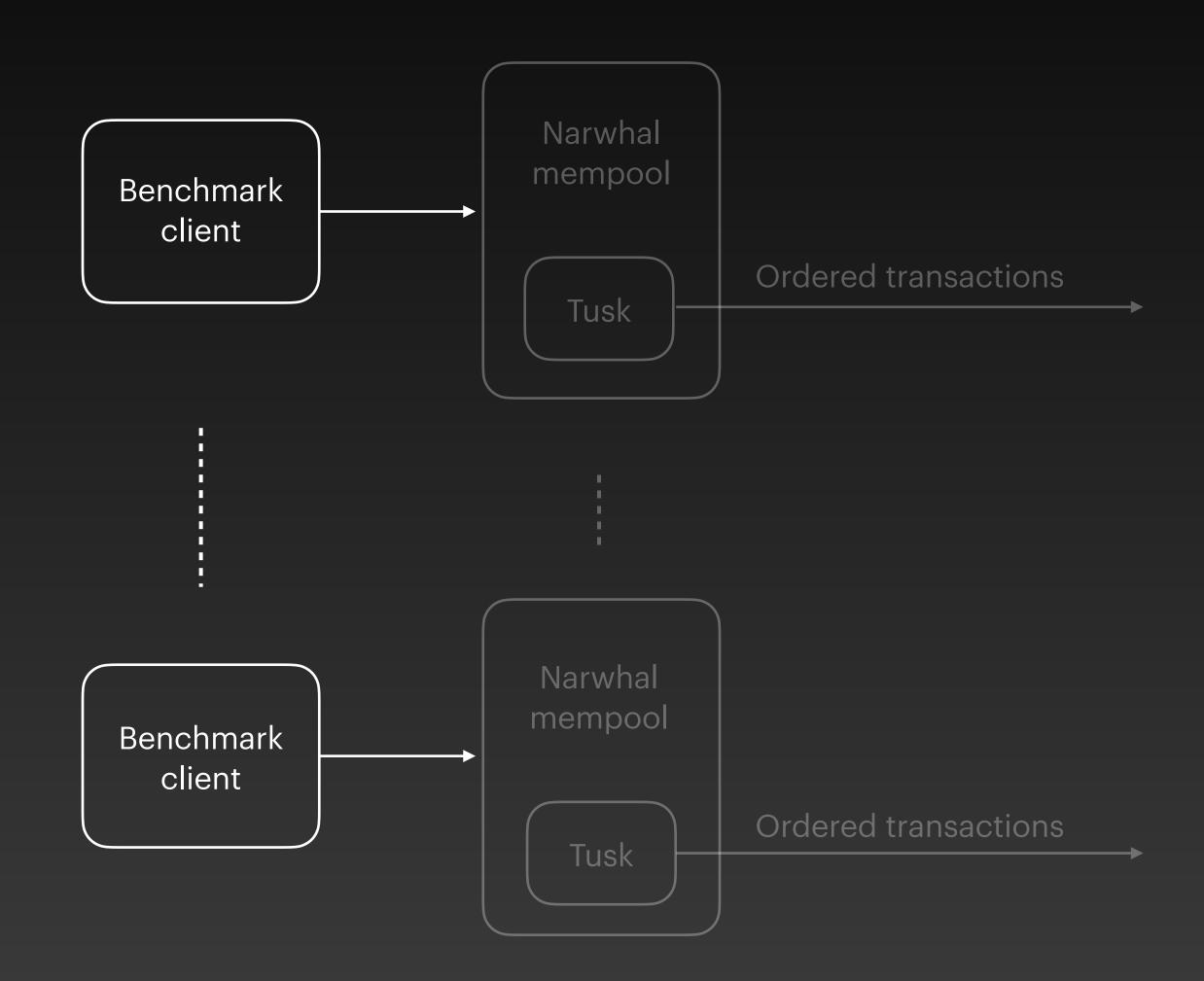
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EvaluationBenchmark clients

Fixed input rate

For a long time (minutes)

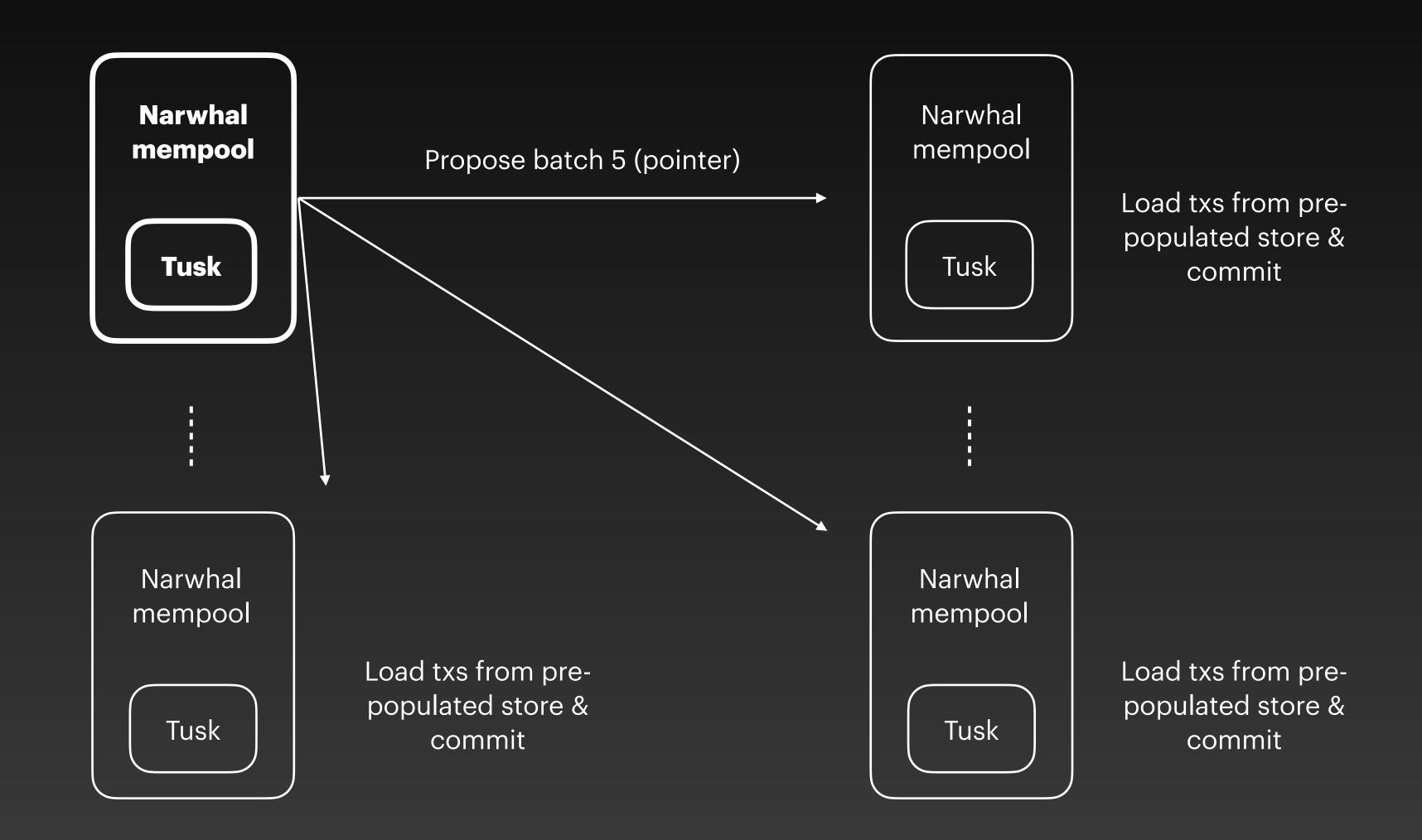


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EvaluationTypical mistake



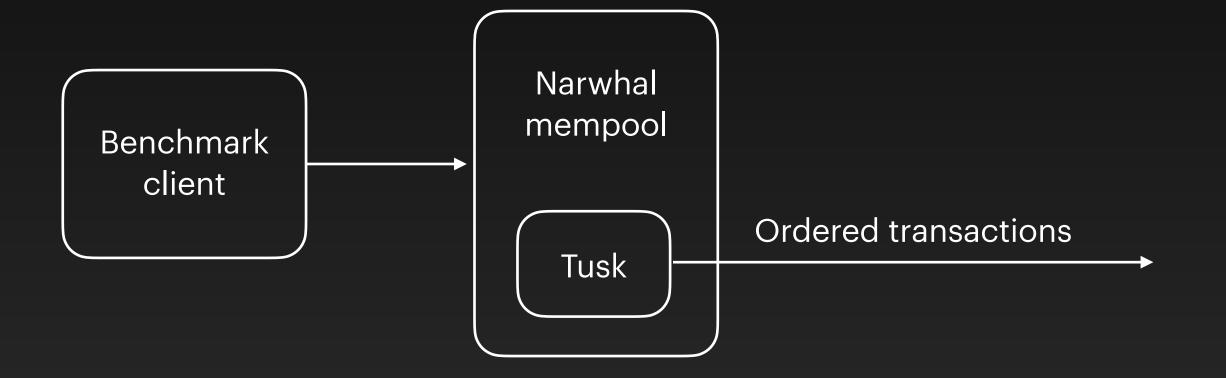
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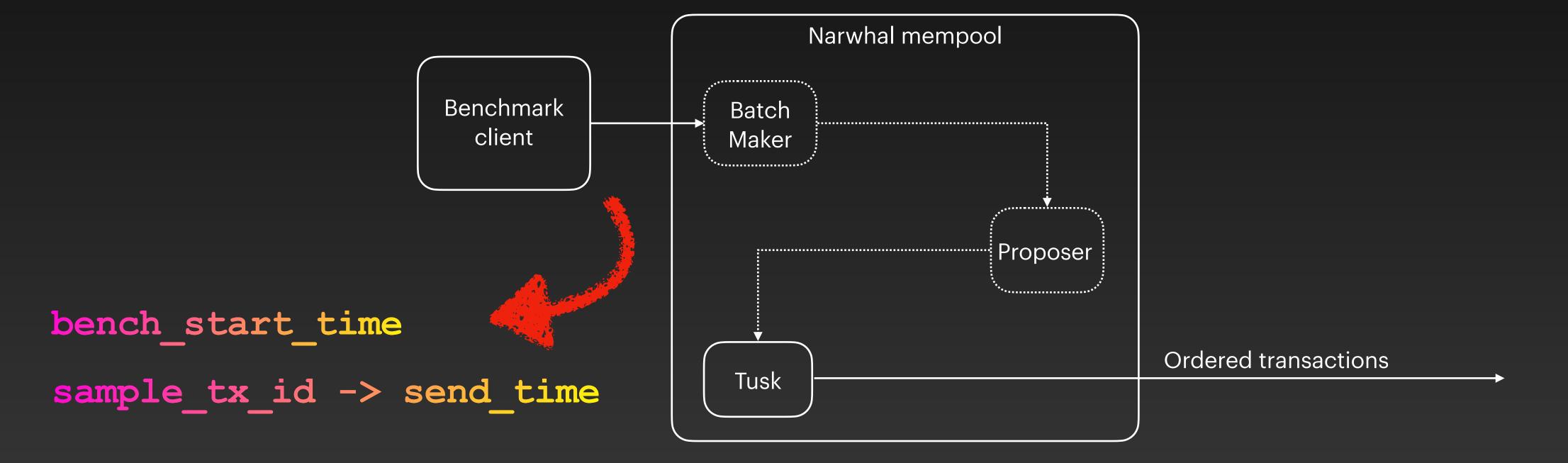
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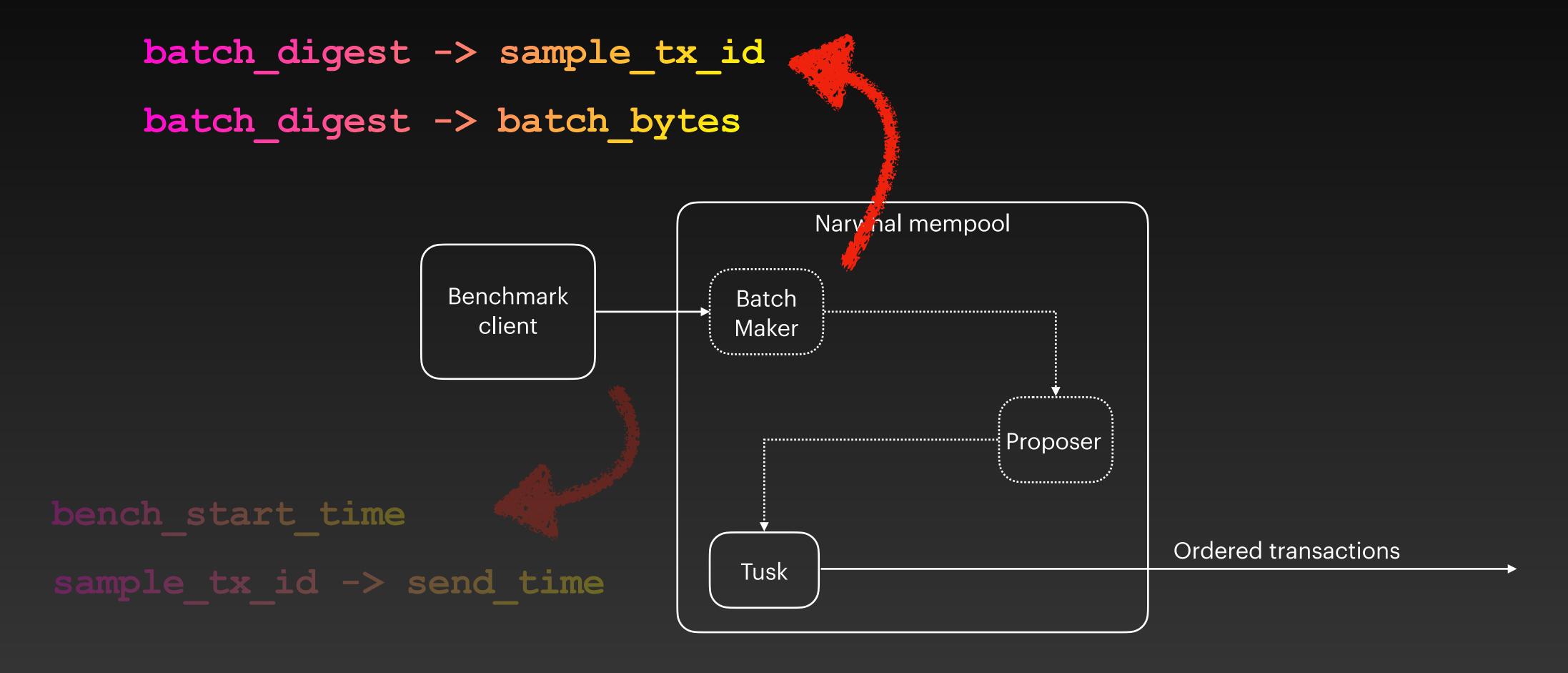
EvaluationTypical mistake

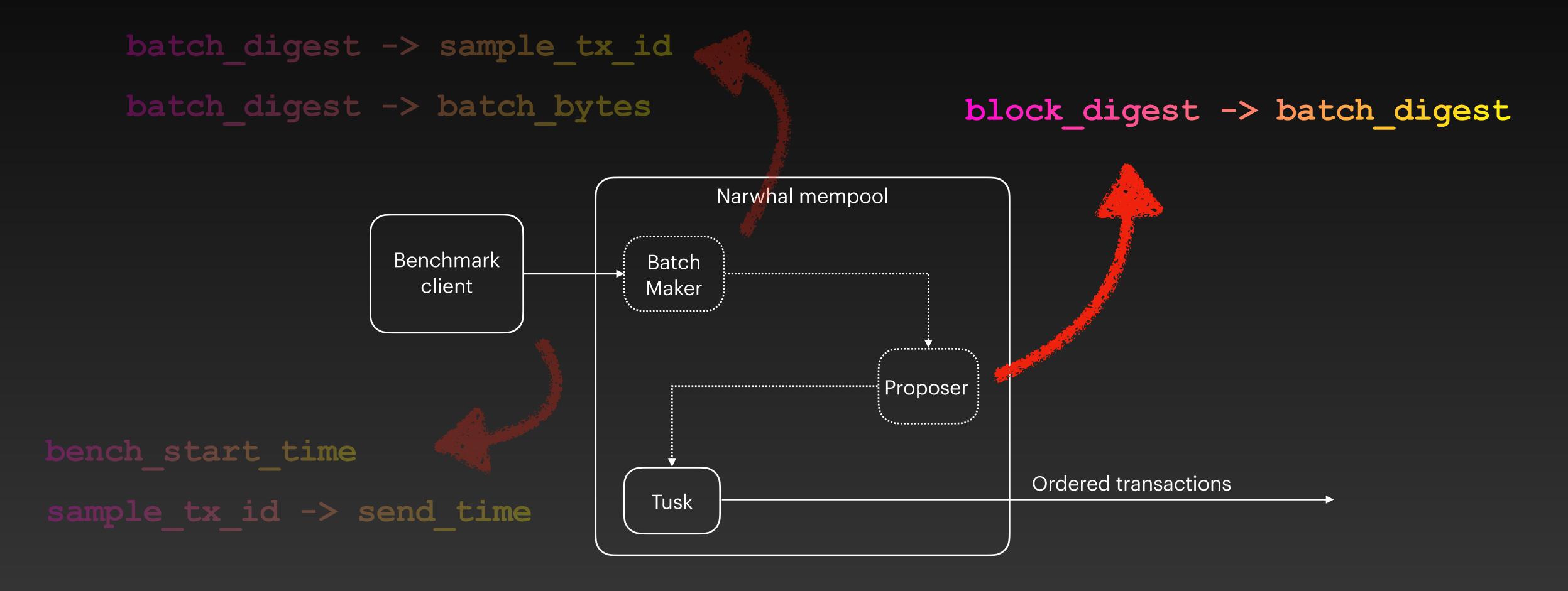
send 50k txs (once)

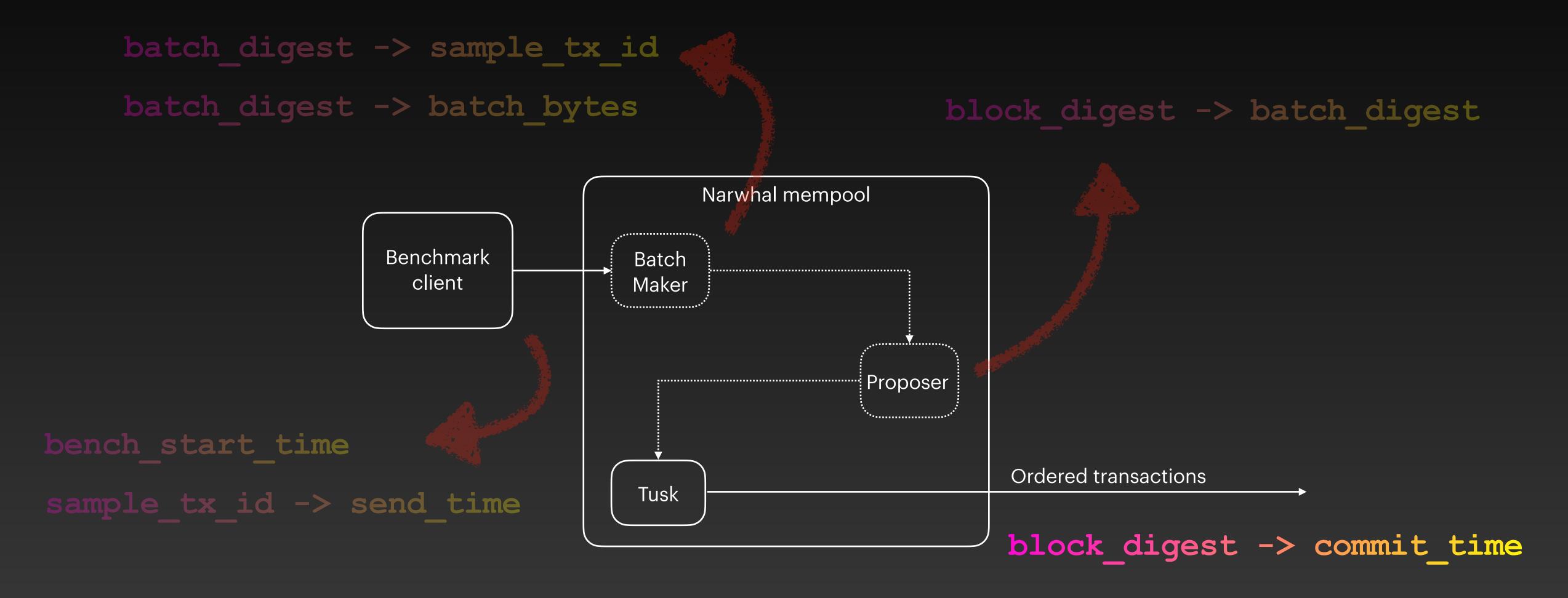


output after 400 ms

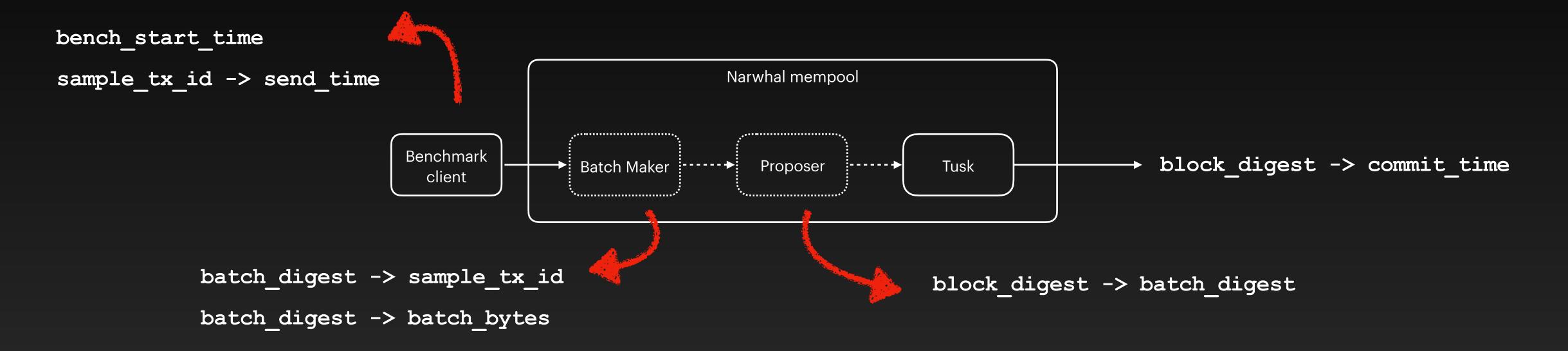








EvaluationCompute throughput

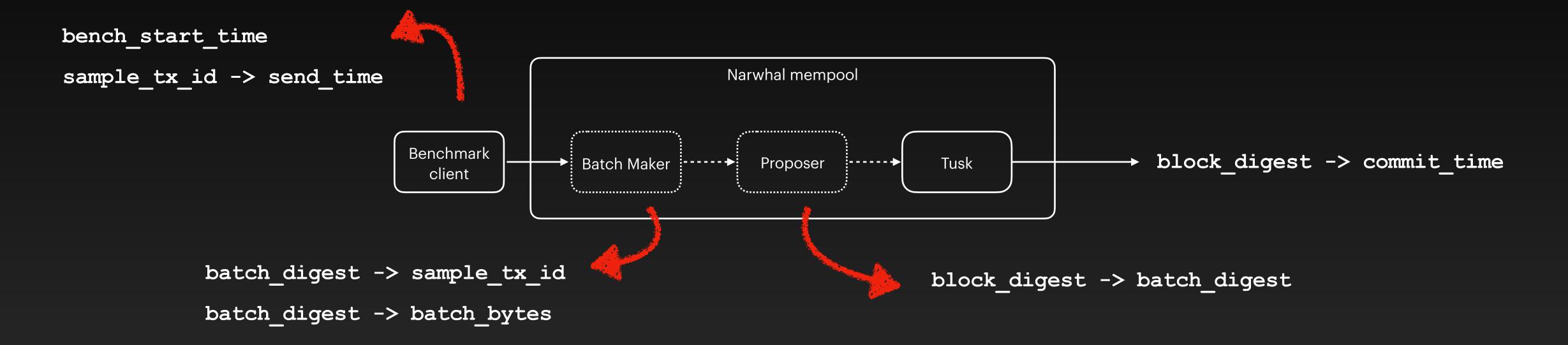


```
total_time = last_commit_time - bench_start_time

BPS = total_bytes / total_time

TPS = BPS / transaction size
```

EvaluationCompute latency

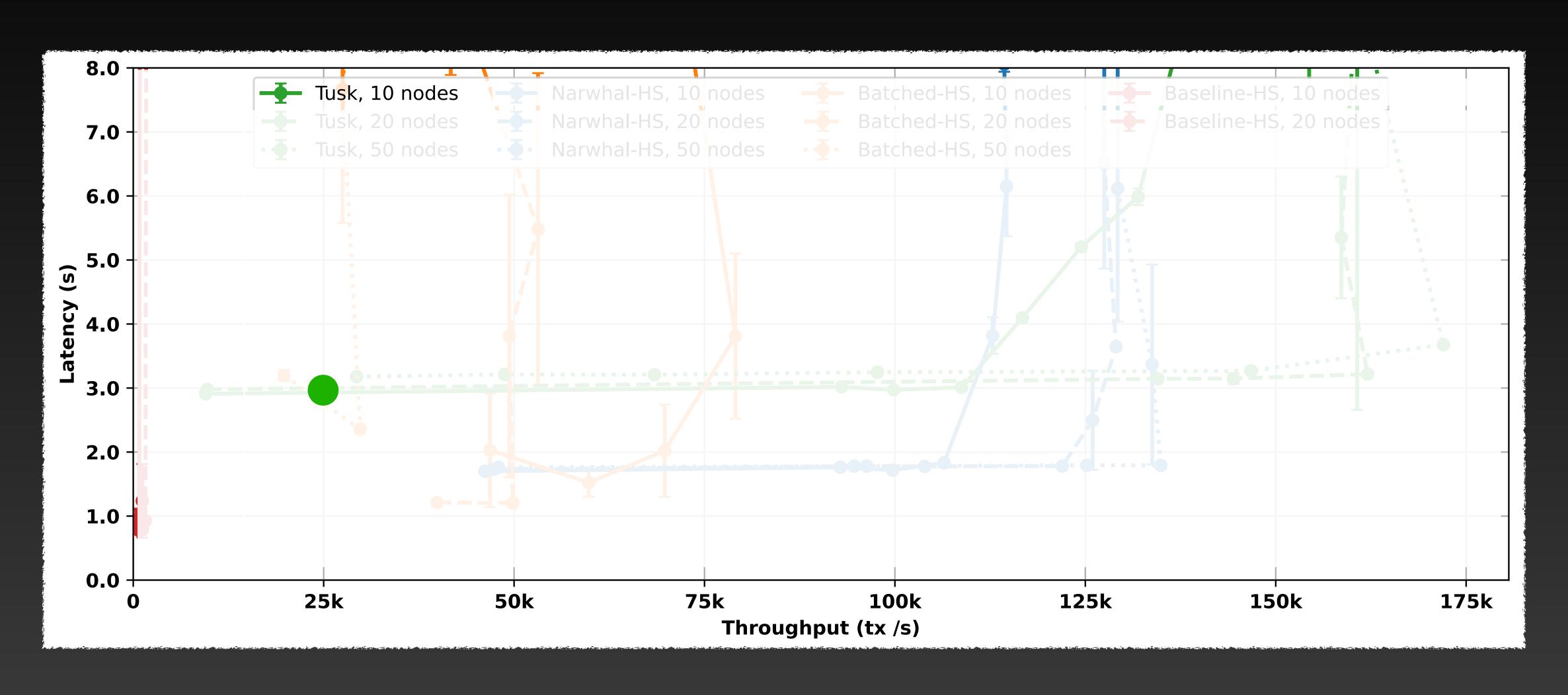


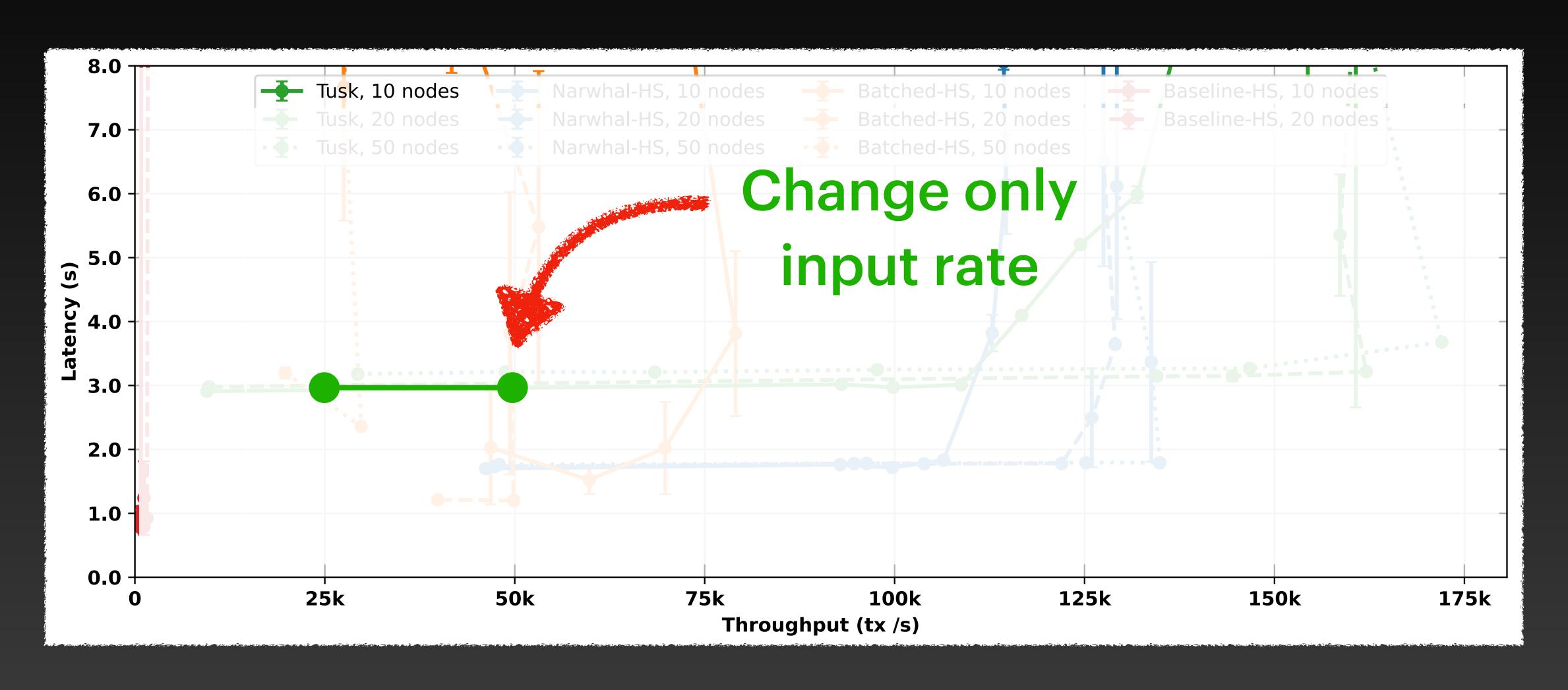
```
samples = commit_time - send_time
latency = average(samples)
```

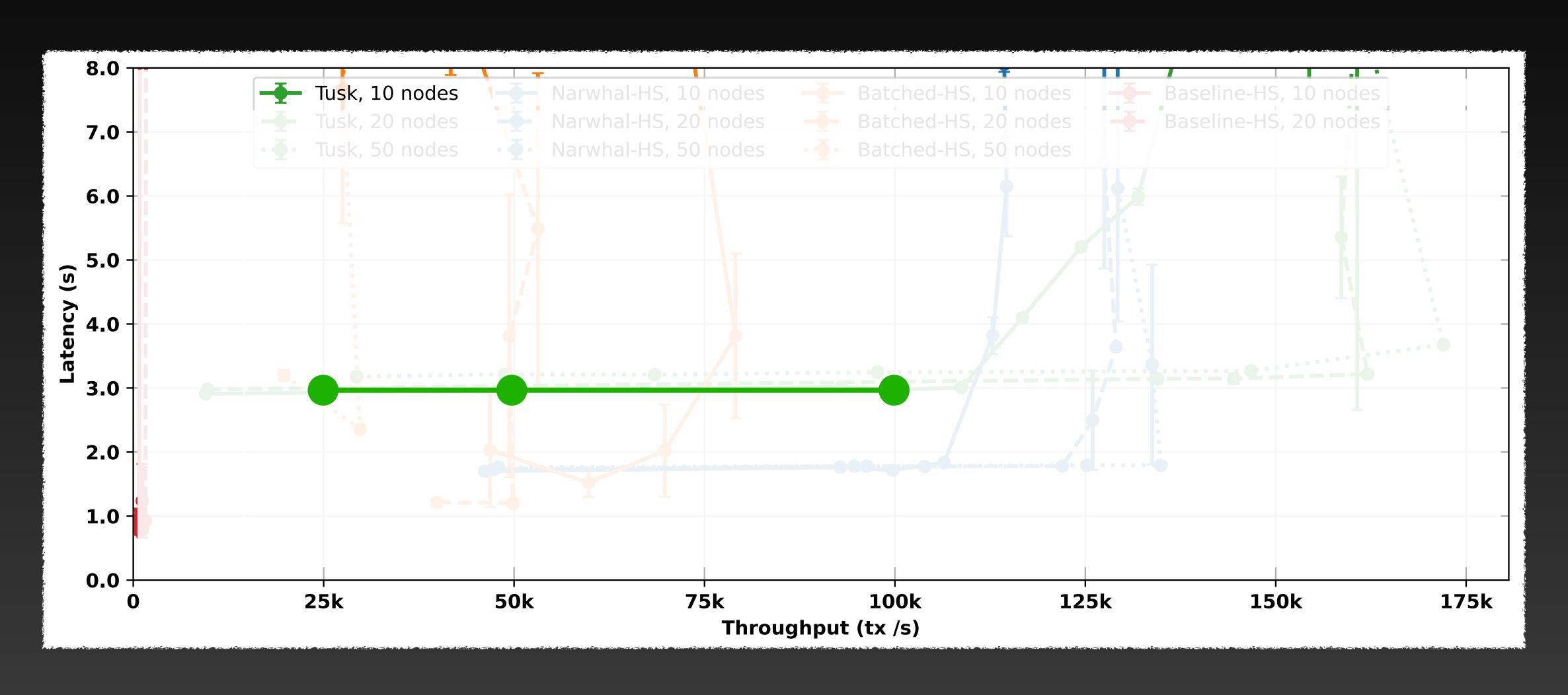
EvaluationTypical mistakes

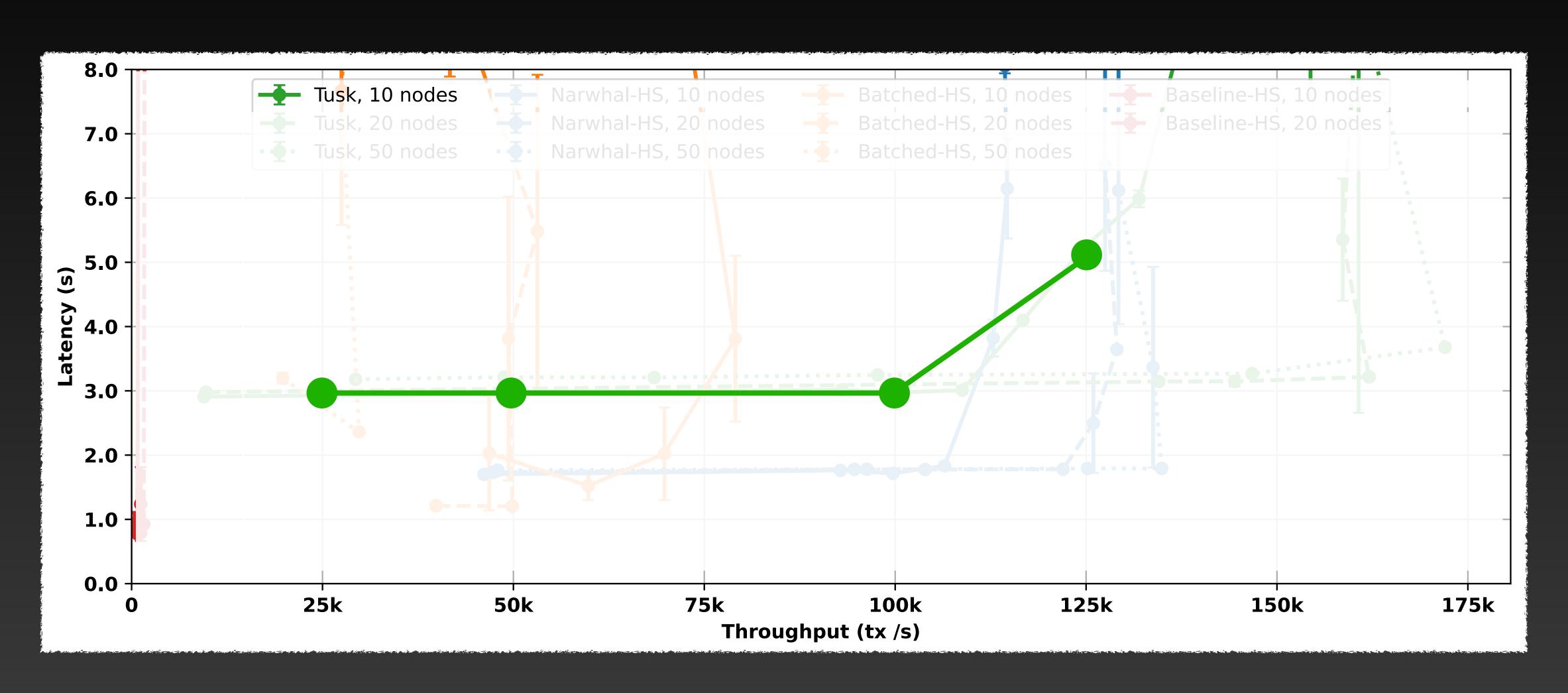
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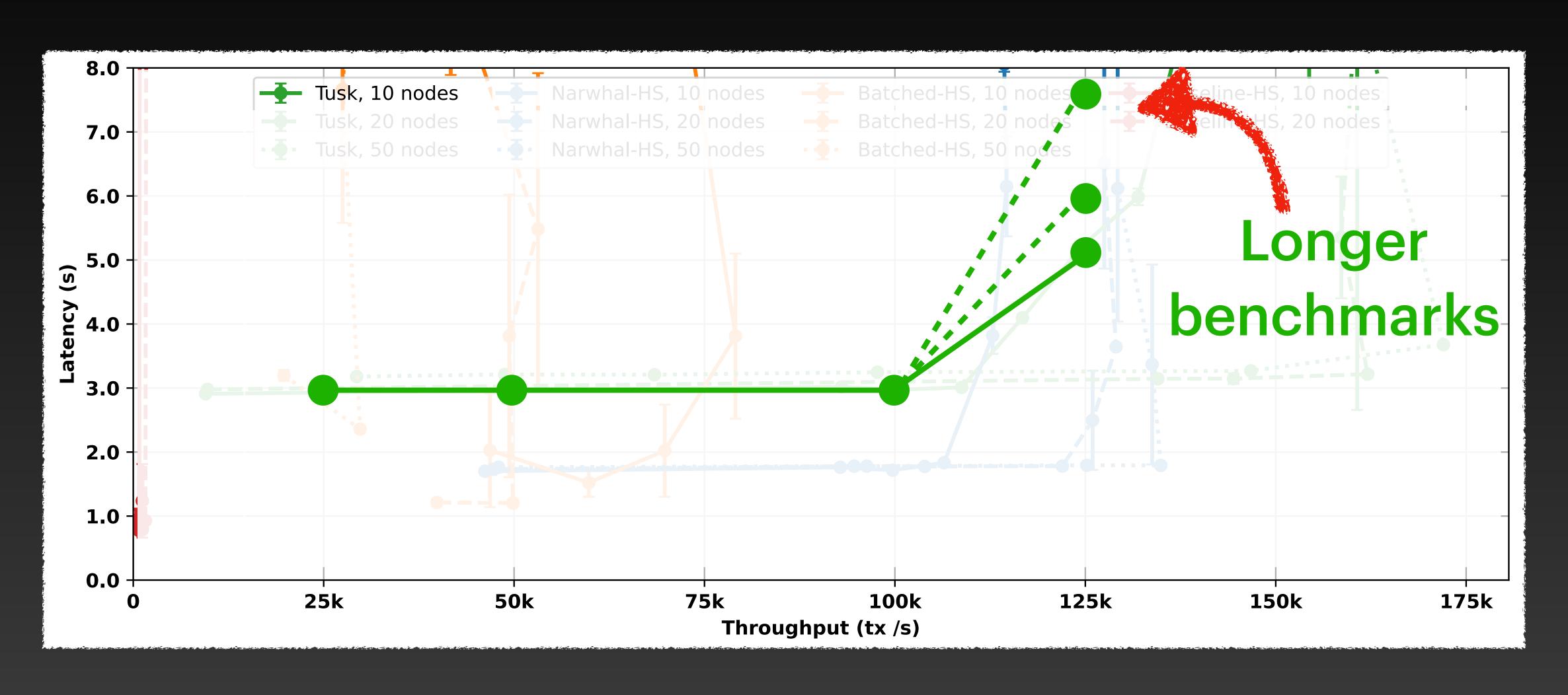
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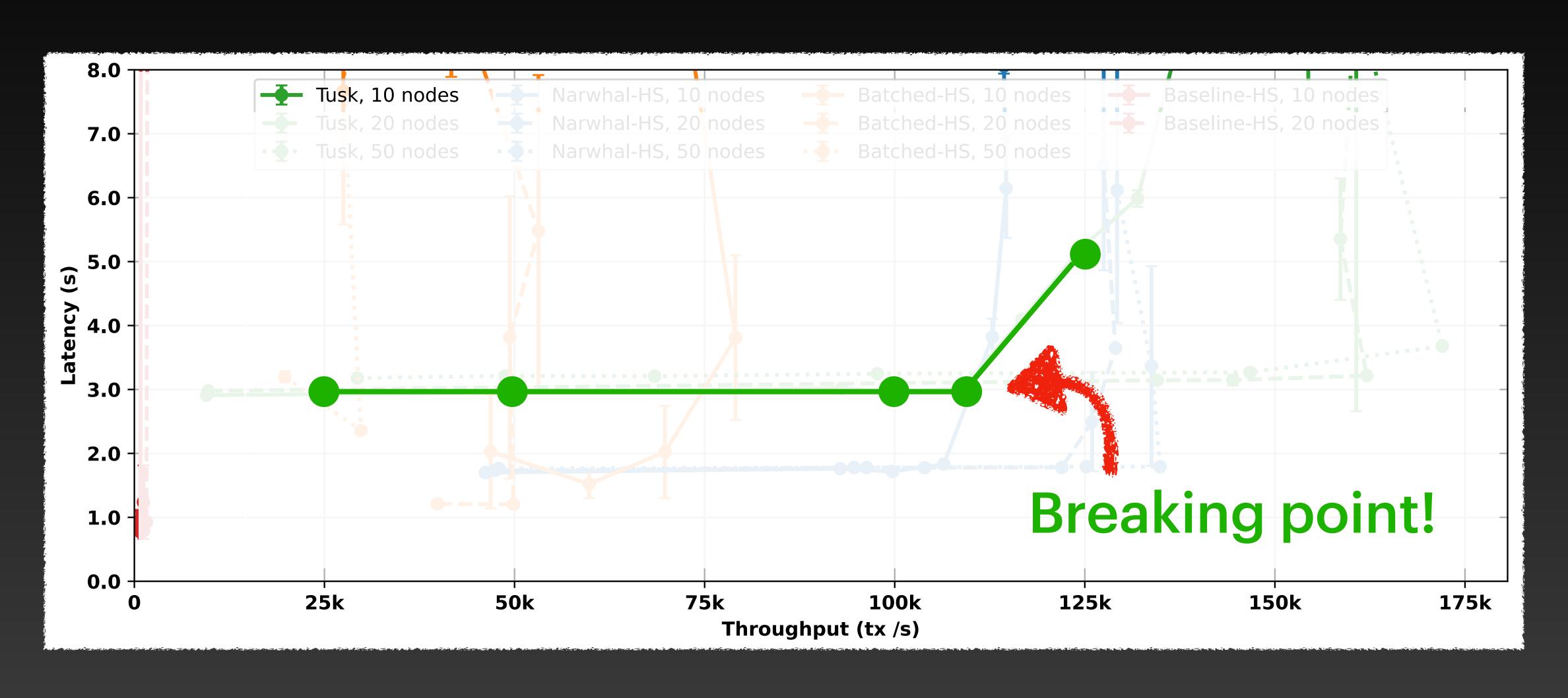










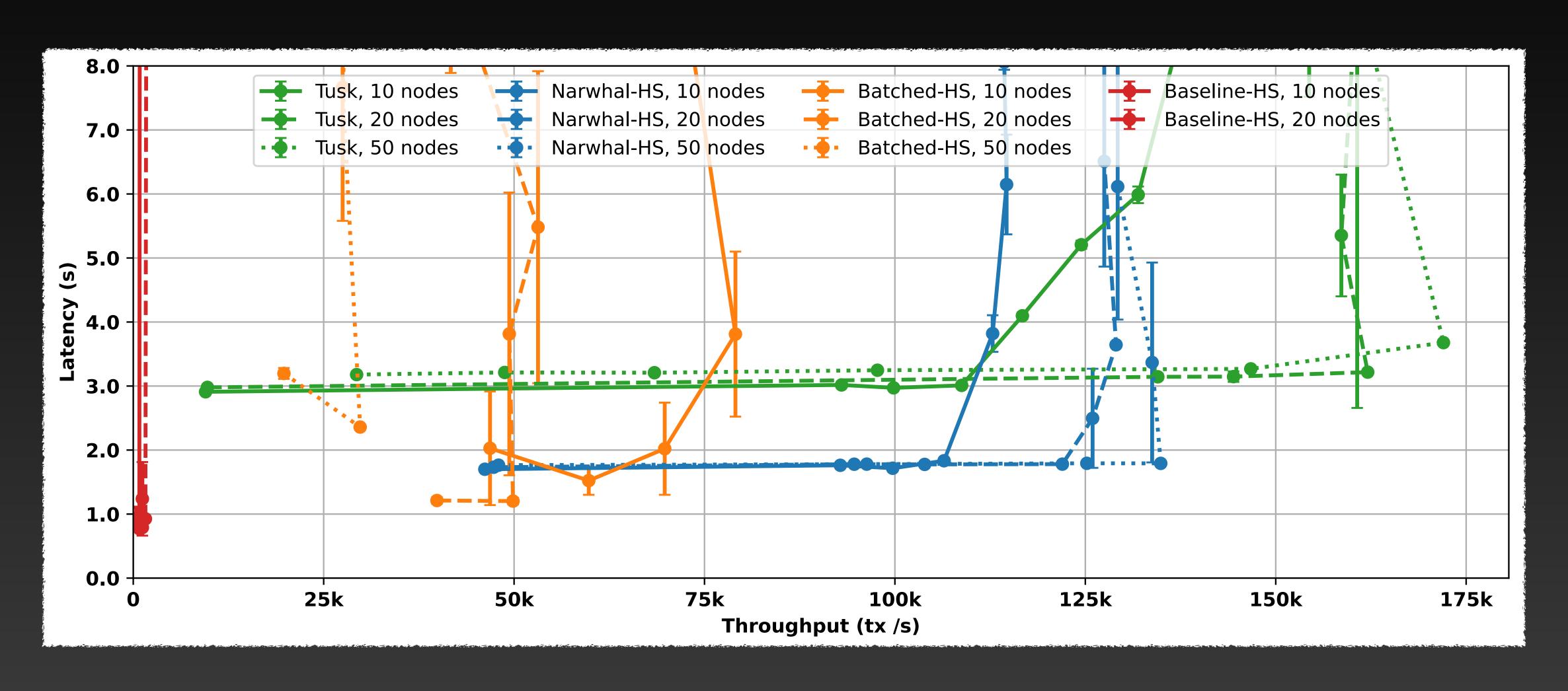


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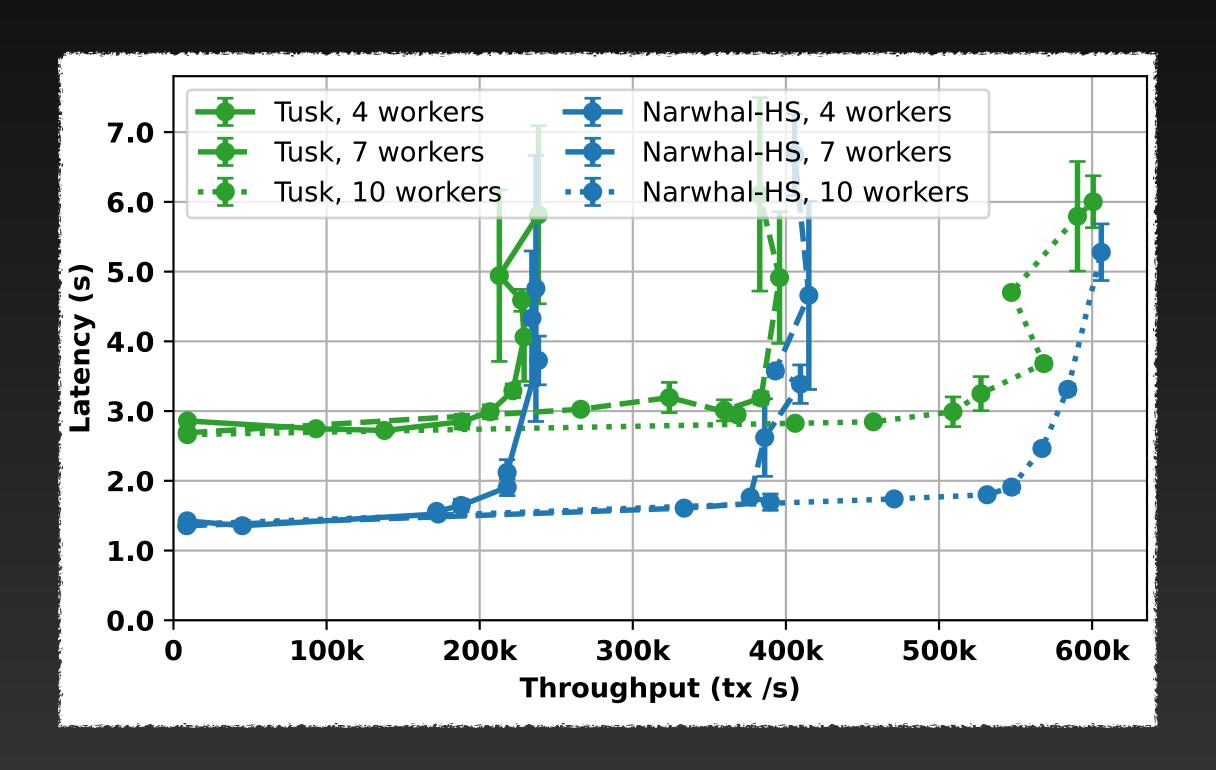
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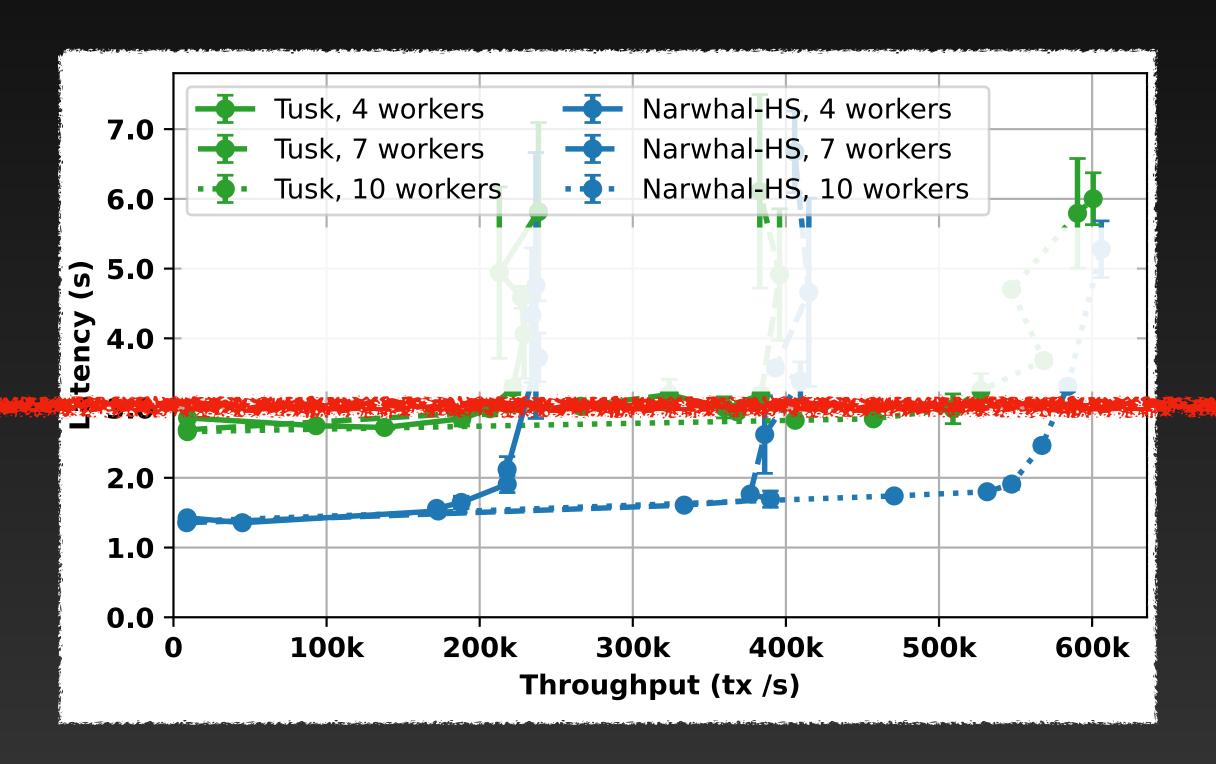
EvaluationThroughput latency graph



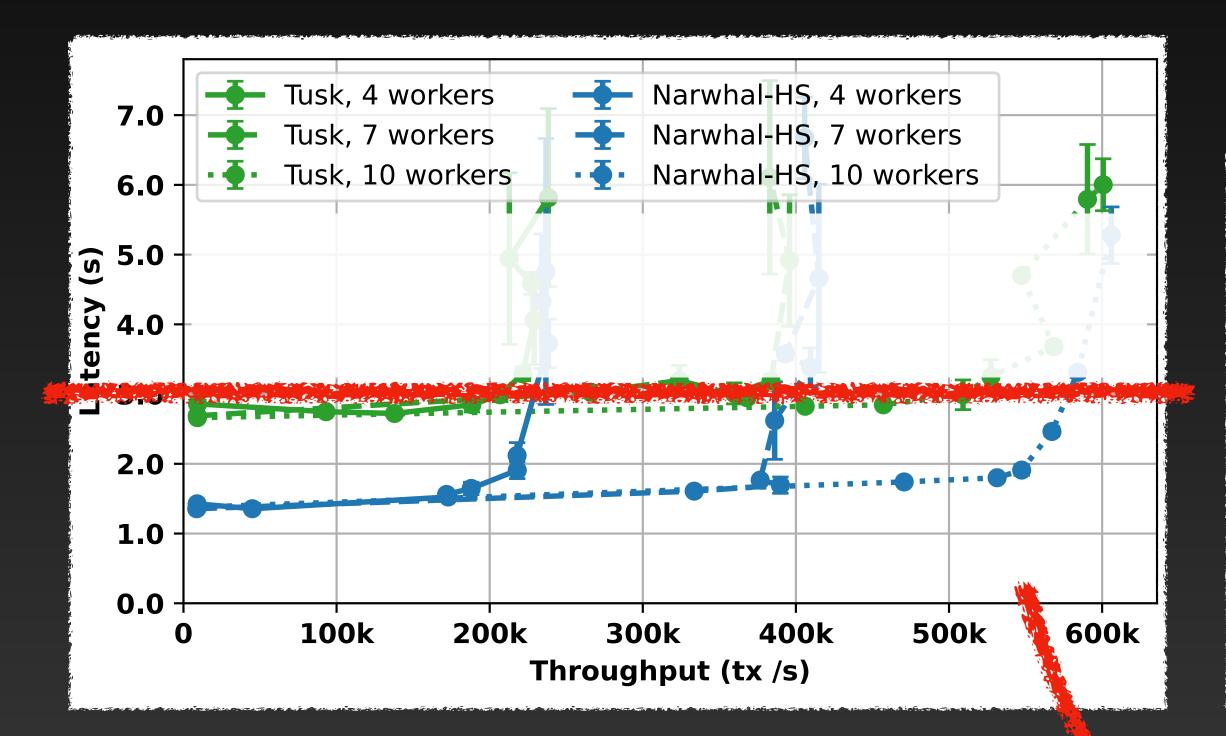
Evaluation Scalability

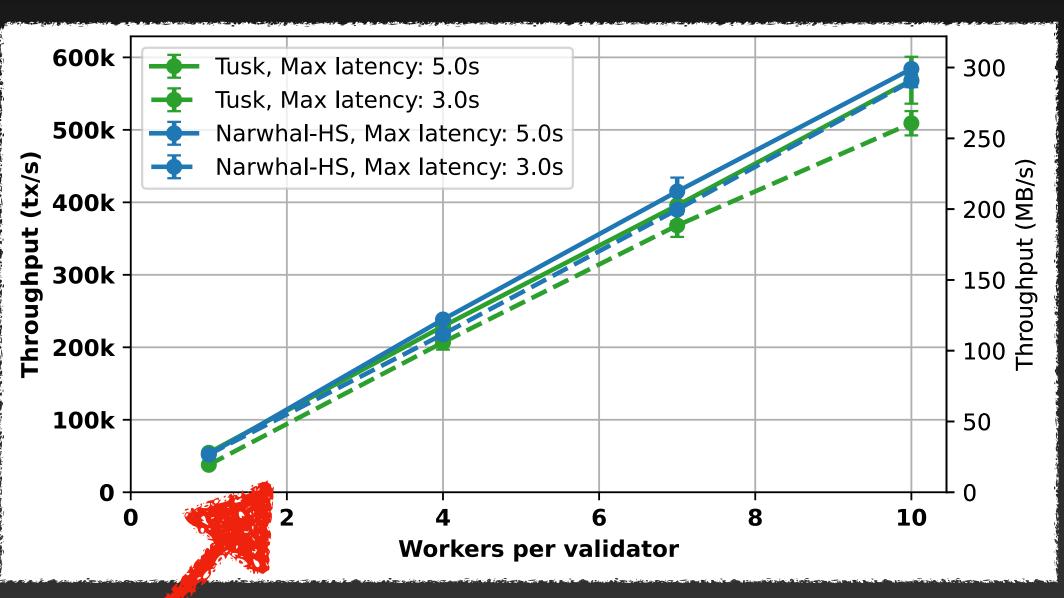


Evaluation Scalability

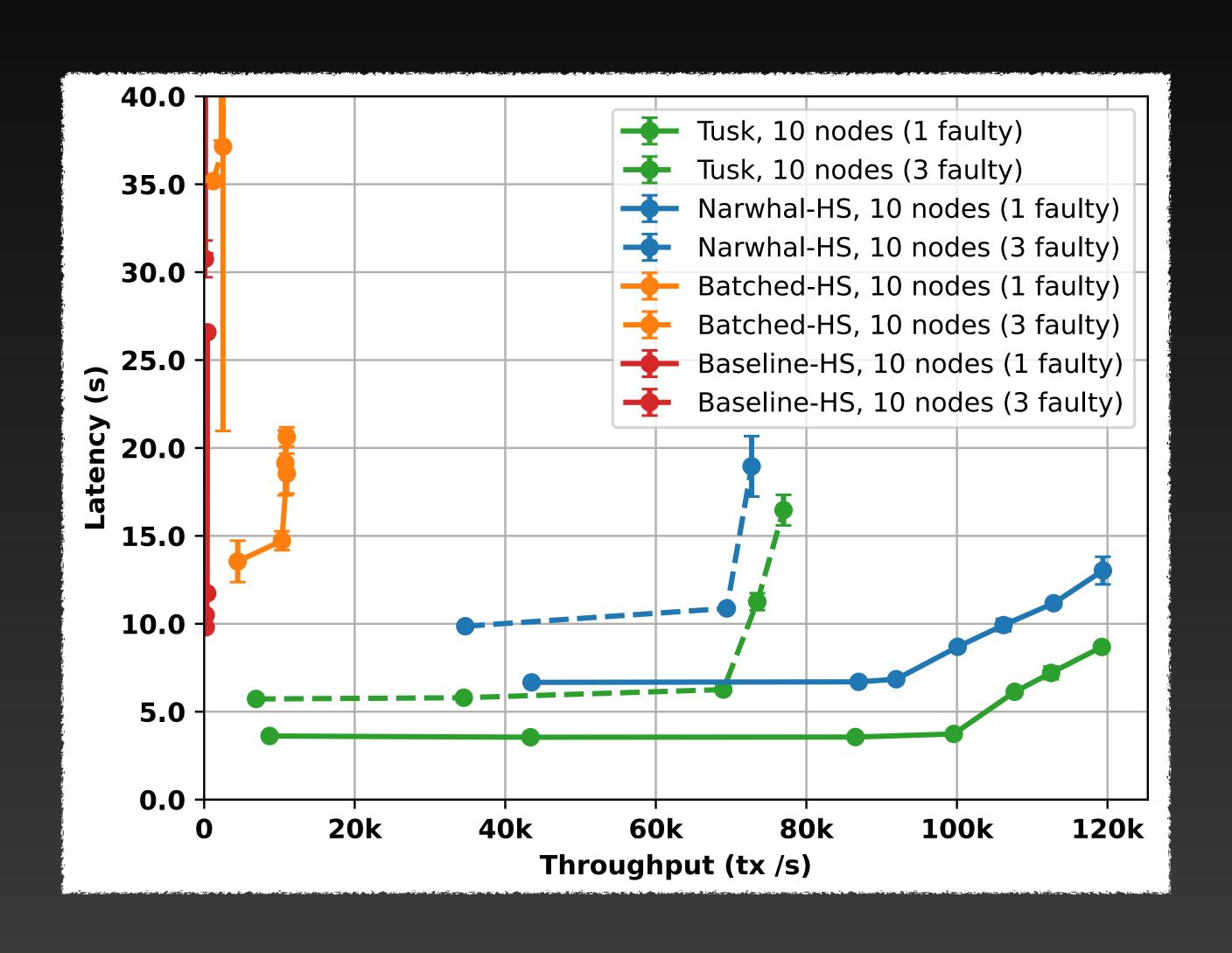


Evaluation Scalability





Performance under faults



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EvaluationStill many caveats

- Perfect load balance
- Transaction deduplication
- Synthetic load
- No Byzantine adversary
- No network adversary
- Only AWS network