

# FastPay

High-Performance Byzantine Fault Tolerant Settlement

# FastPay

## Acknowledgments



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# What is FastPay?

A distributed (BFT) system

## A standalone system

- An RTGS setting cross-bank payments

## A side infrastructure

- Side chain to reduce latency of payments

# What is FastPay?

A distributed (BFT) system

## A standalone system

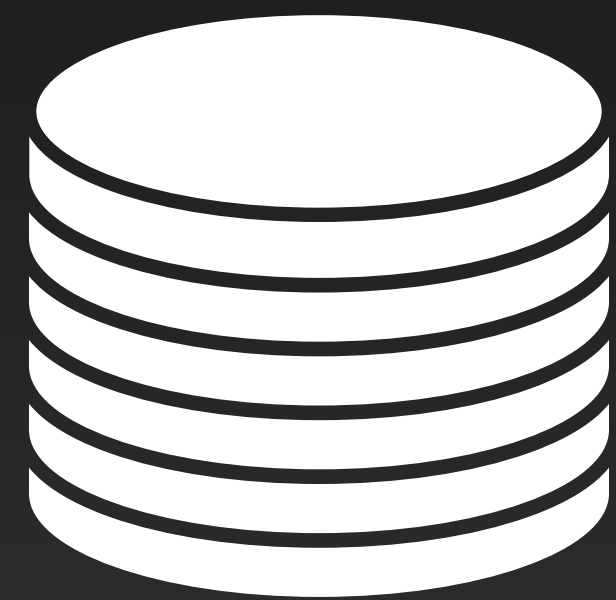
- An RTGS setting cross-bank payments

## A side infrastructure

- Side chain to reduce latency of payments

# Overview

Primary



FastPay



# Overview

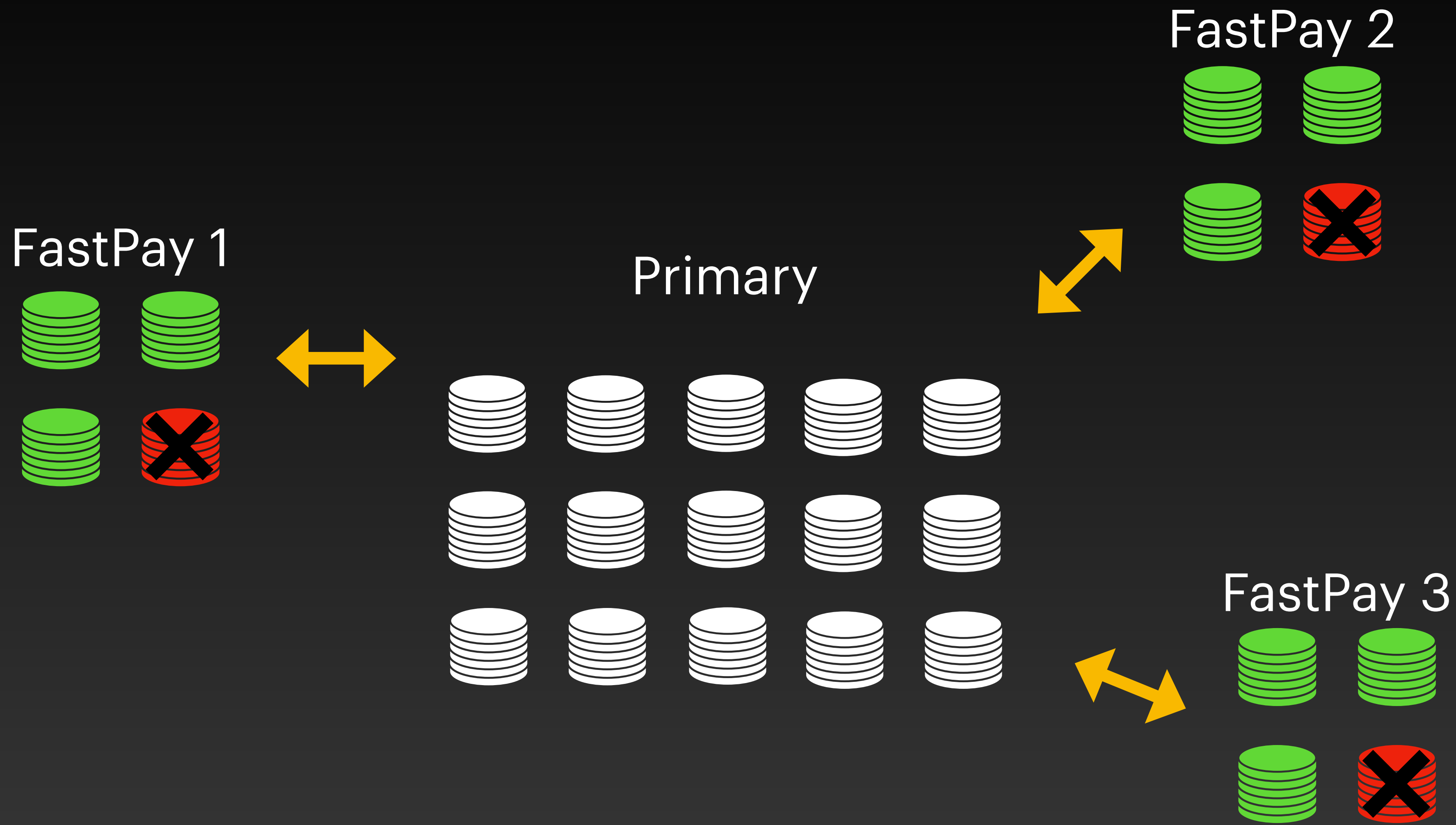
FastPay



Primary



# Overview



**Make it practical for retail payment at  
physical points of sale**

This requires extremely low latency



# What do we need?

## Properties

### What we want

- Low latency
- BFT reliance
- Fast finality
- Hight capacity

### Current industry

?

# Centralized systems



# Slow Finality



# In summary

## What we want

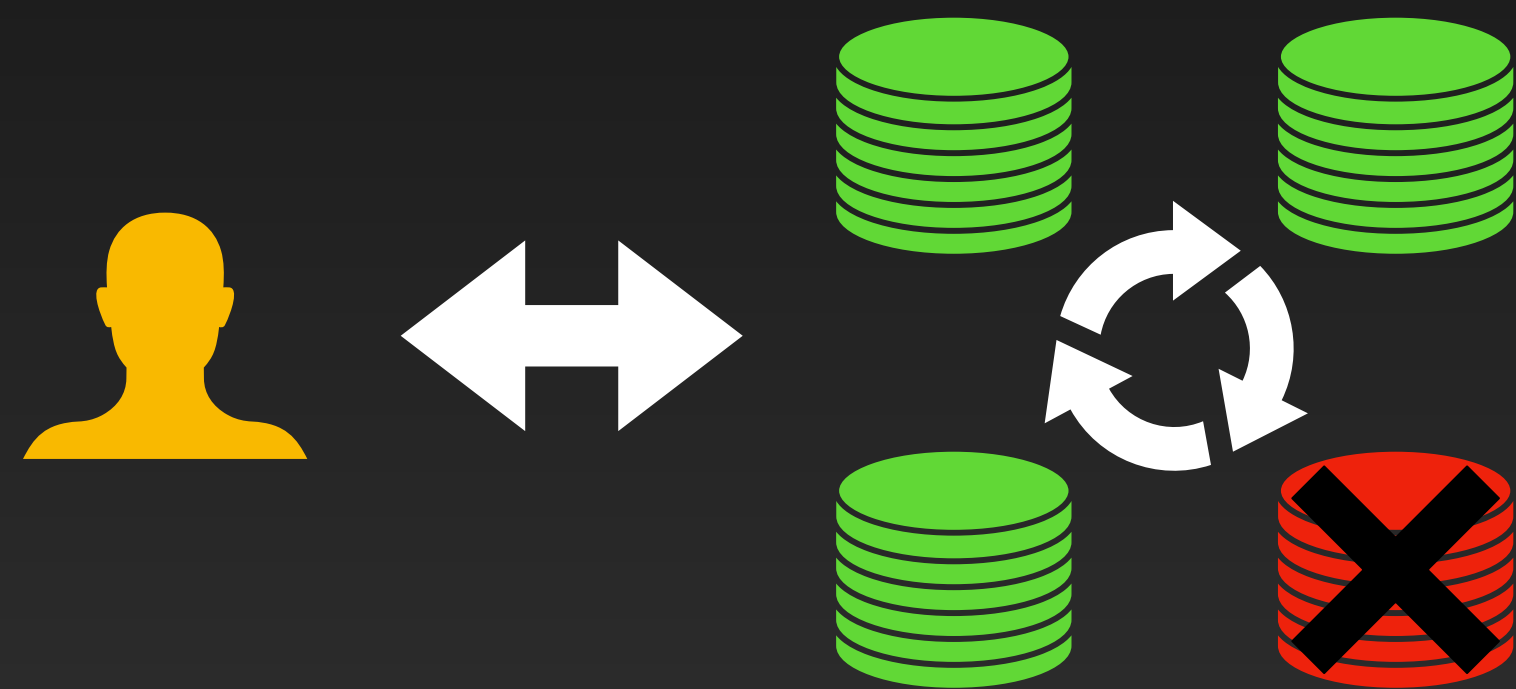
- Low latency
- BFT reliance
- Fast finality
- High capacity

## Current industry

- Low latency (not settled)
- Centralized
- Slow finality
- High capacity (not settled)

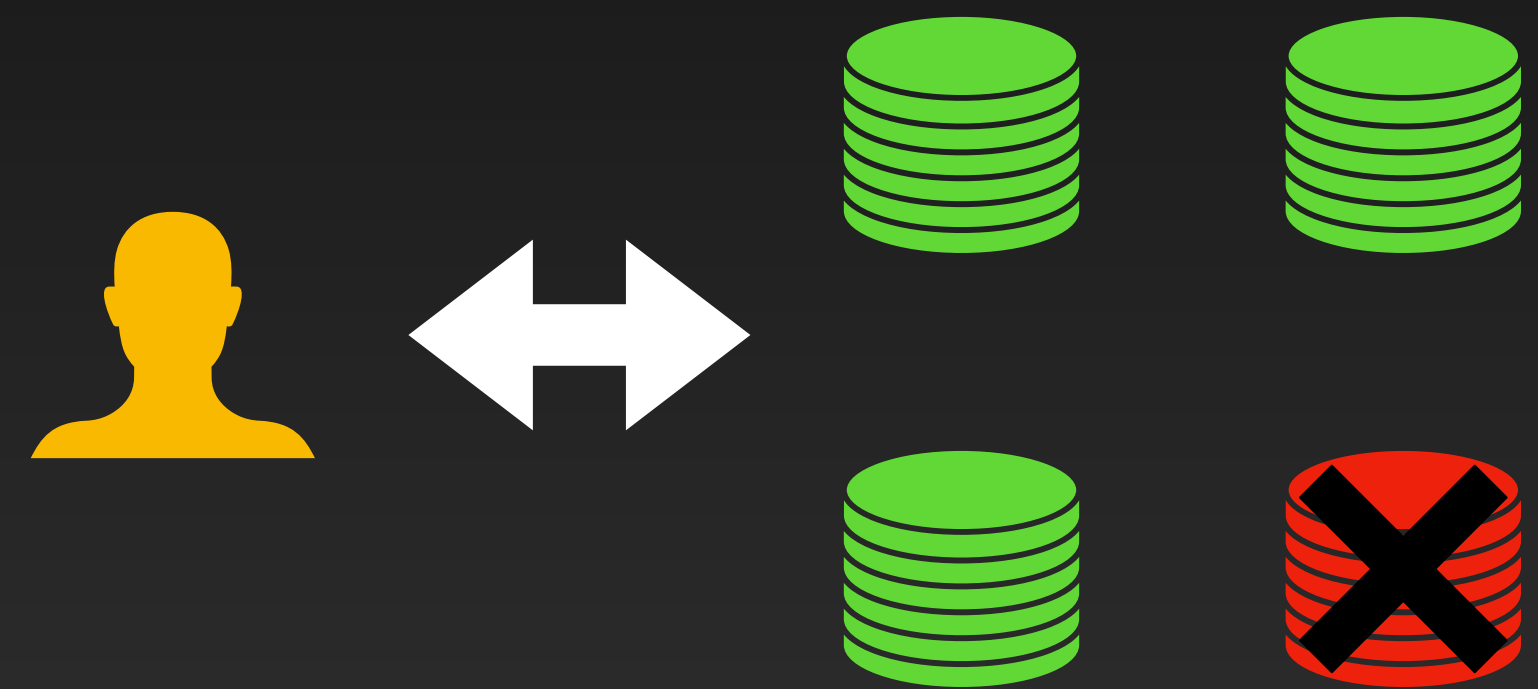
# Difference with blockchains

## Blockchains



Byzantine Consensus

## FastPay




Byzantine Consistent Broadcast

# FastPay

## Authorities' state

### Authorities

- Authority name and keys
- Committee information
- Accounts information
- Last primary tx index 

### Each account

- Verification key
- Balance
- Sequence number
- Last transfer order
- List of certificates and synchronization orders

# FastPay

## Clients' state

- Their account's address
- Their secret key
- Committee information
- Last sequence number
- Last signed transfer order

# FastPay

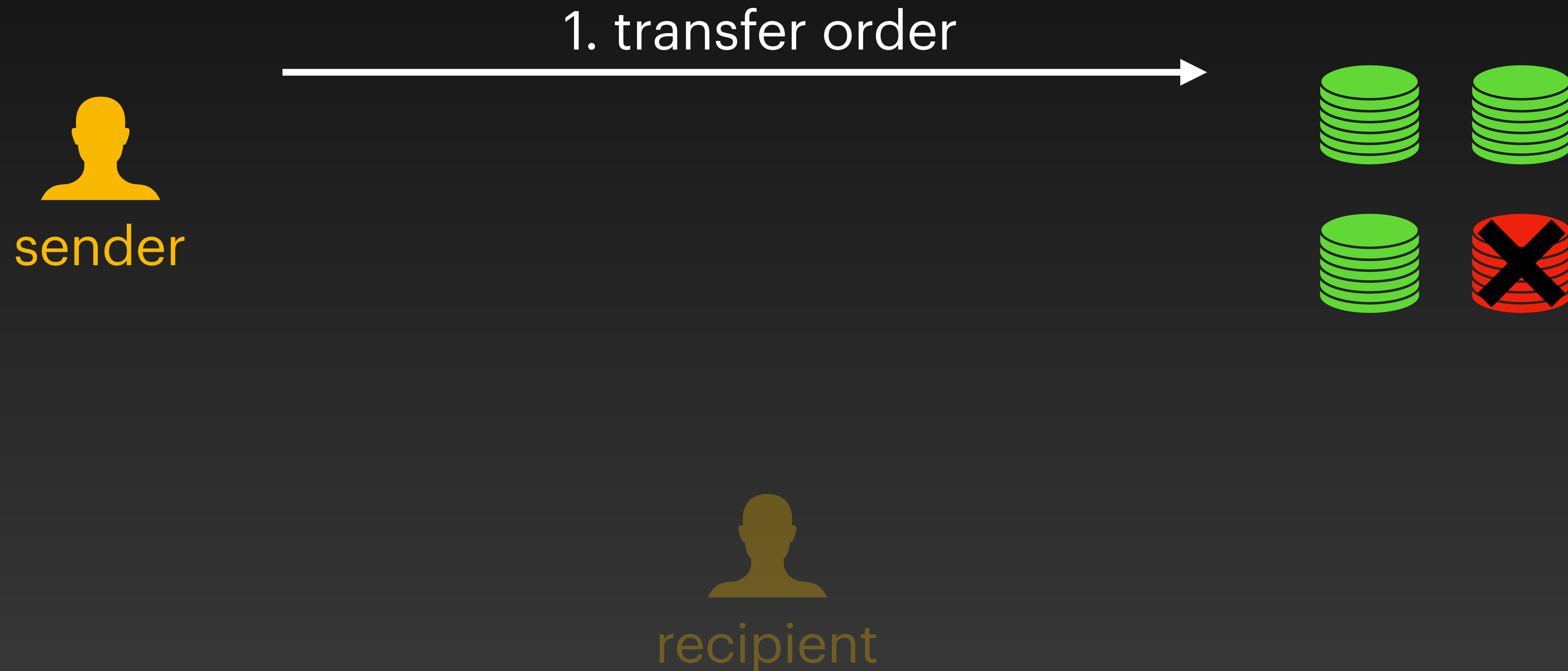
How does it work?





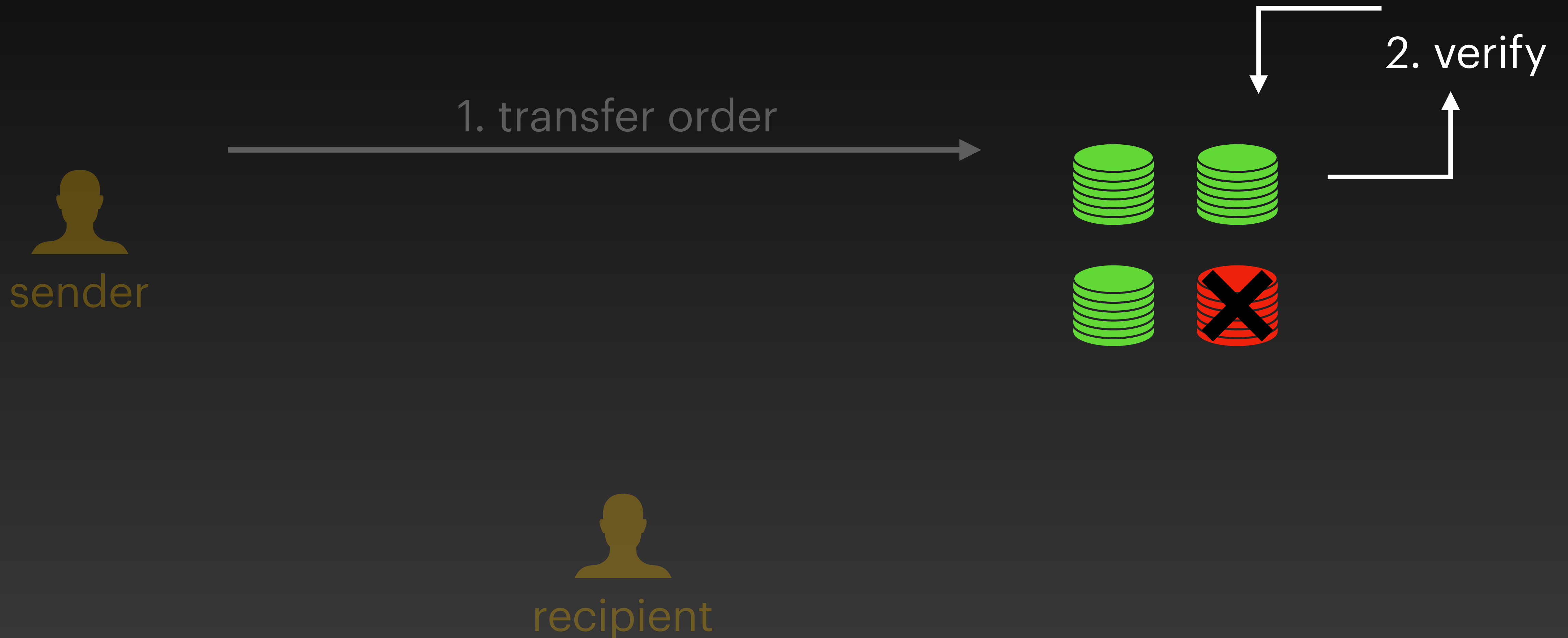
# FastPay

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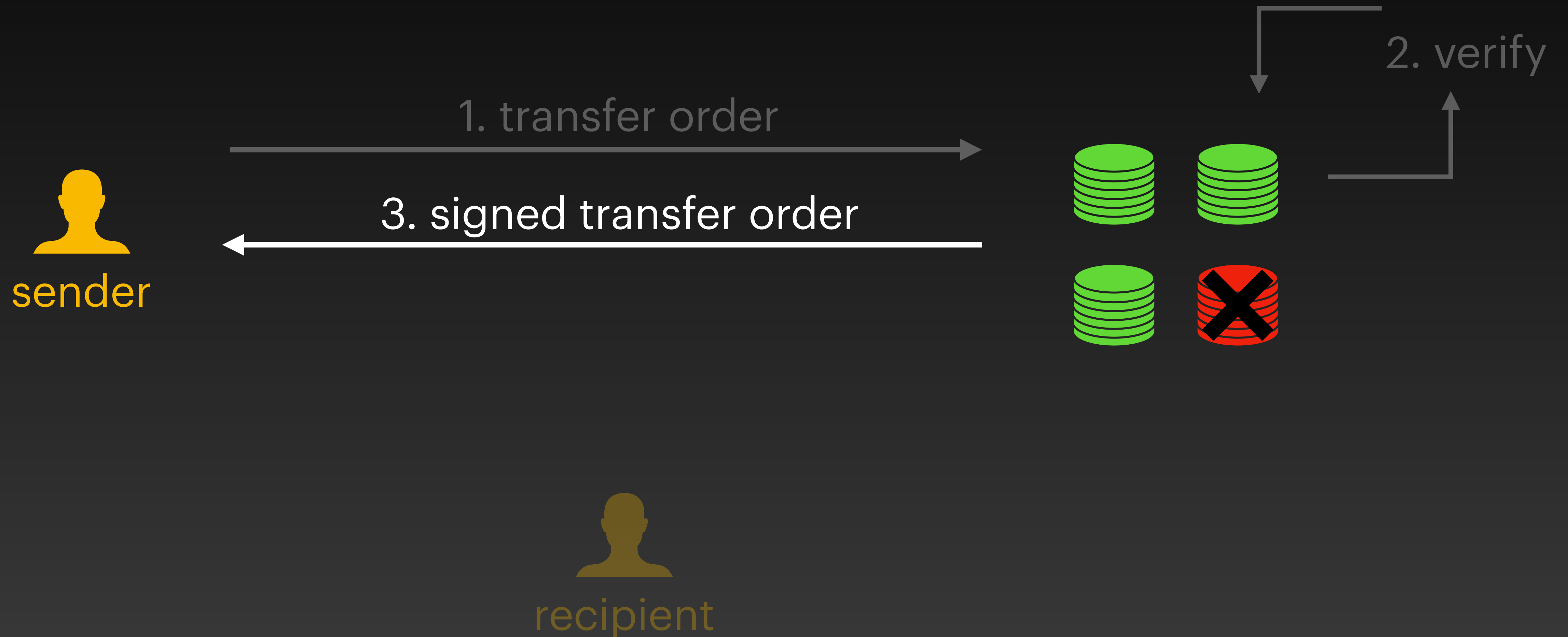
# FastPay

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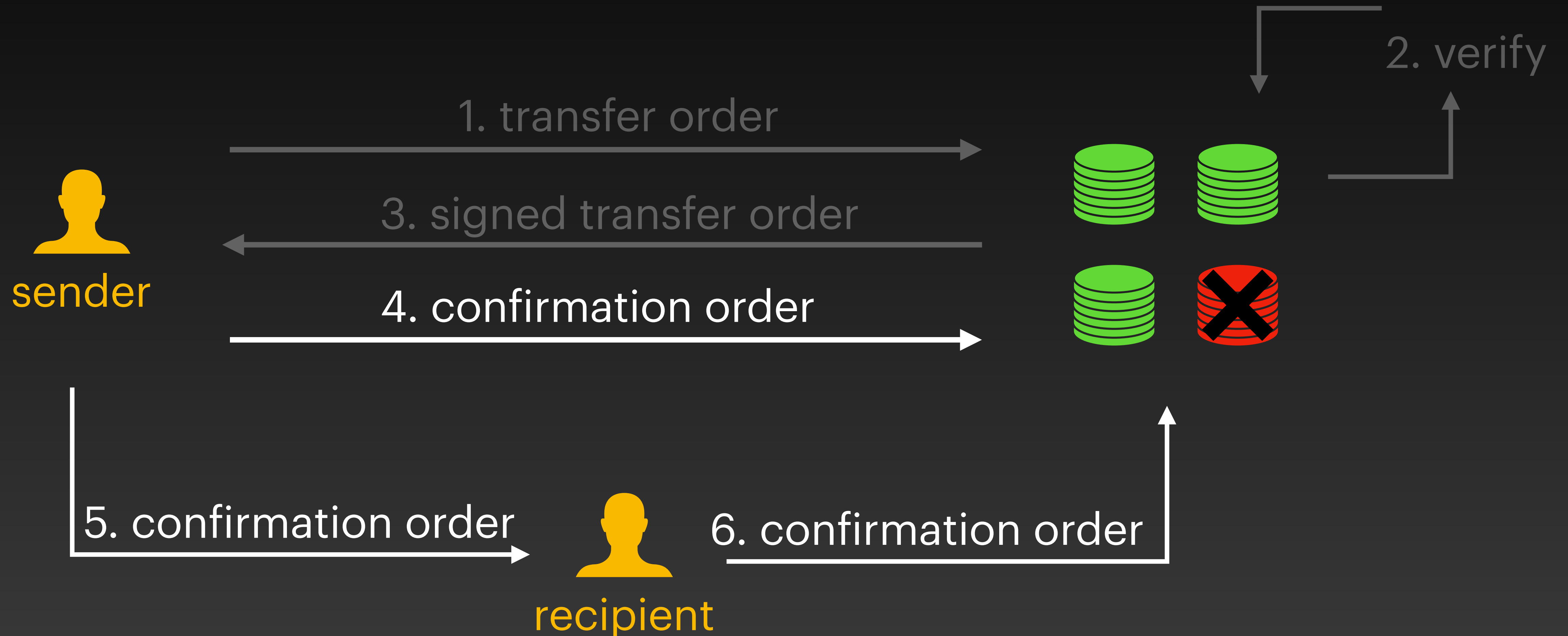
# FastPay

How does it work?



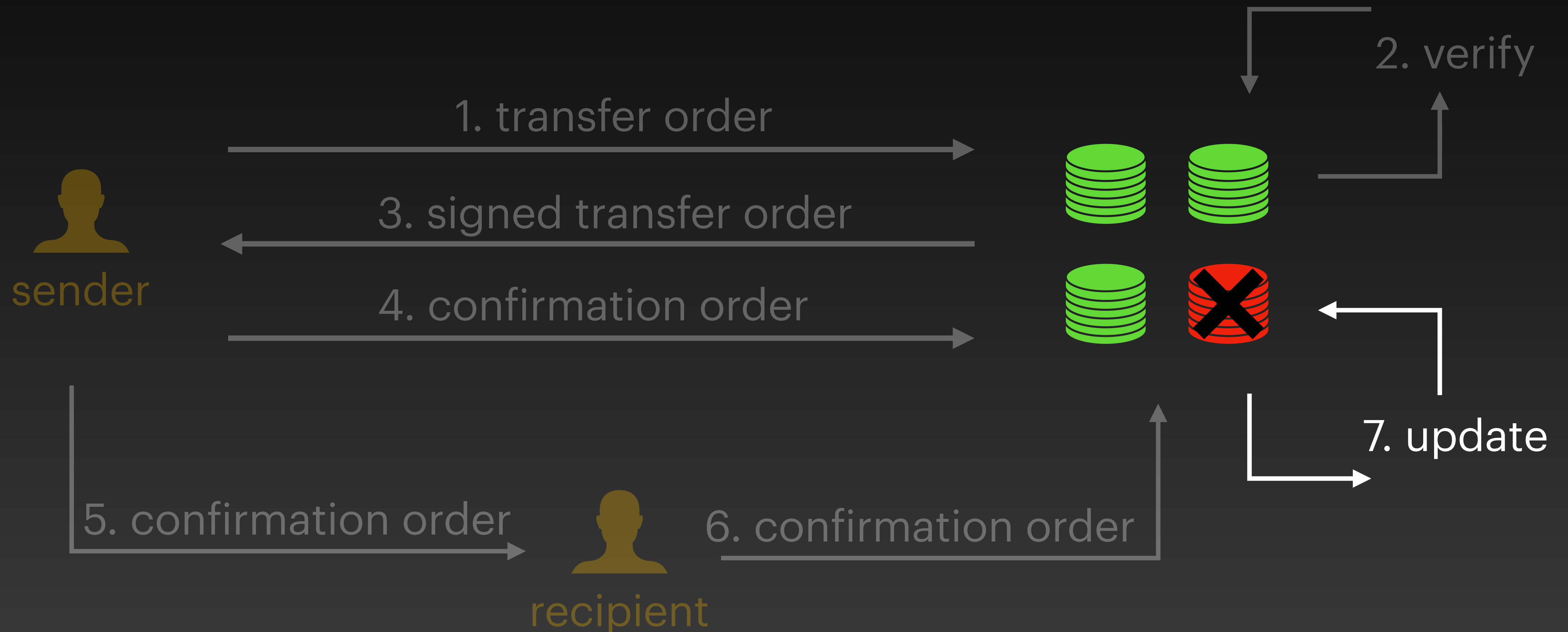
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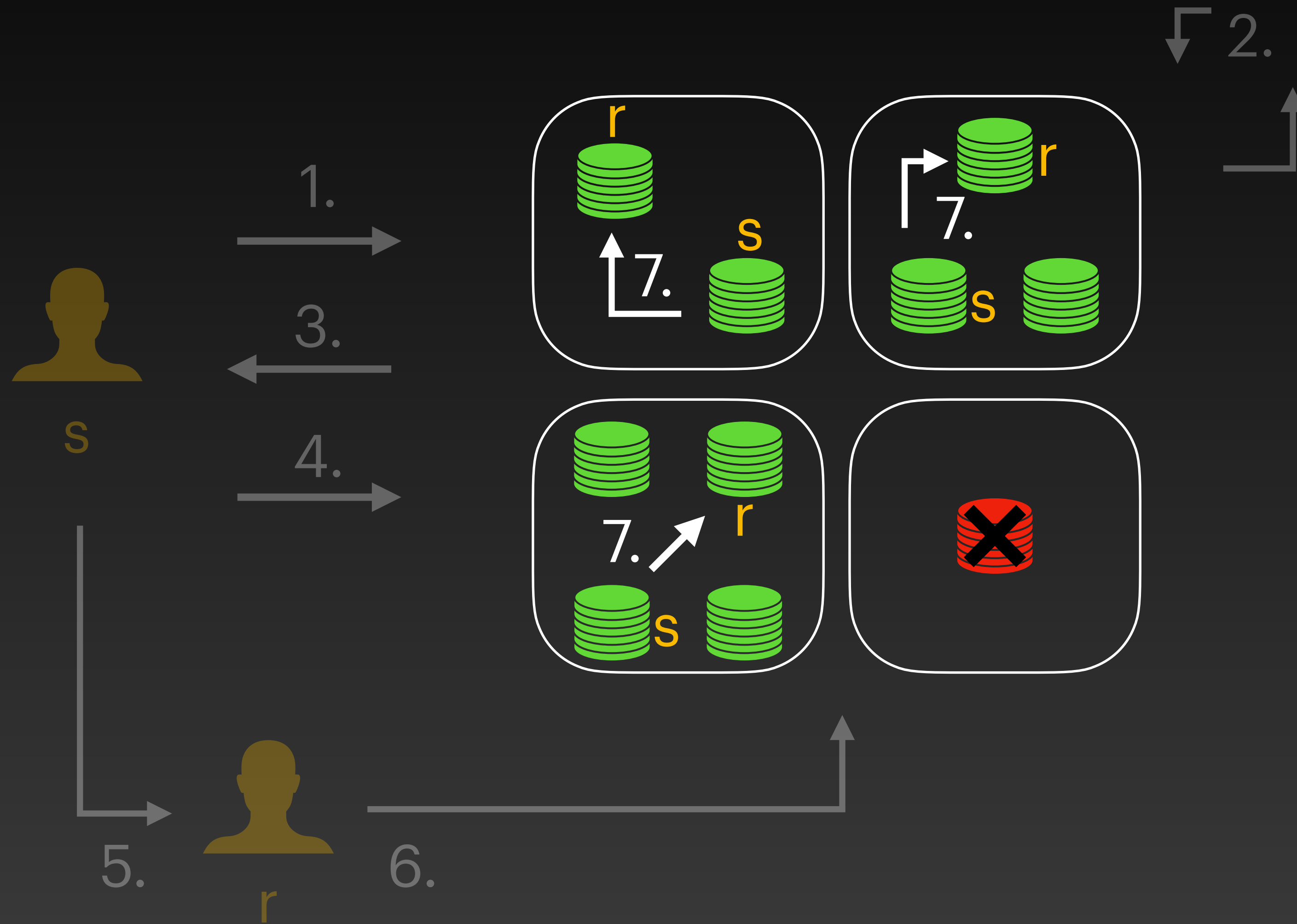
# FastPay

## How does it work?



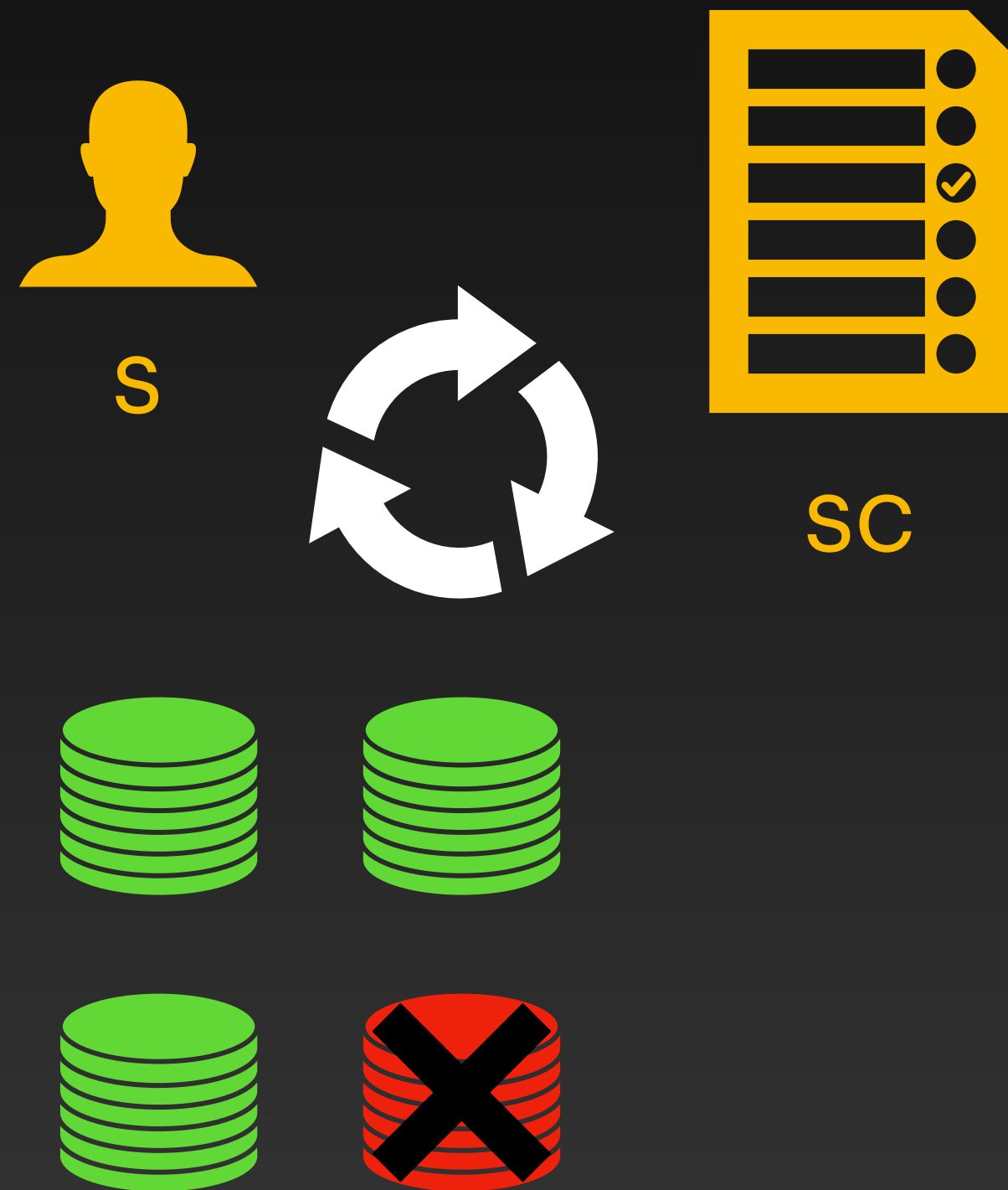
# FastPay

Increasing capacity




# FastPay

Interface it with a primary infrastructure




## Smart Contract's state

- The committee information
- Total funds in the contract
- Last primary tx index
- "Redeem log" 

# FastPay

## Authorities' state

### Authorities

- Authority name and keys
- The committee information
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# FastPay

From primary infrastructure to FastPay



1. funding transaction

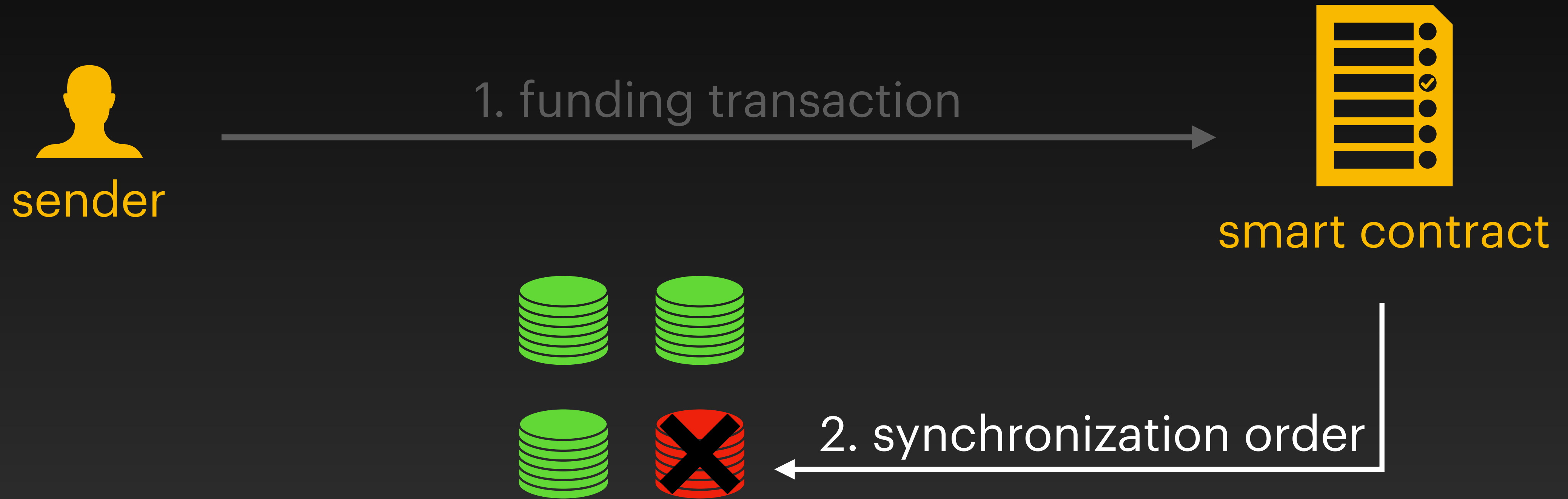


smart contract



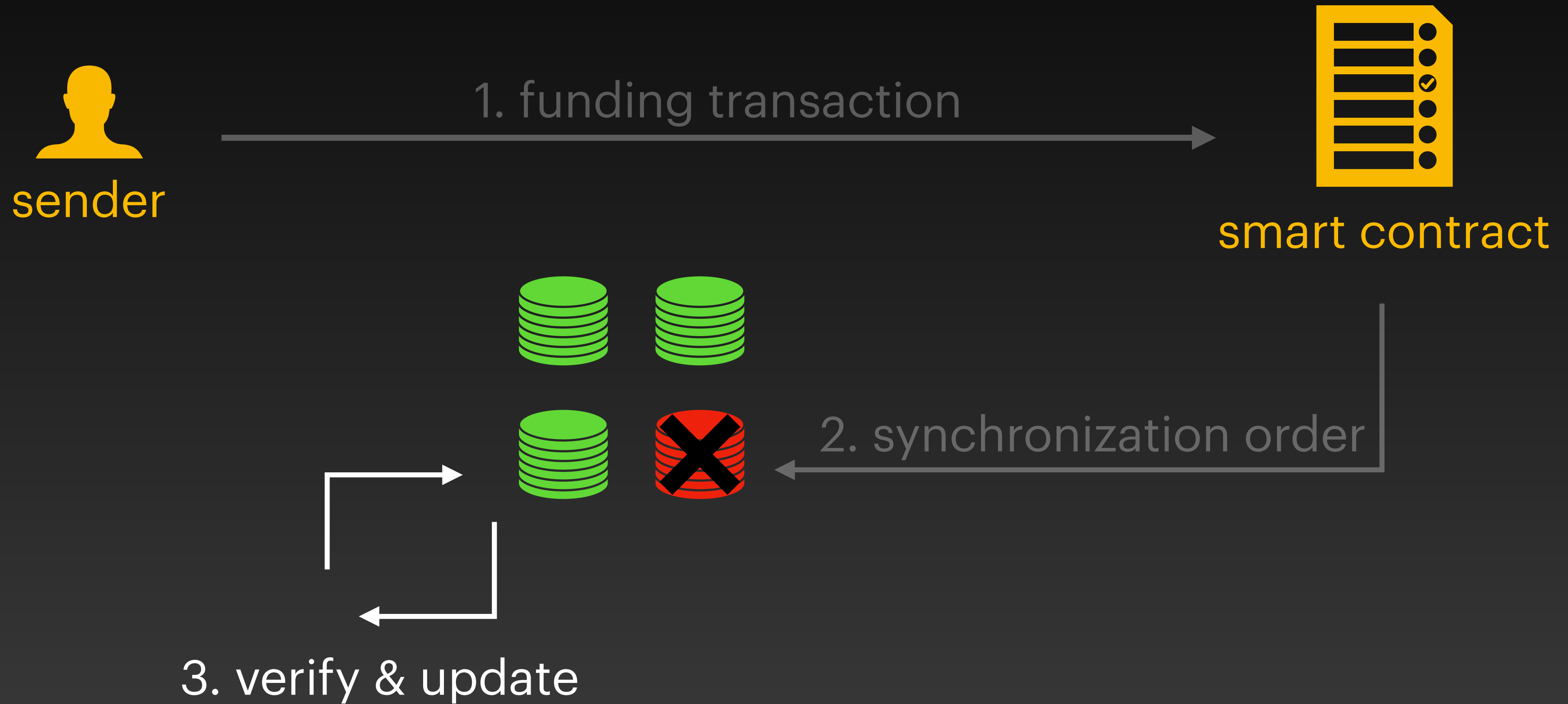
# FastPay

From primary infrastructure to FastPay



# FastPay

From primary infrastructure to FastPay




# FastPay

Interface it with a primary infrastructure

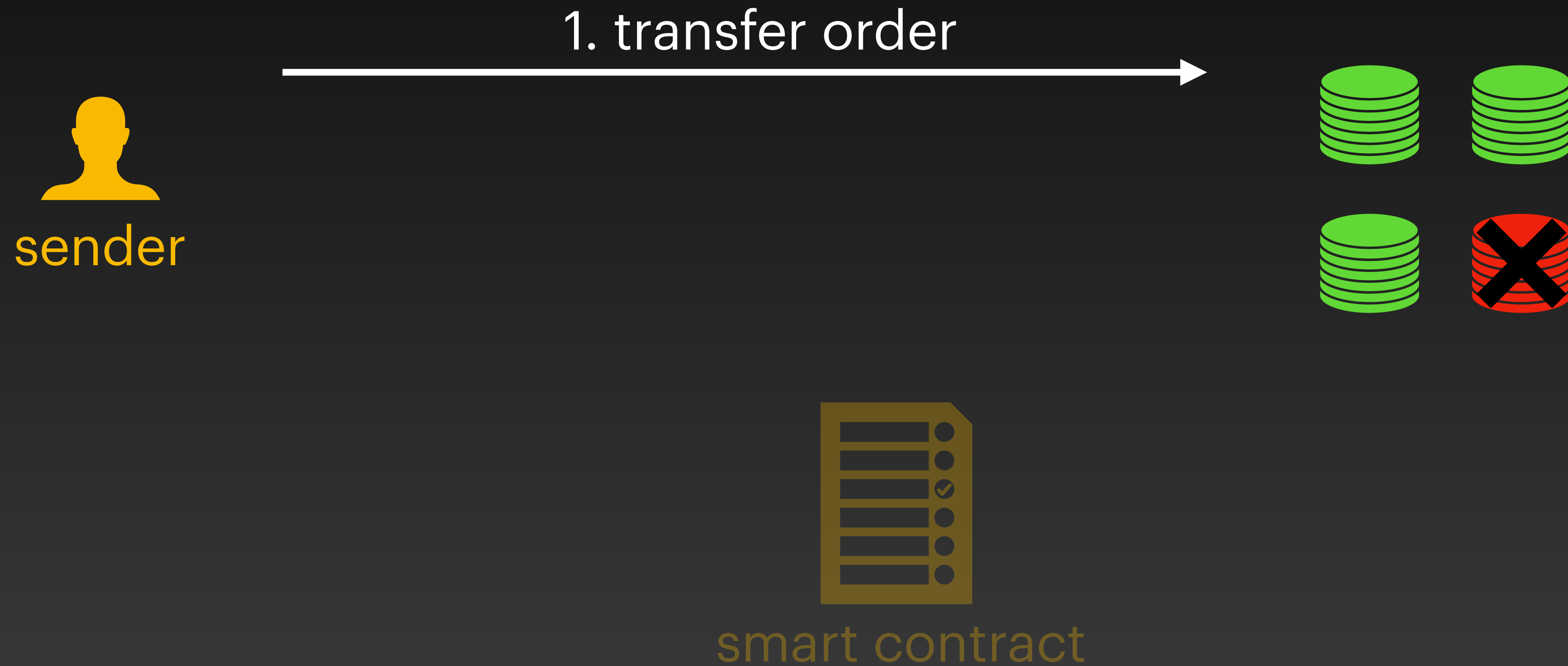


## Smart Contract's state

- The committee information
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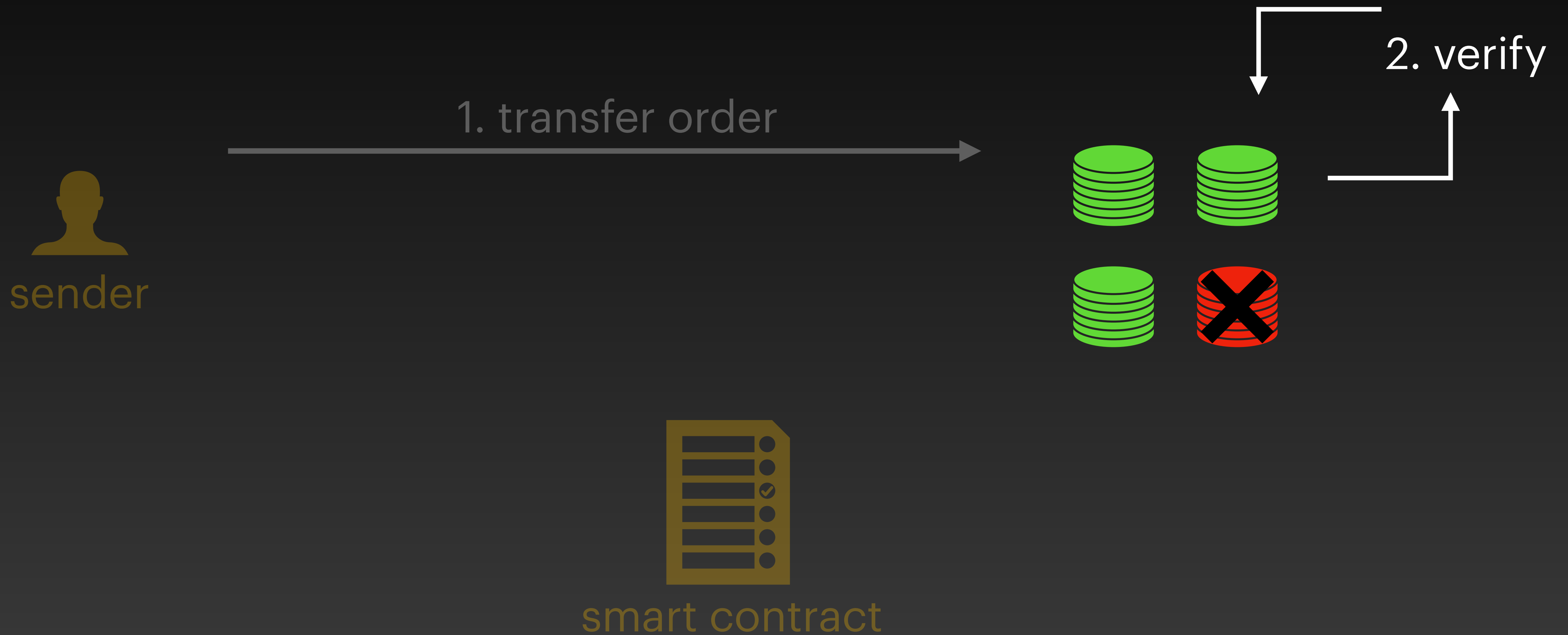
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From the primary infrastructure to FastPay



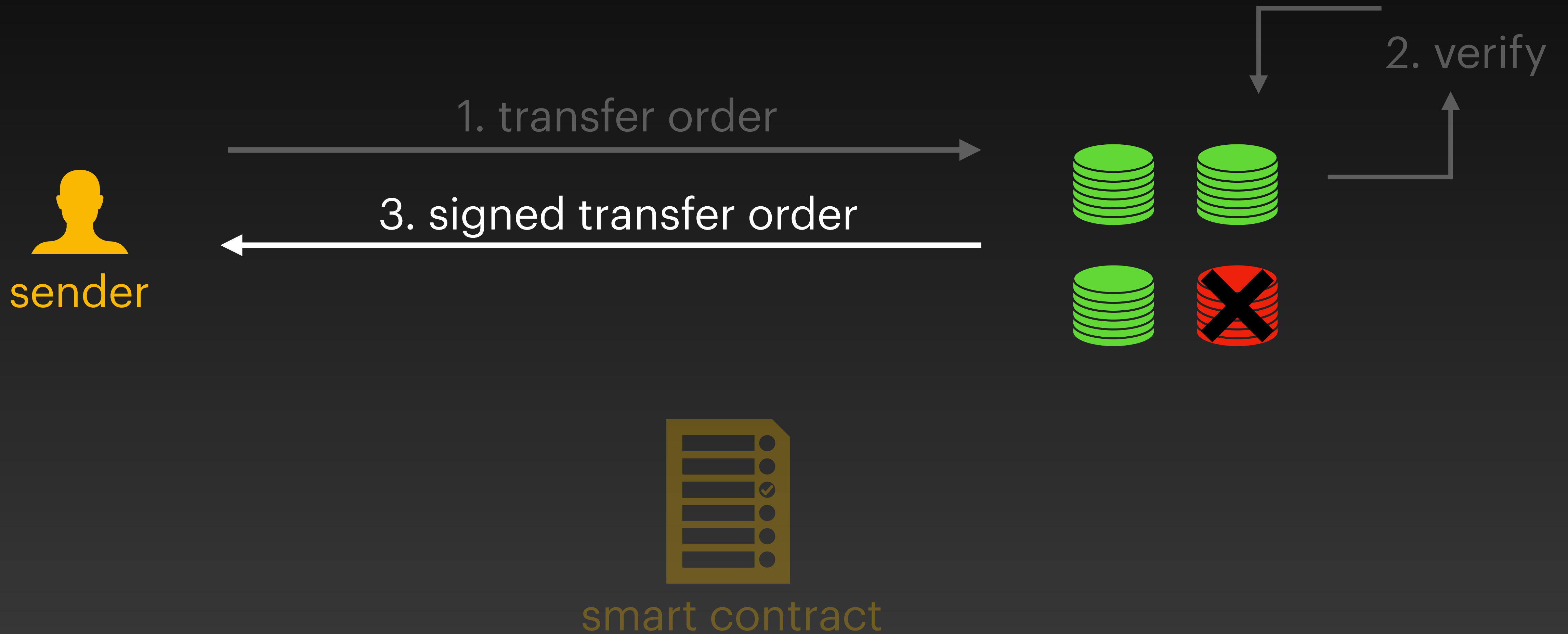
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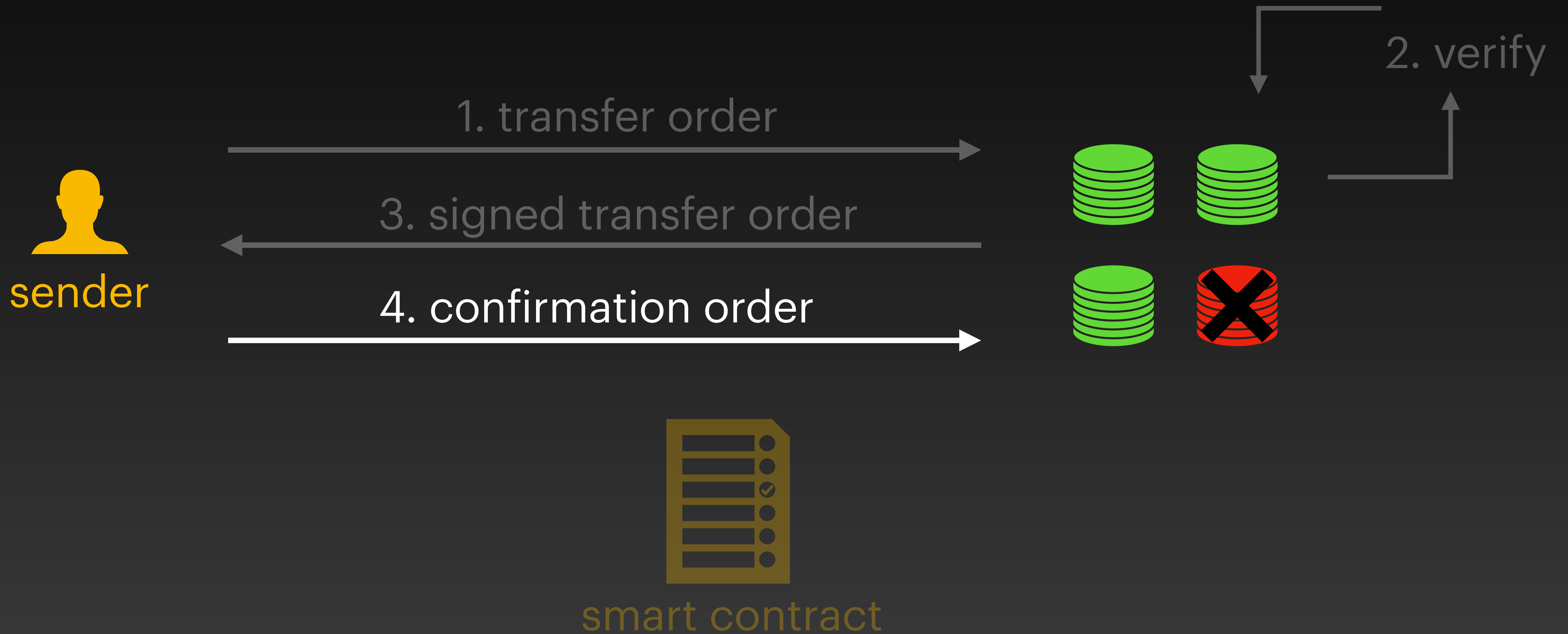
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From the primary infrastructure to FastPay



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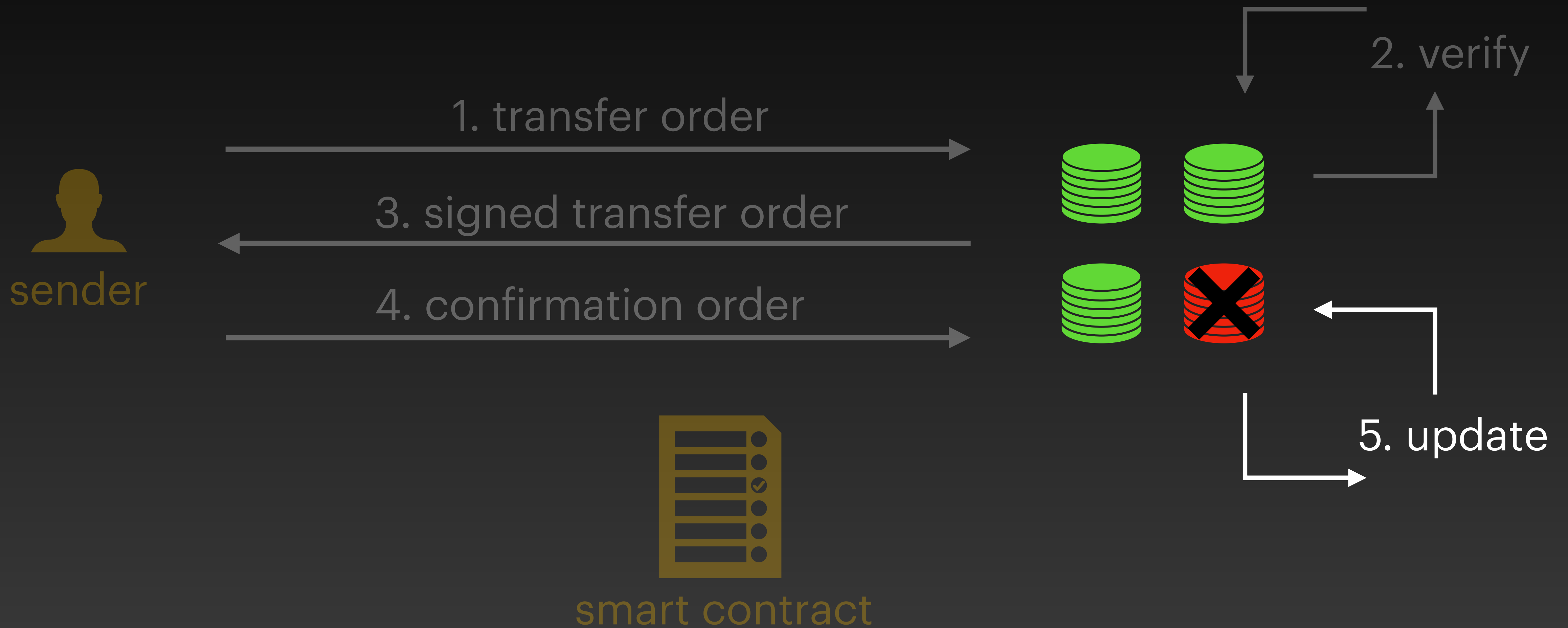
From the primary infrastructure to FastPay





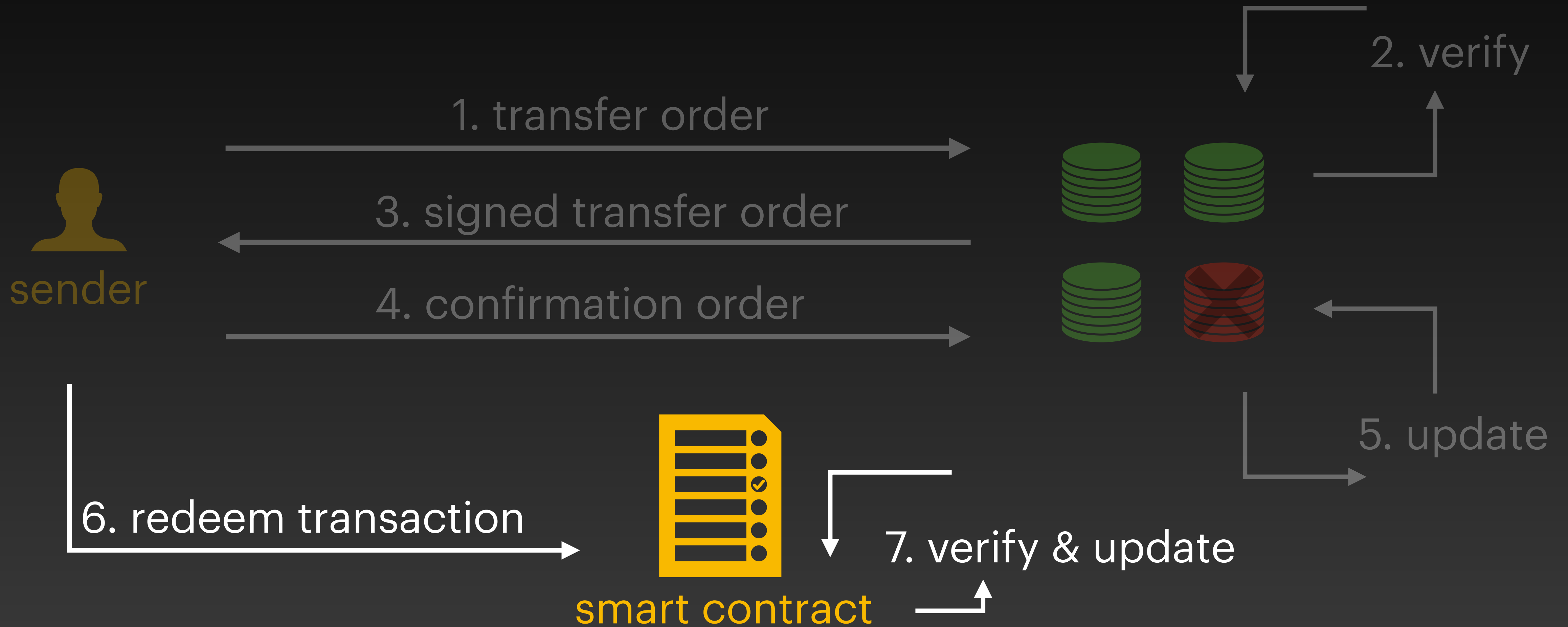
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From the primary infrastructure to FastPay



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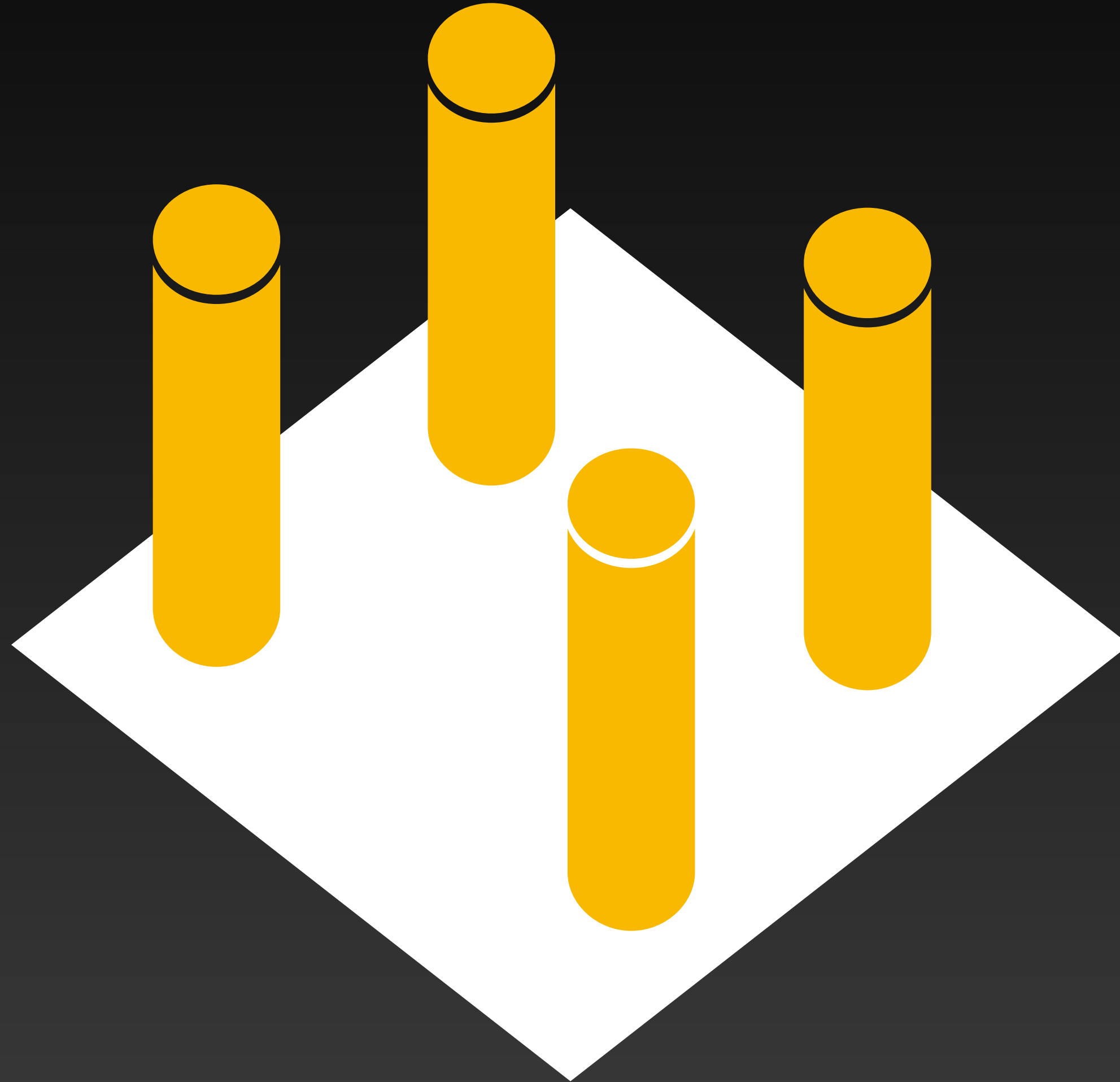
## Implementation

- Written in Rust
- Networking: Tokio & UDP
- Cryptography: ed25519-dalek

<https://github.com/novifinancial/fastpay>

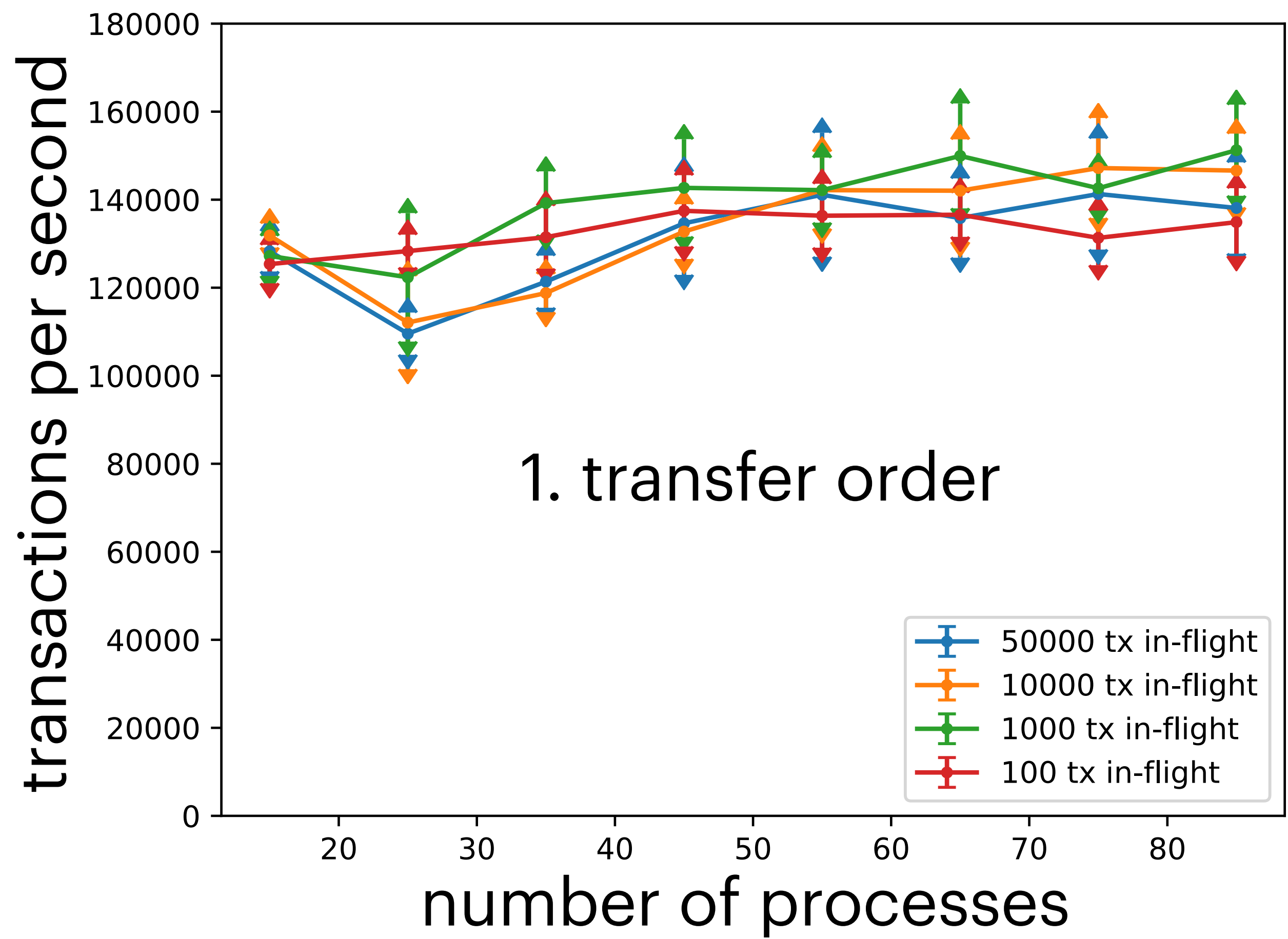
# FastPay

## Throughput Evaluation



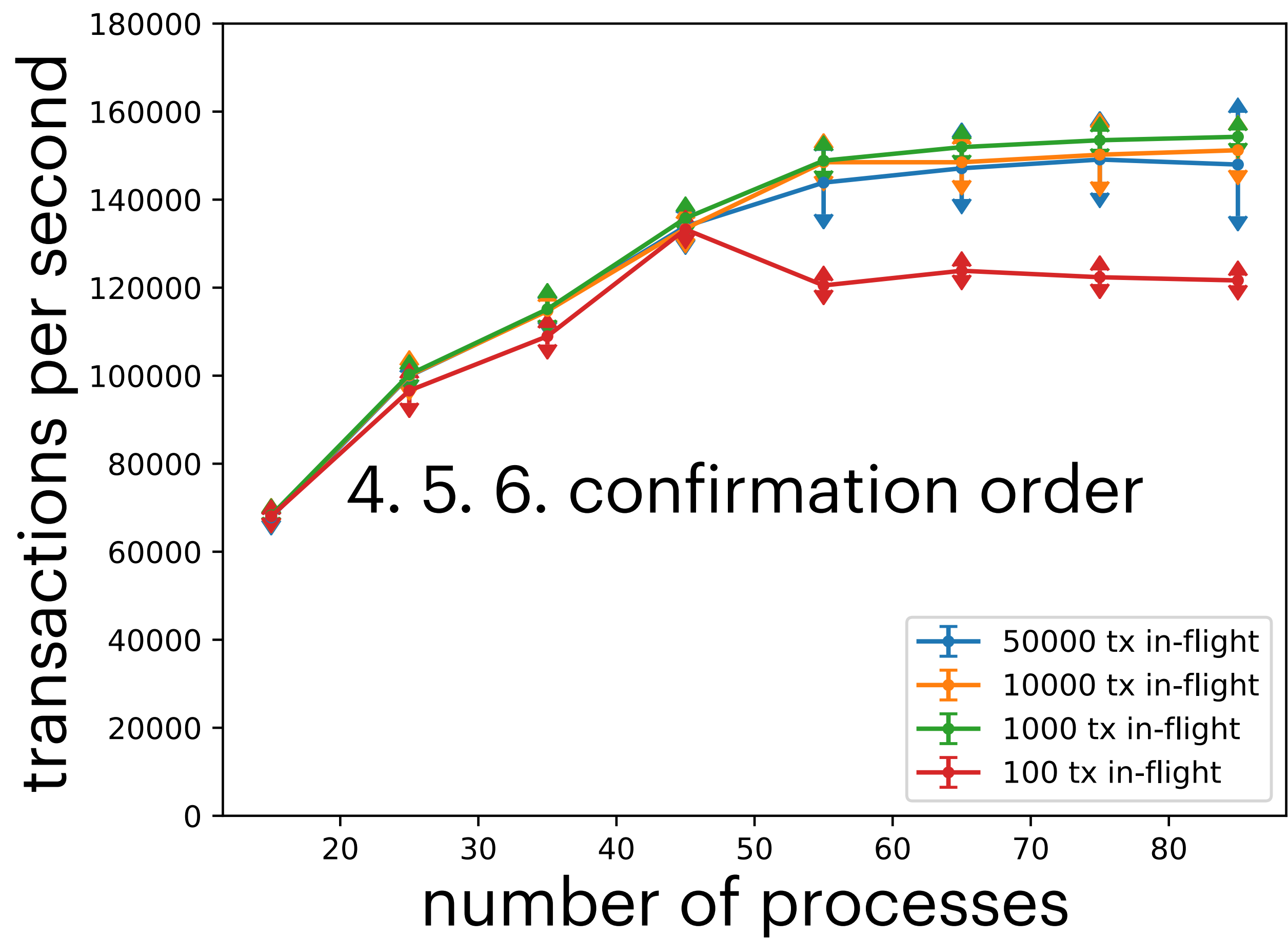
# FastPay

## High concurrency

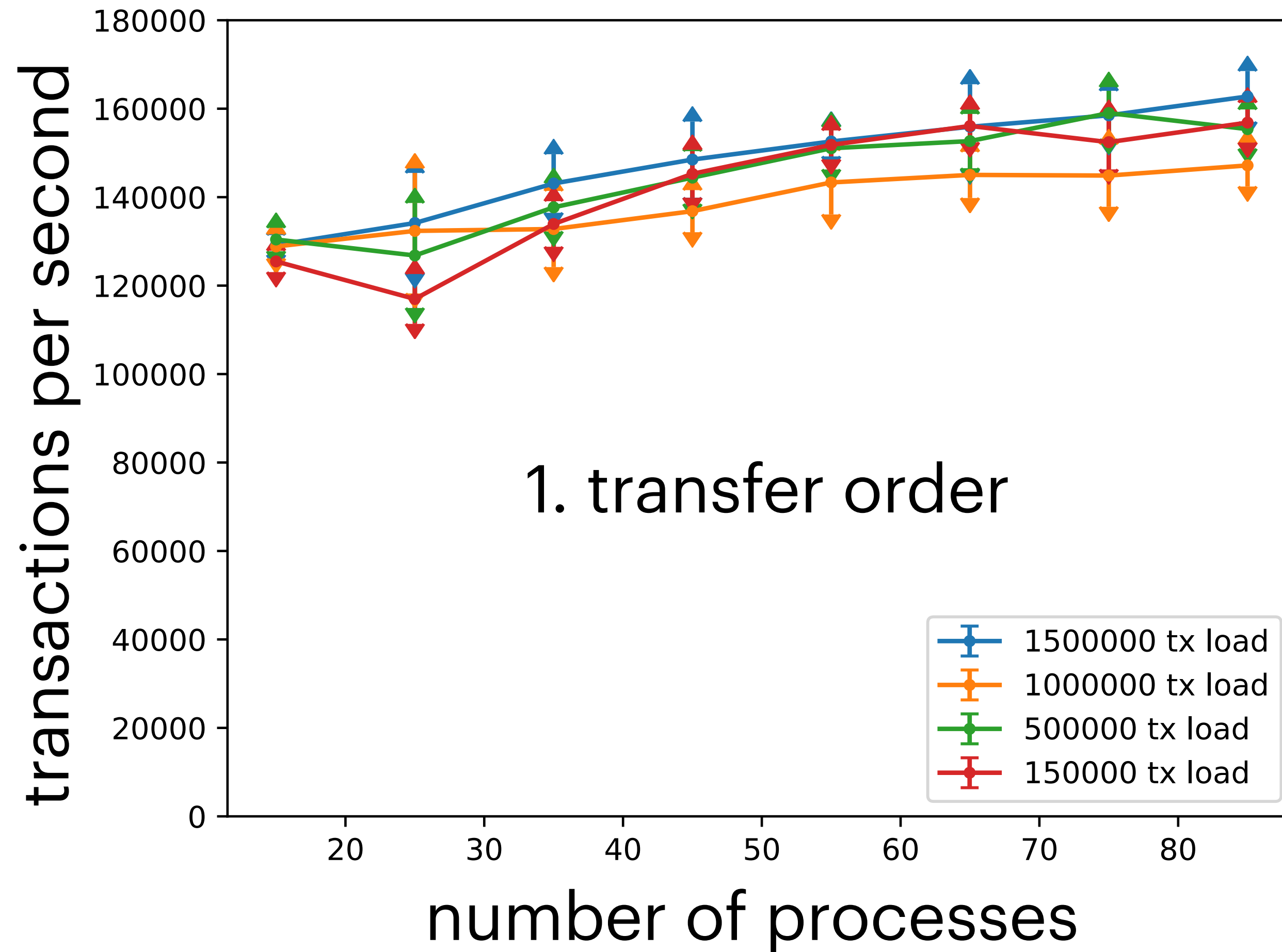


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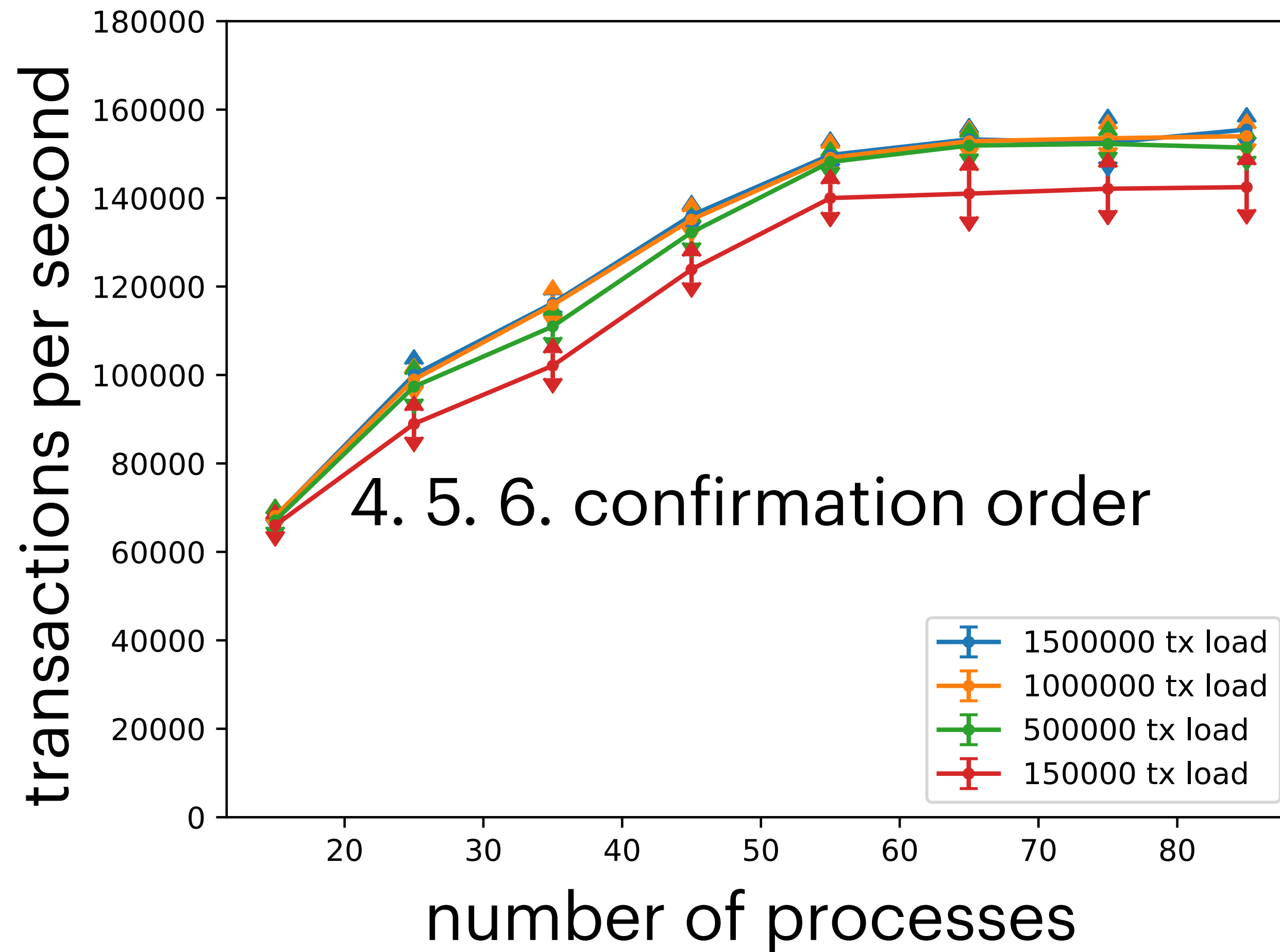
## High concurrency



# FastPay Robustness



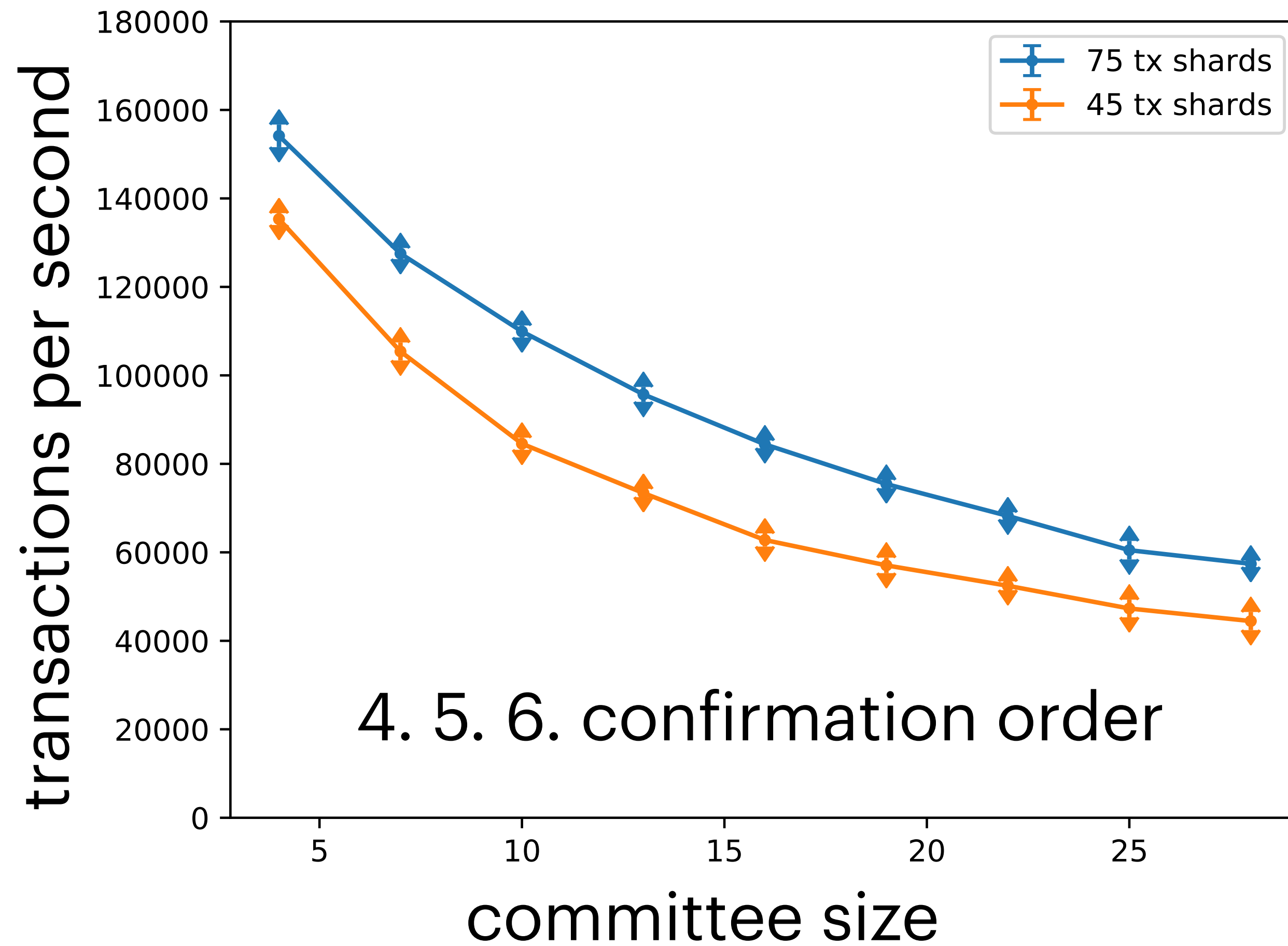
# FastPay Robustness





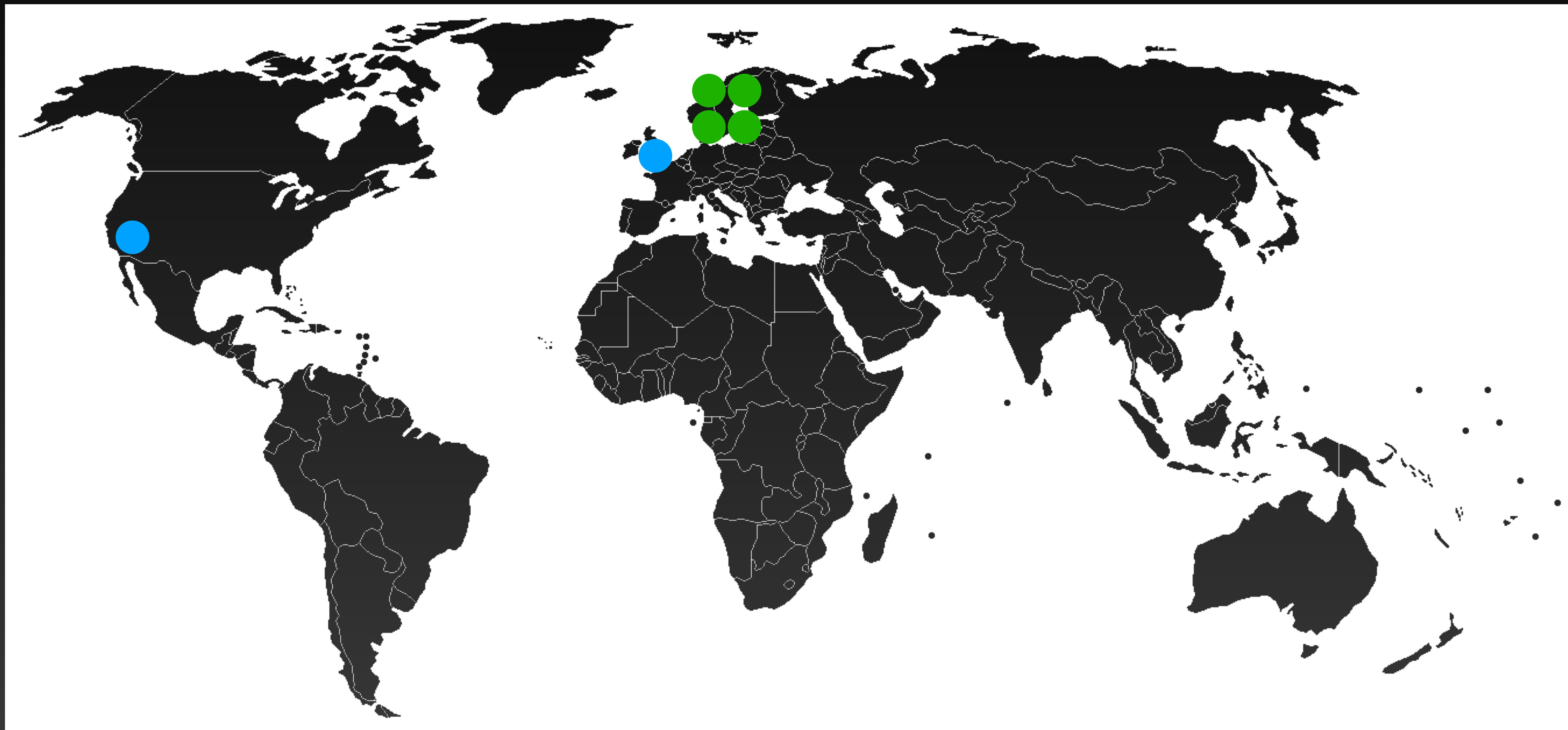
# FastPay

## Influence of the number of authorities

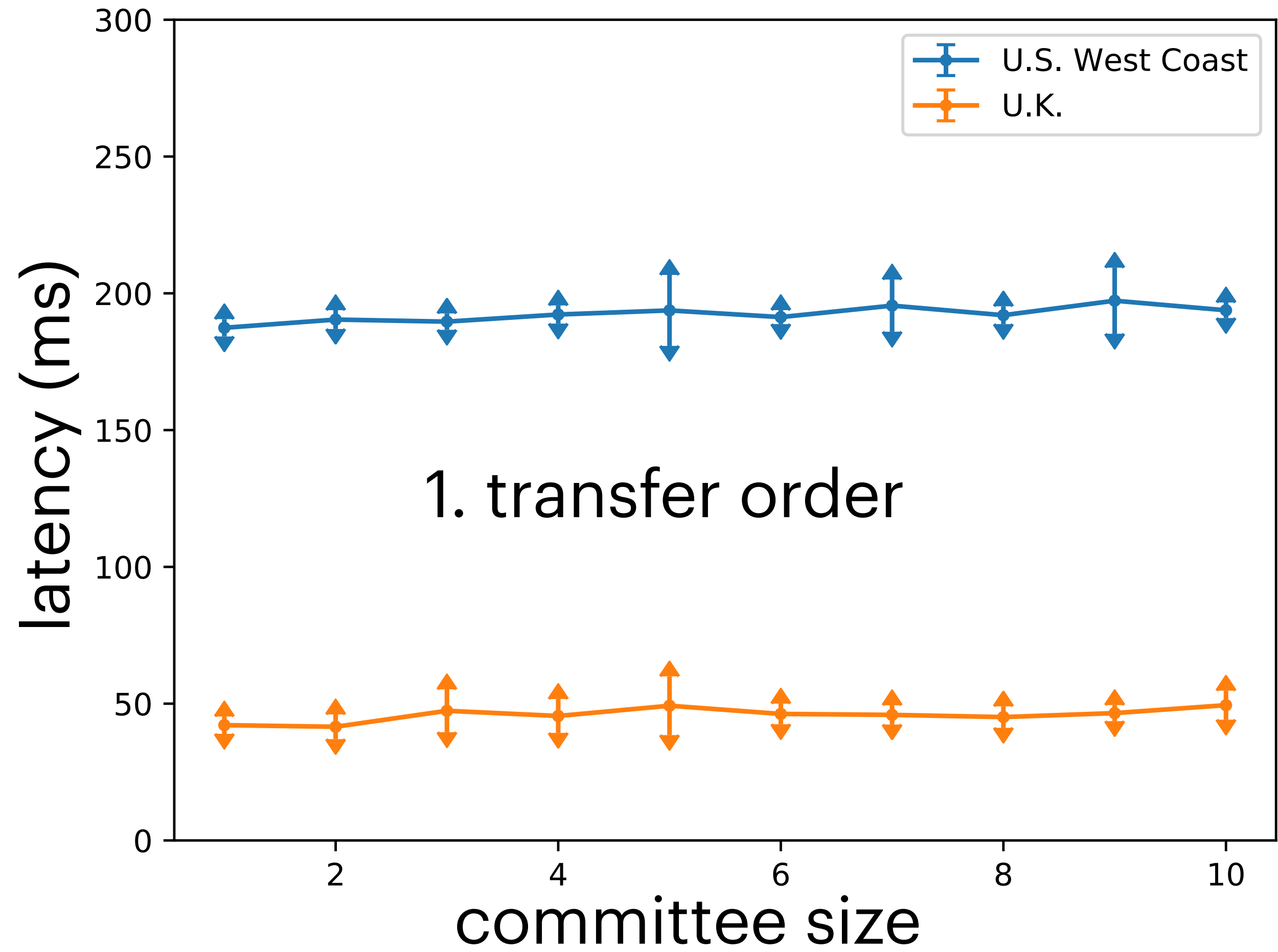


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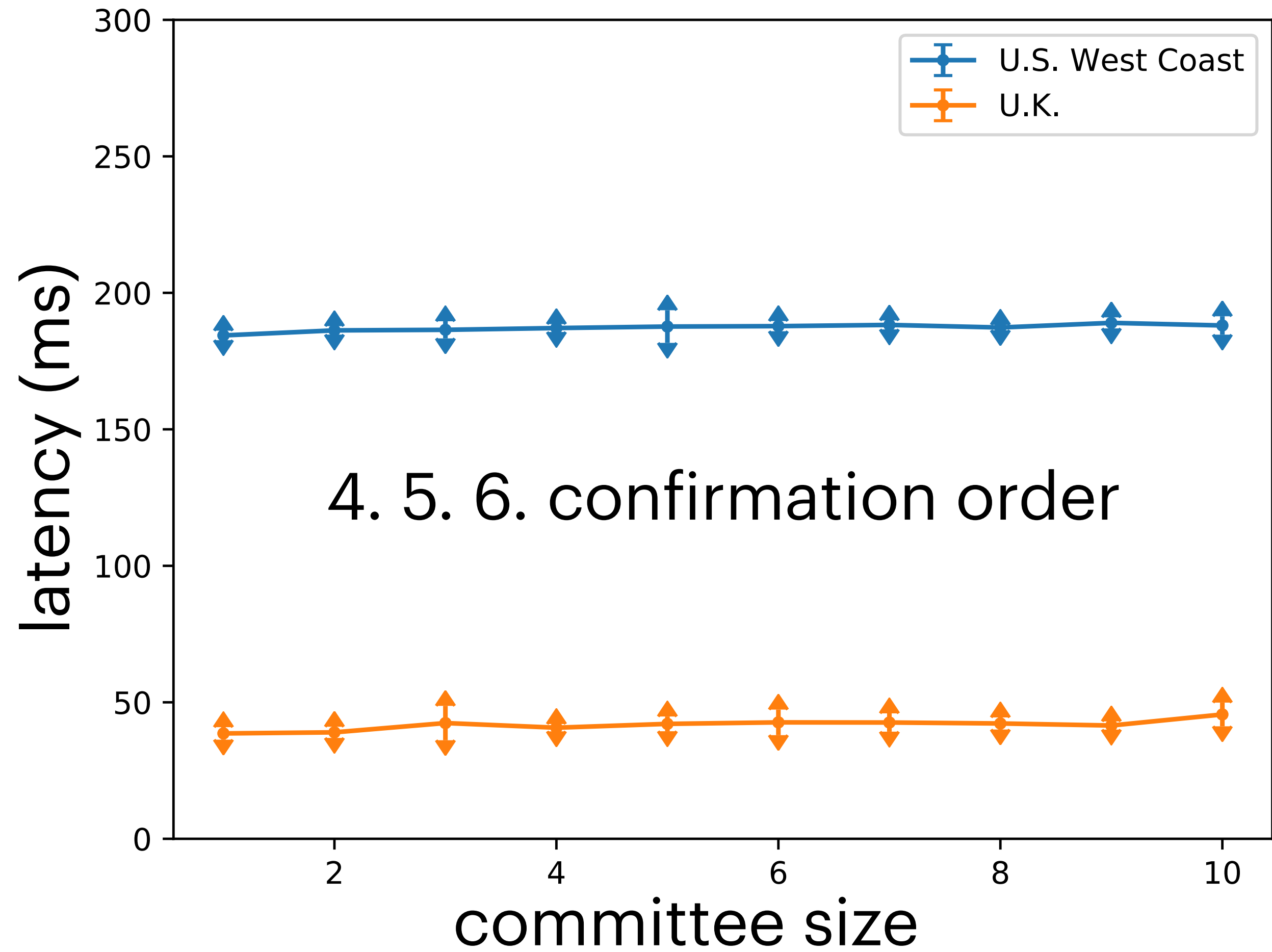
## Latency setup



# FastPay Latency

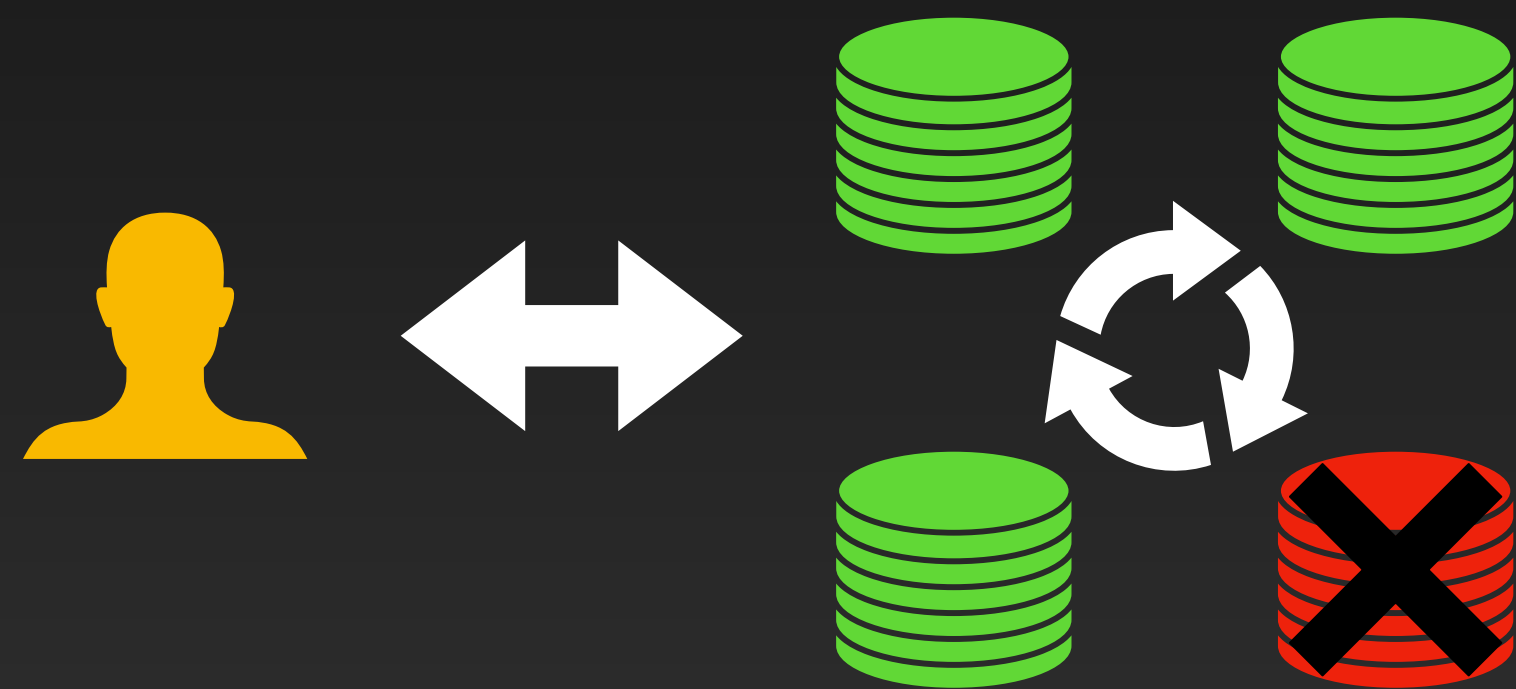


# FastPay Latency



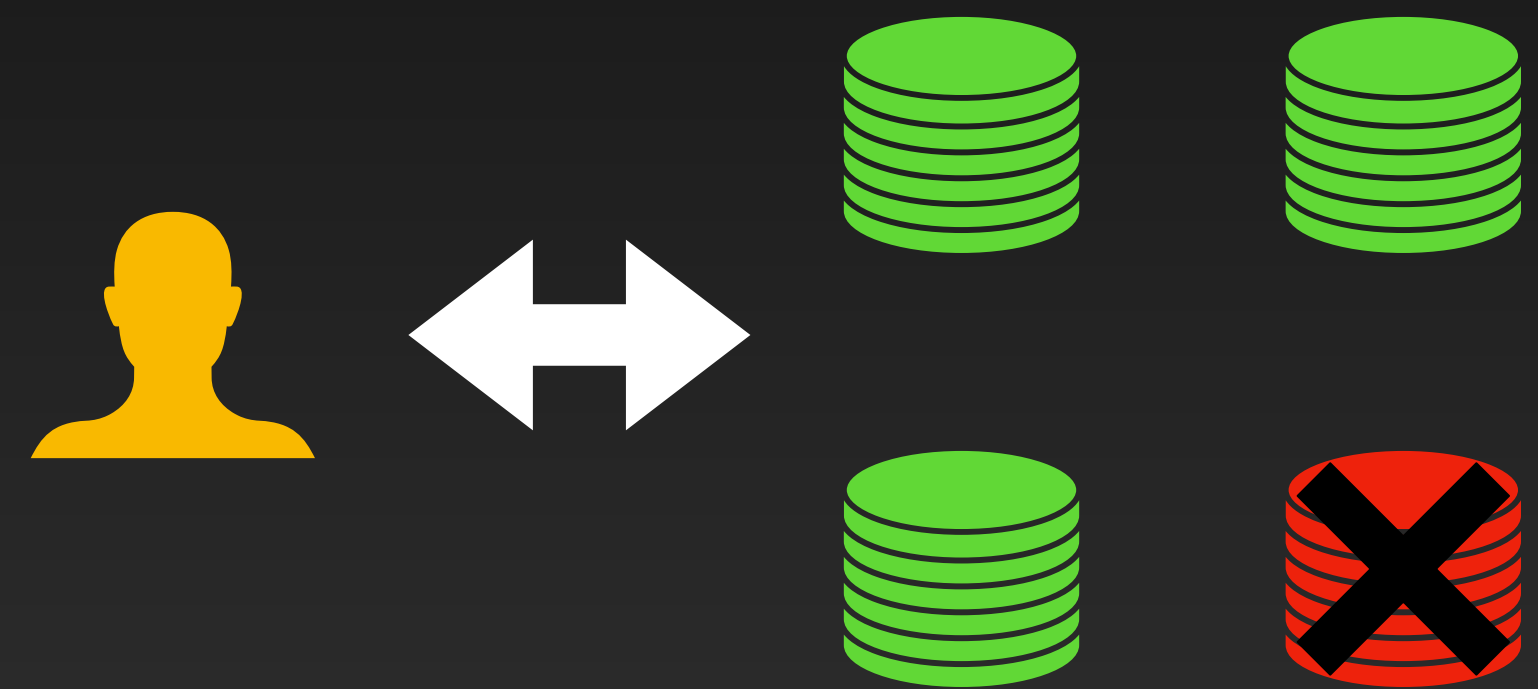
# Worst-case efficiency

## Blockchains



Bad leader can slow down  
the protocol

## FastPay



No leader, nothing changes

# **Simplicity favors robustness and performance**

Lesson I

**Making it simple is hard**

Lesson II

# FastPay

## The cost of simplicity

- Less than 4,000 LOC
- Over 1,500 Git commits
- Took 2.5 months to 3 engineers



# FastPay

## Deployment costs

- AWS m5d.8xlarge instance
- ~ 5 USD / hour

# FastPay

## Further works

- Checkpointing?
- Change the authorities?
- Privacy?

# Conclusion

## FastPay

- Based on Byzantine Consistent Broadcast
- Simple design, low latency, high capacity, very robust
- **Paper:** <https://arxiv.org/abs/2003.11506>
- **Code:** <https://github.com/novifinancial/fastpay>

**asonnino@fb.com**

Alberto Sonnino

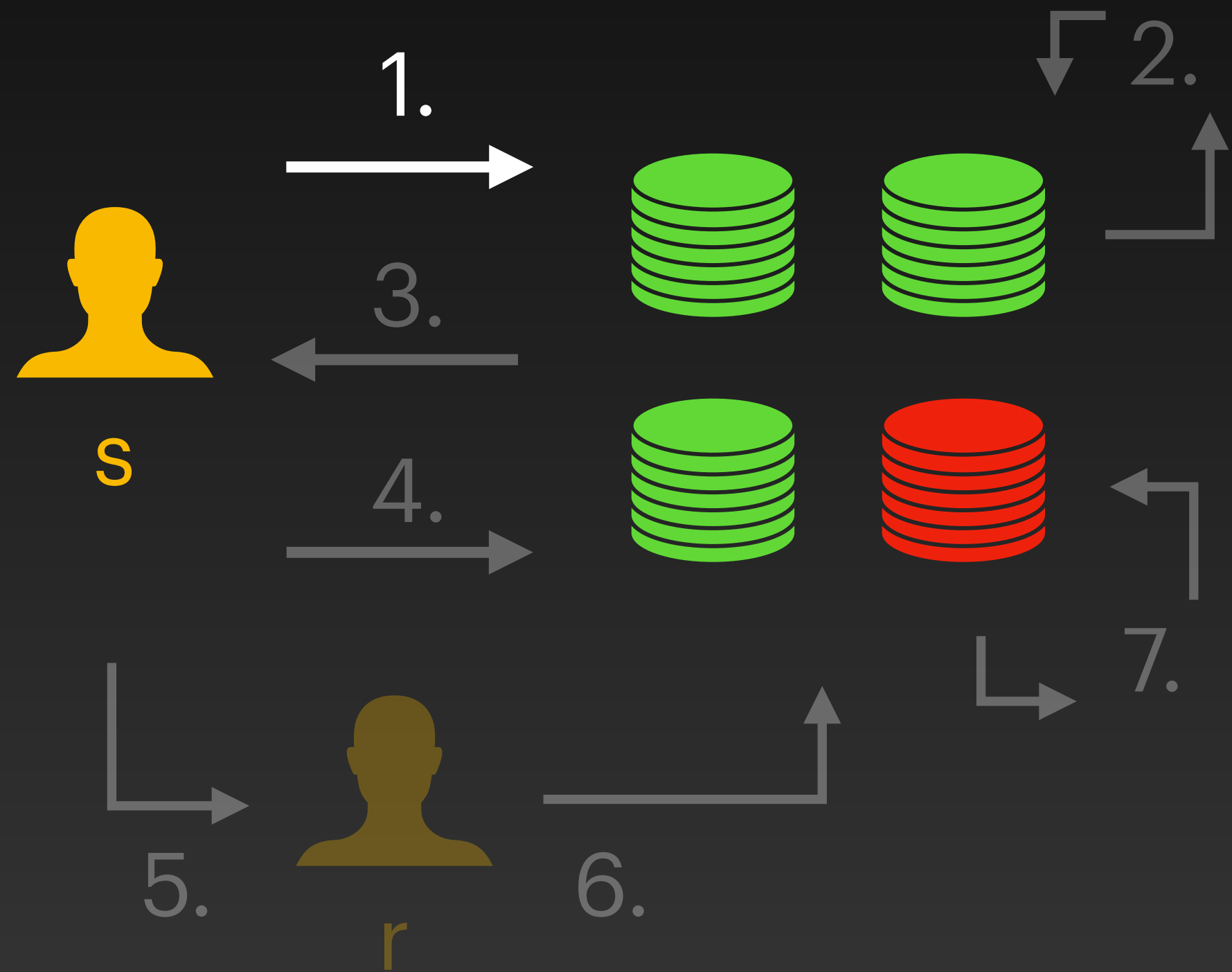
**EXTRA**

# Protocol Details

From FastPay to FastPay

# FastPay

## Protocol details

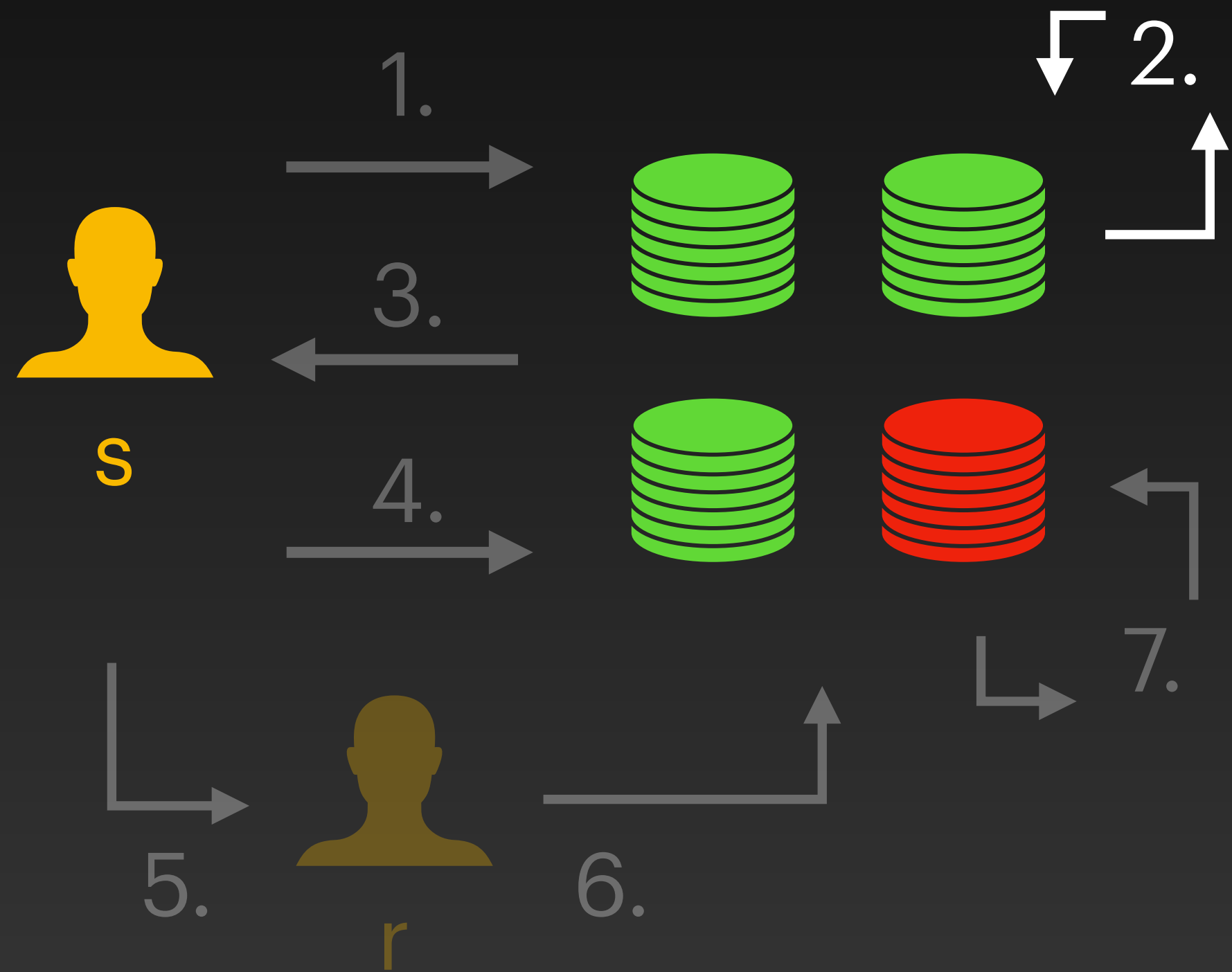


### 1. transfer order

- Sender address
- Recipient address
- Amount
- Sequence number
- Sender's signature

# FastPay

## Protocol details



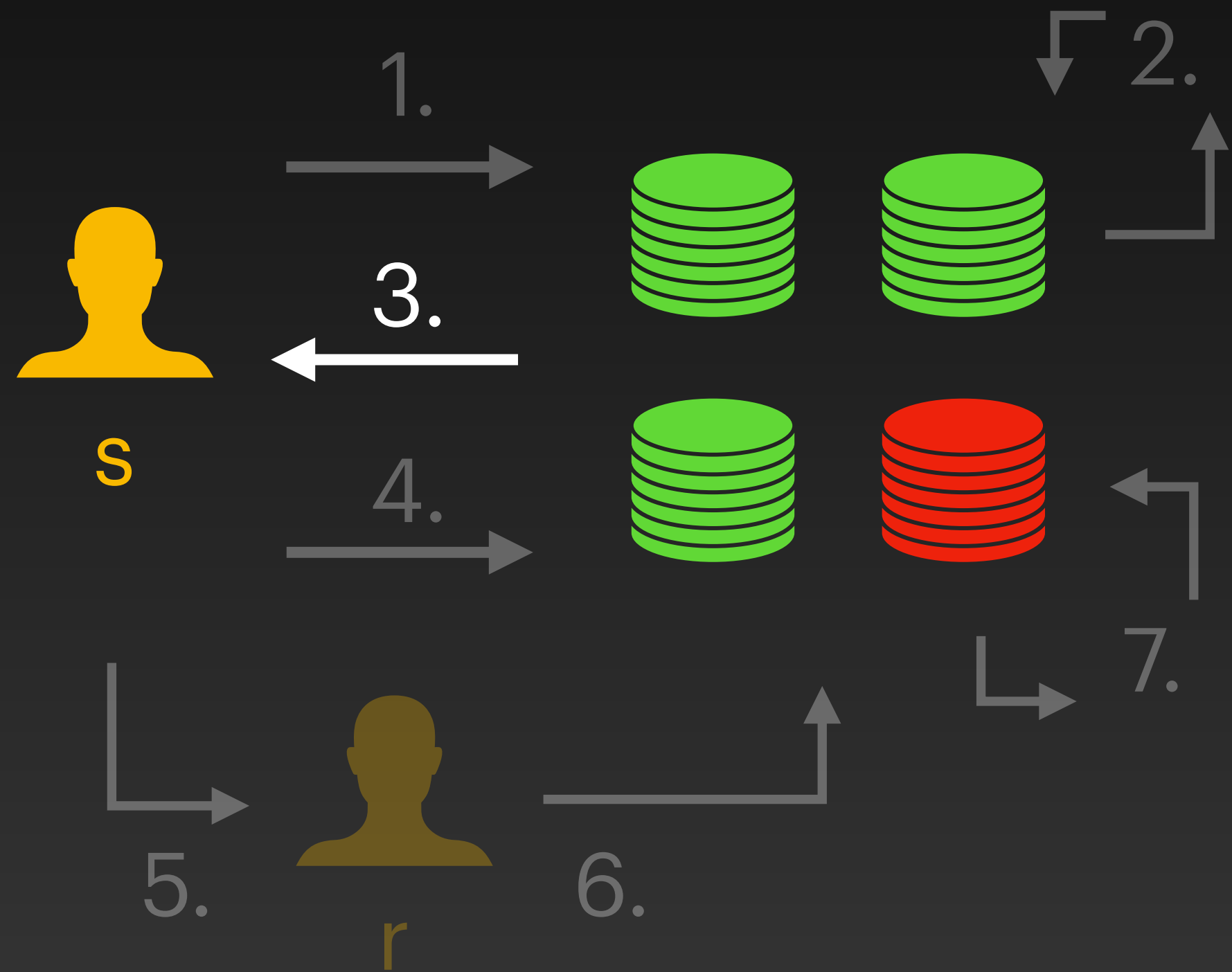
## 2. verify

- The sender's signature
- No previous tx is pending
- The amount is positive
- Sequence number is as expected
- Balance is sufficient



# FastPay

## Protocol details

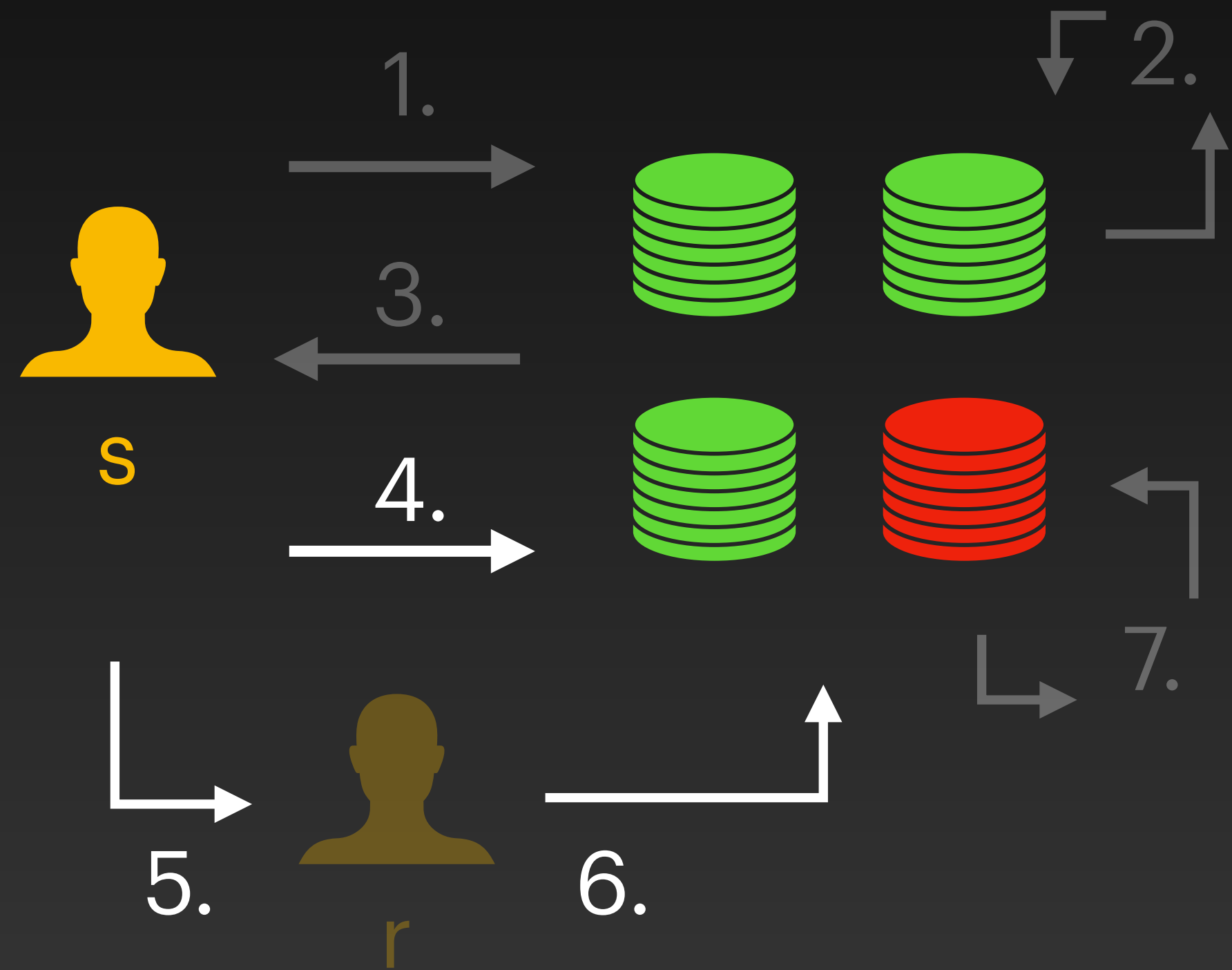


### 3. signed transfer order

- Each authority signed the transfer order received in step 1.

# FastPay

## Protocol details

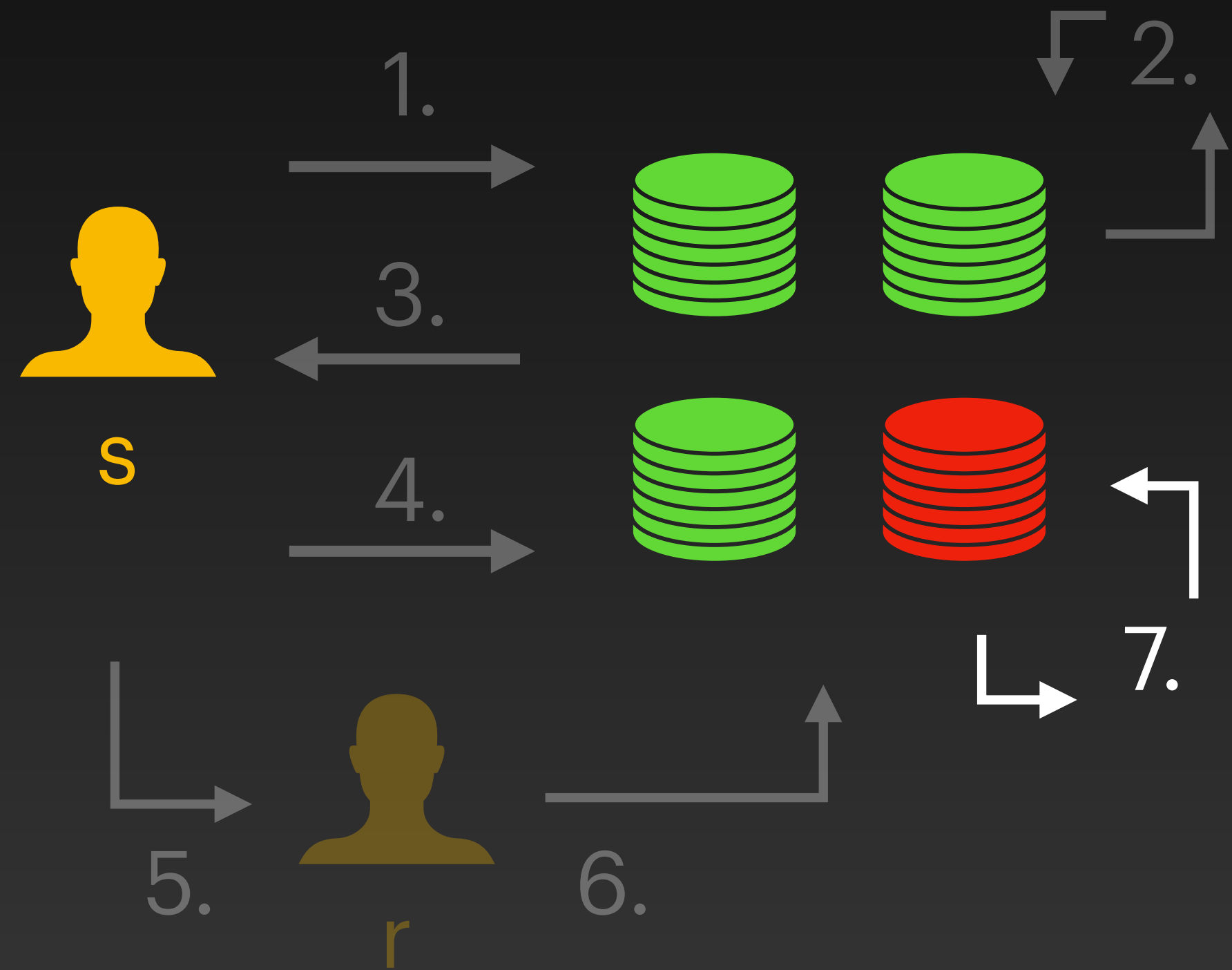


### 4. 5. 6. confirmation order

- Collect enough signed transfer orders from step 2.

# FastPay

## Protocol details



## 7. update

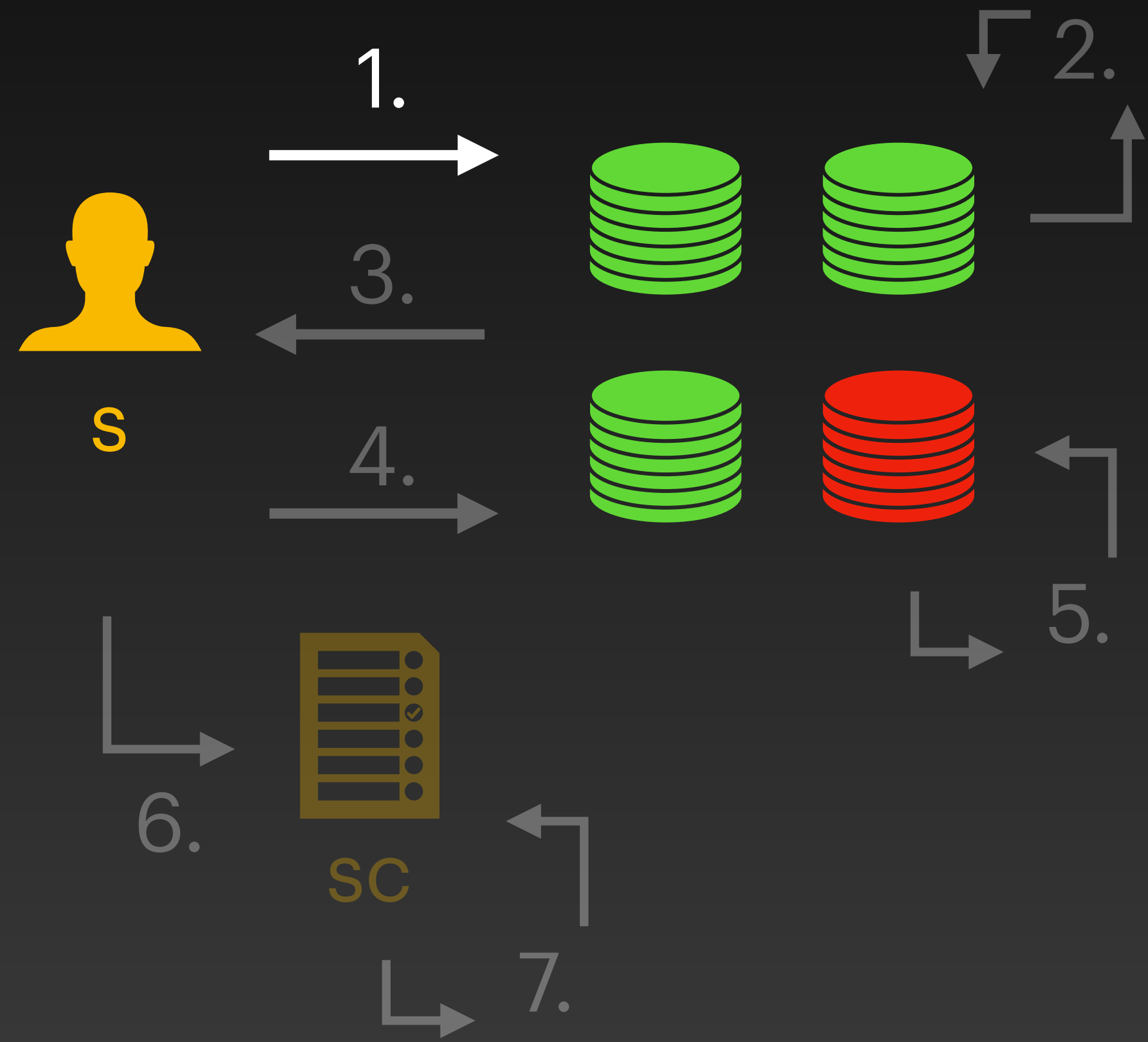
- Check there are enough signatures
- Decrease the senders' balance
- Increase the sequence number
- Set the pending order to None
- Increase the recipient's balance

# Protocol Details

From FastPay to primary infrastructure

# FastPay

## From FastPay to primary infrastructure



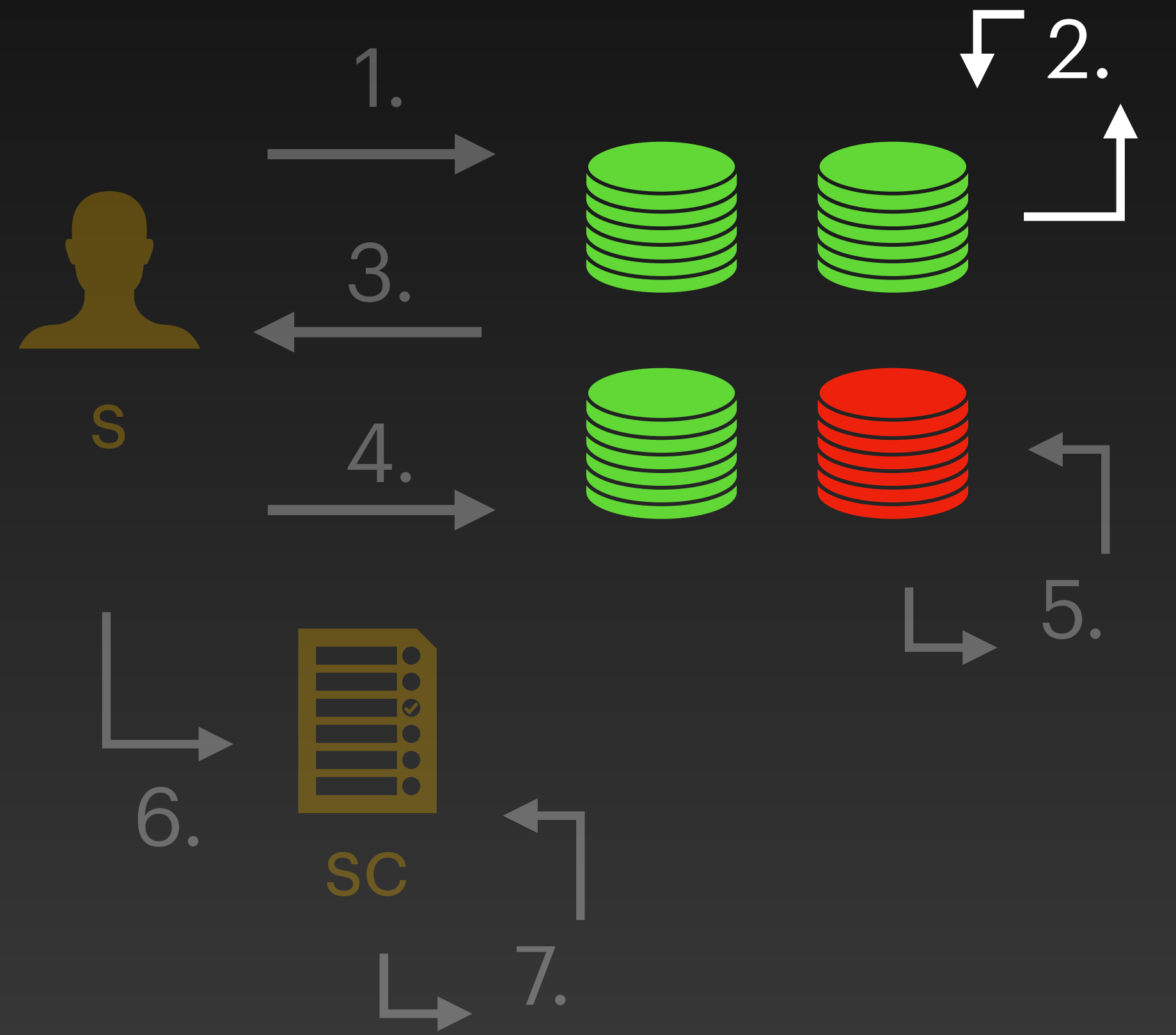
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# FastPay

## From FastPay to primary infrastructure

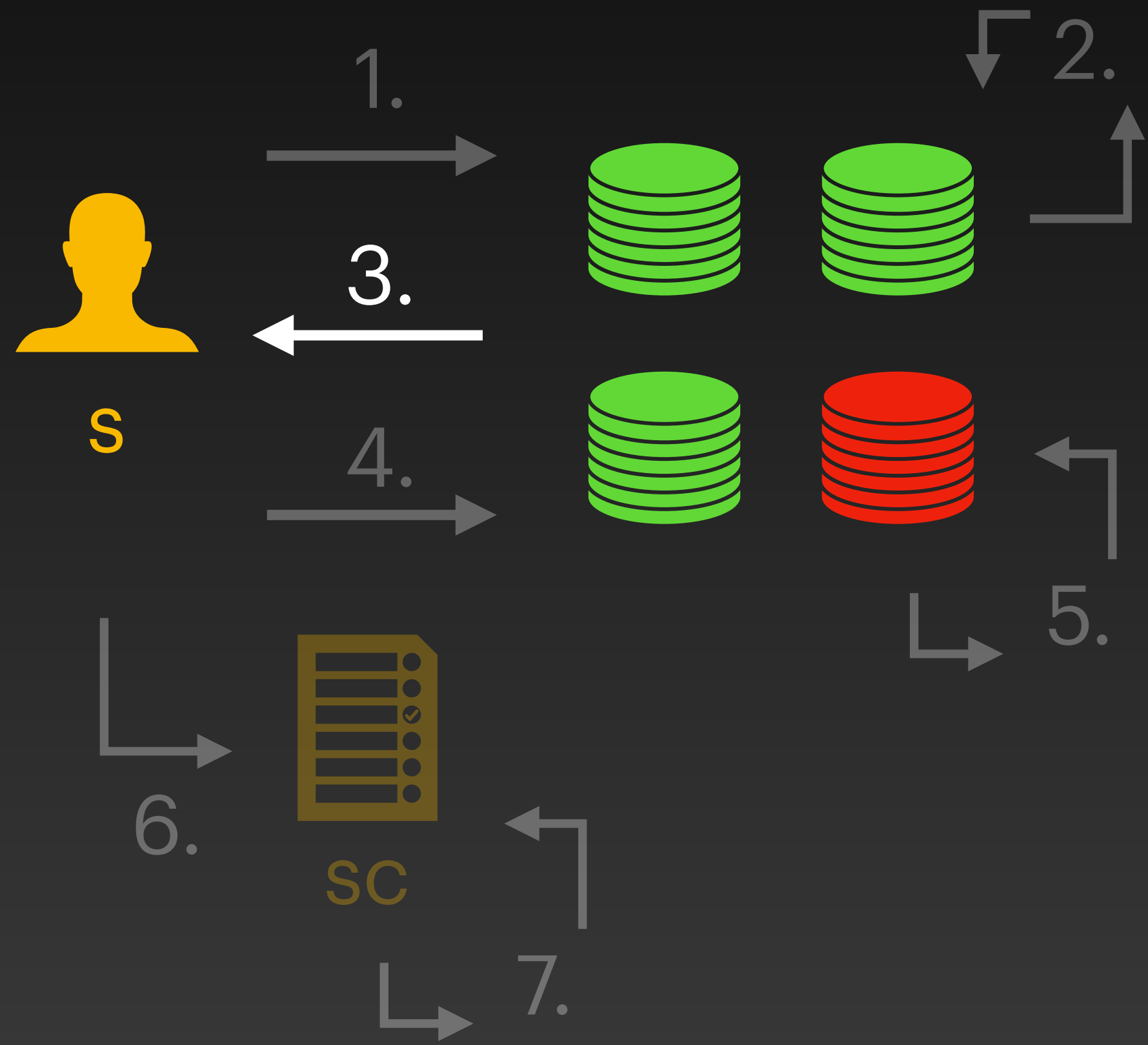
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# FastPay

## From FastPay to primary infrastructure

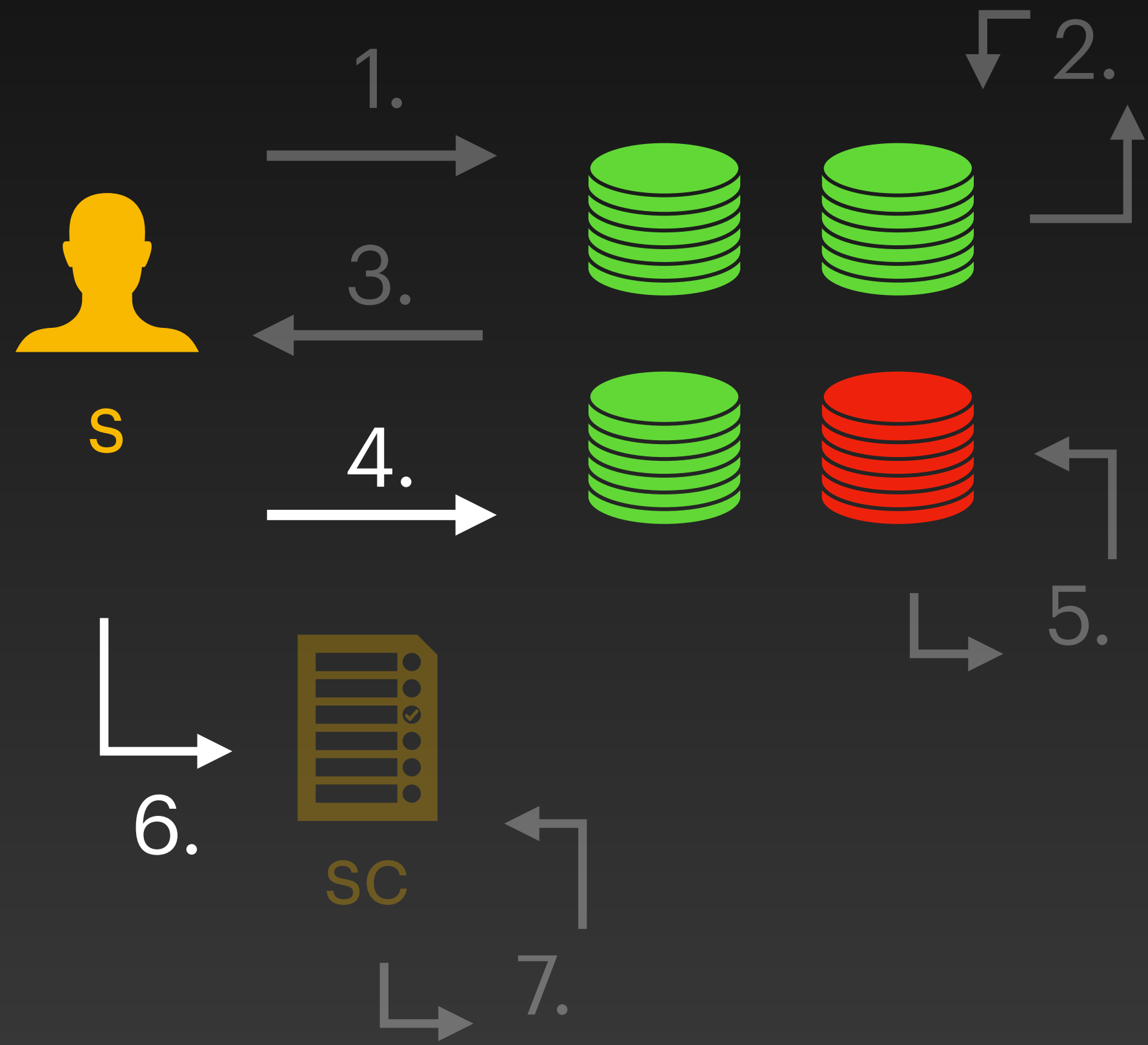


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# FastPay

From FastPay to primary infrastructure



## 4. 6. confirmation order

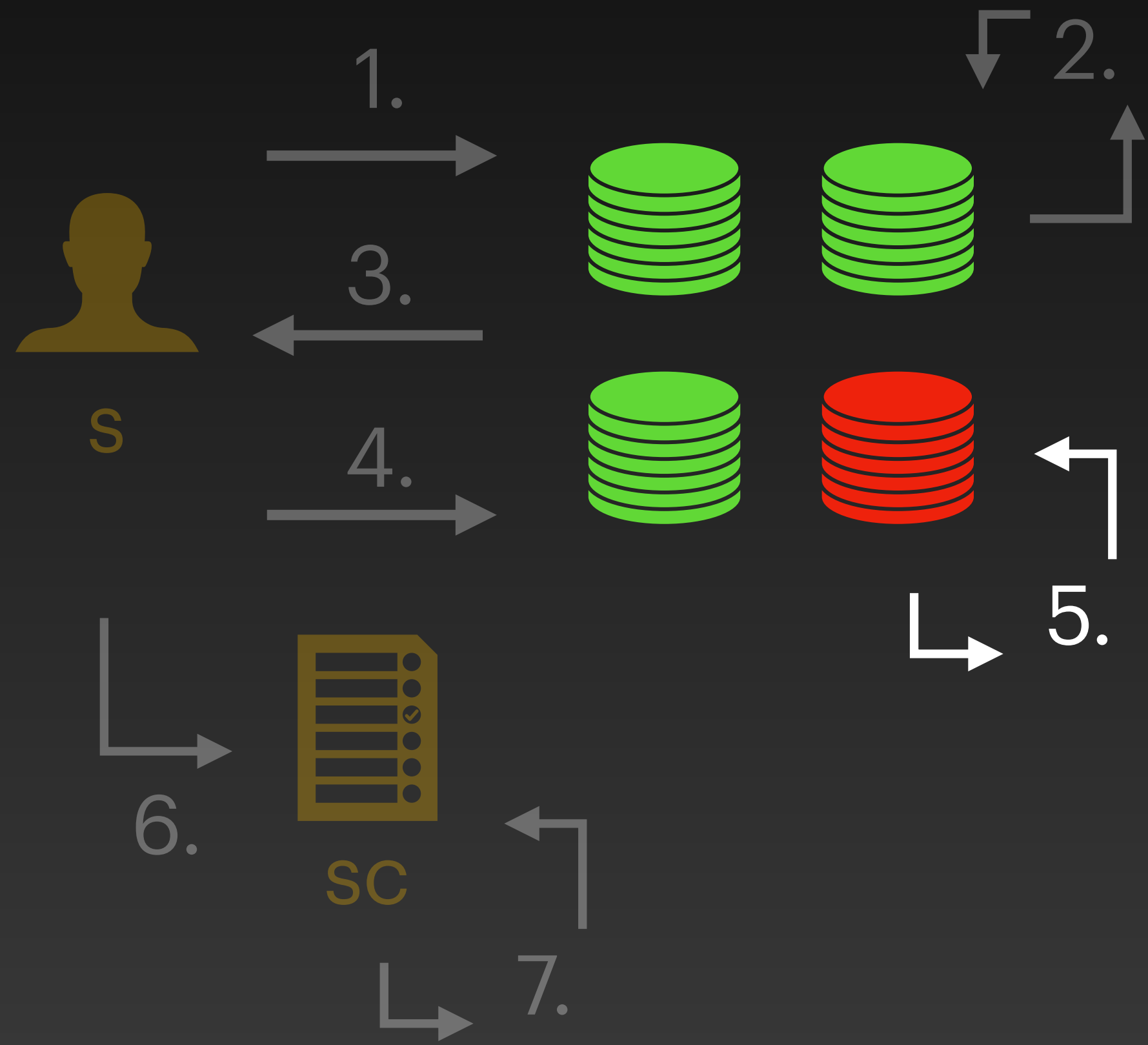
- Collect enough signed transfer orders from step 2.



# FastPay

## From FastPay to primary infrastructure

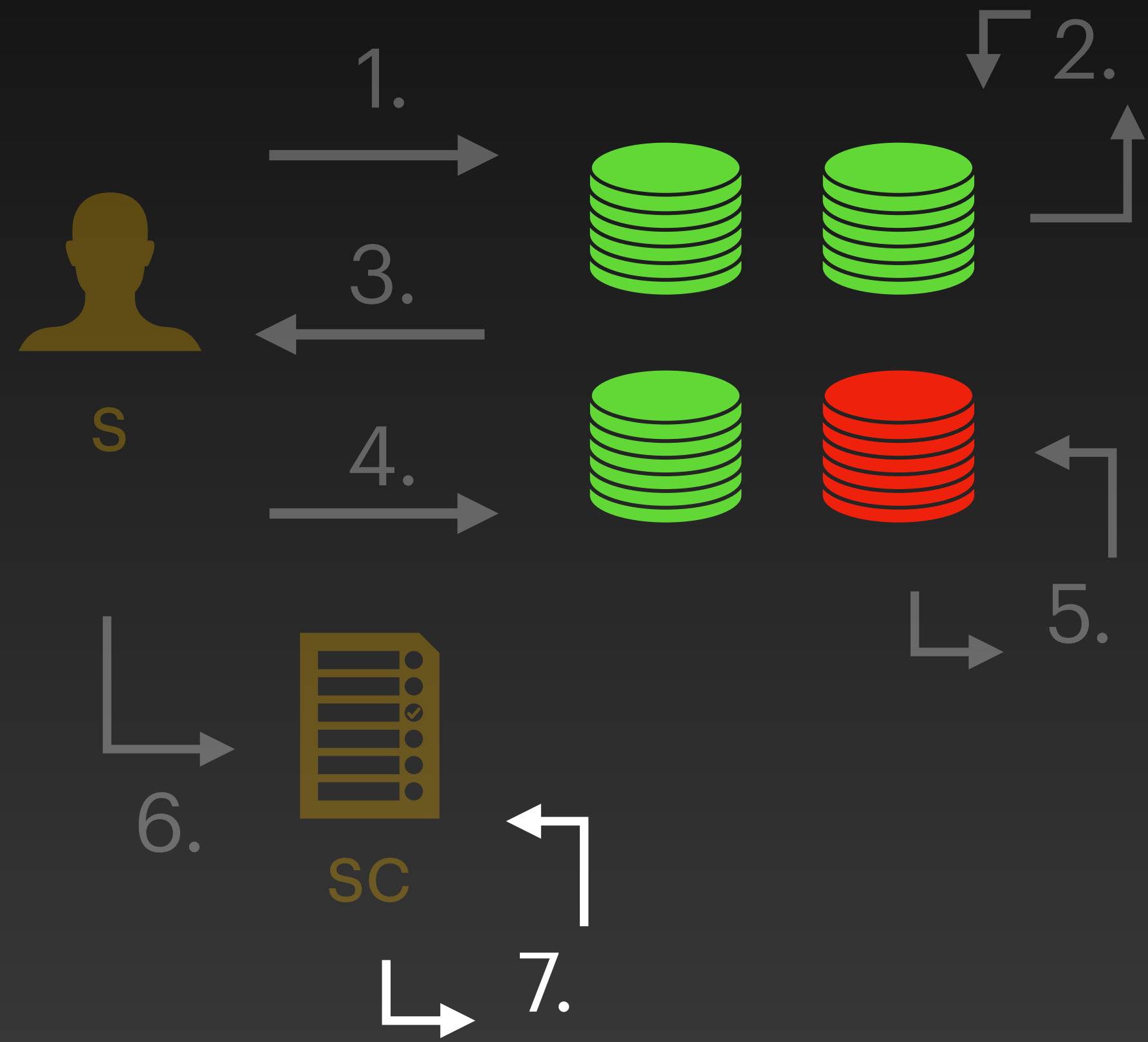
### 5. update



- Check there are enough signatures
- Decrease the senders' balance
- Increase the sequence number
- Set the pending order to None

# FastPay

## From FastPay to primary infrastructure



## 7. verify & update

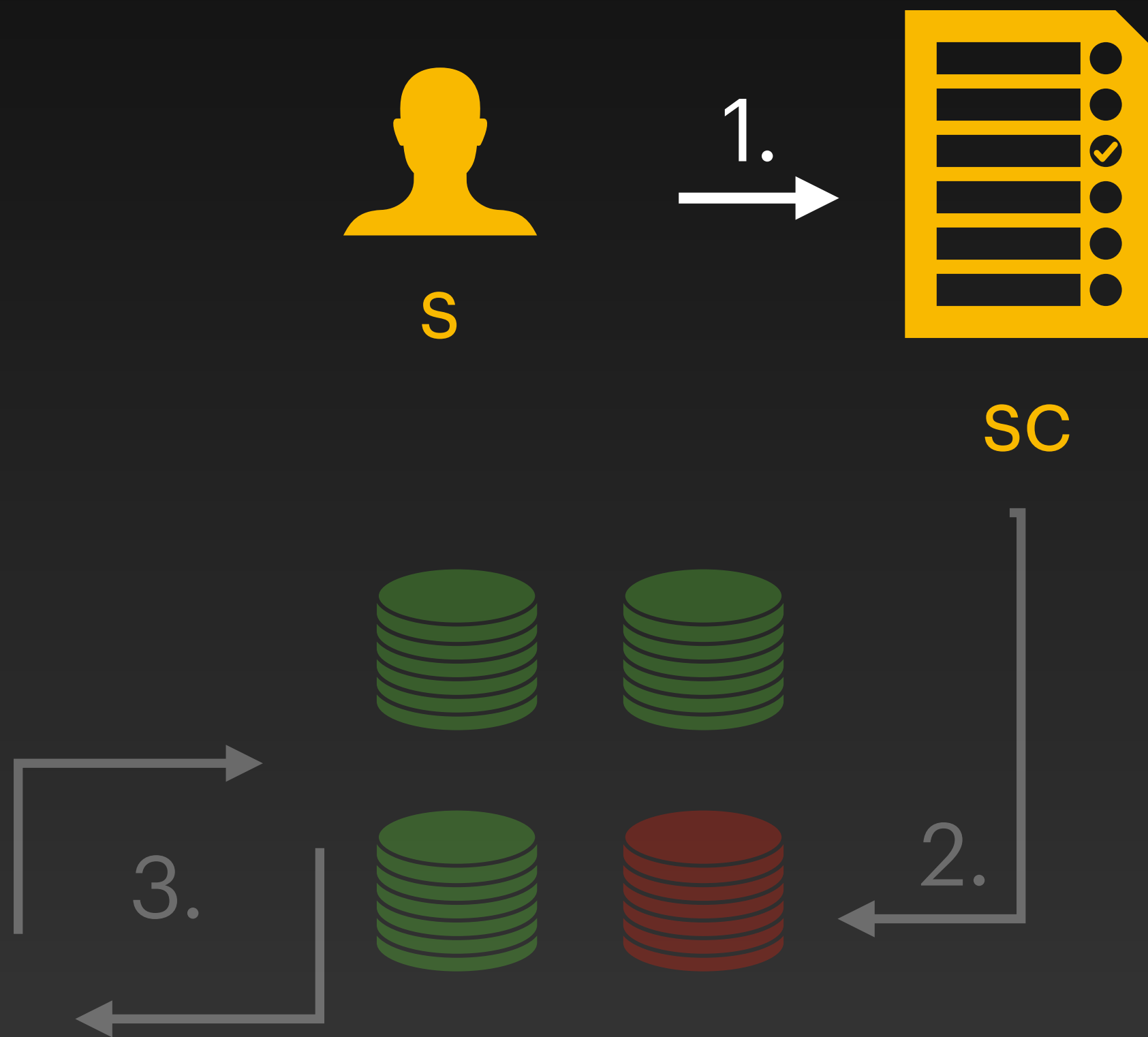
- Check sequence number is not on the redeem log
- Update the redeem log
- Transfer the amount to recipient

# Protocol Details

From primary infrastructure to FastPay

# FastPay

From primary infrastructure to FastPay

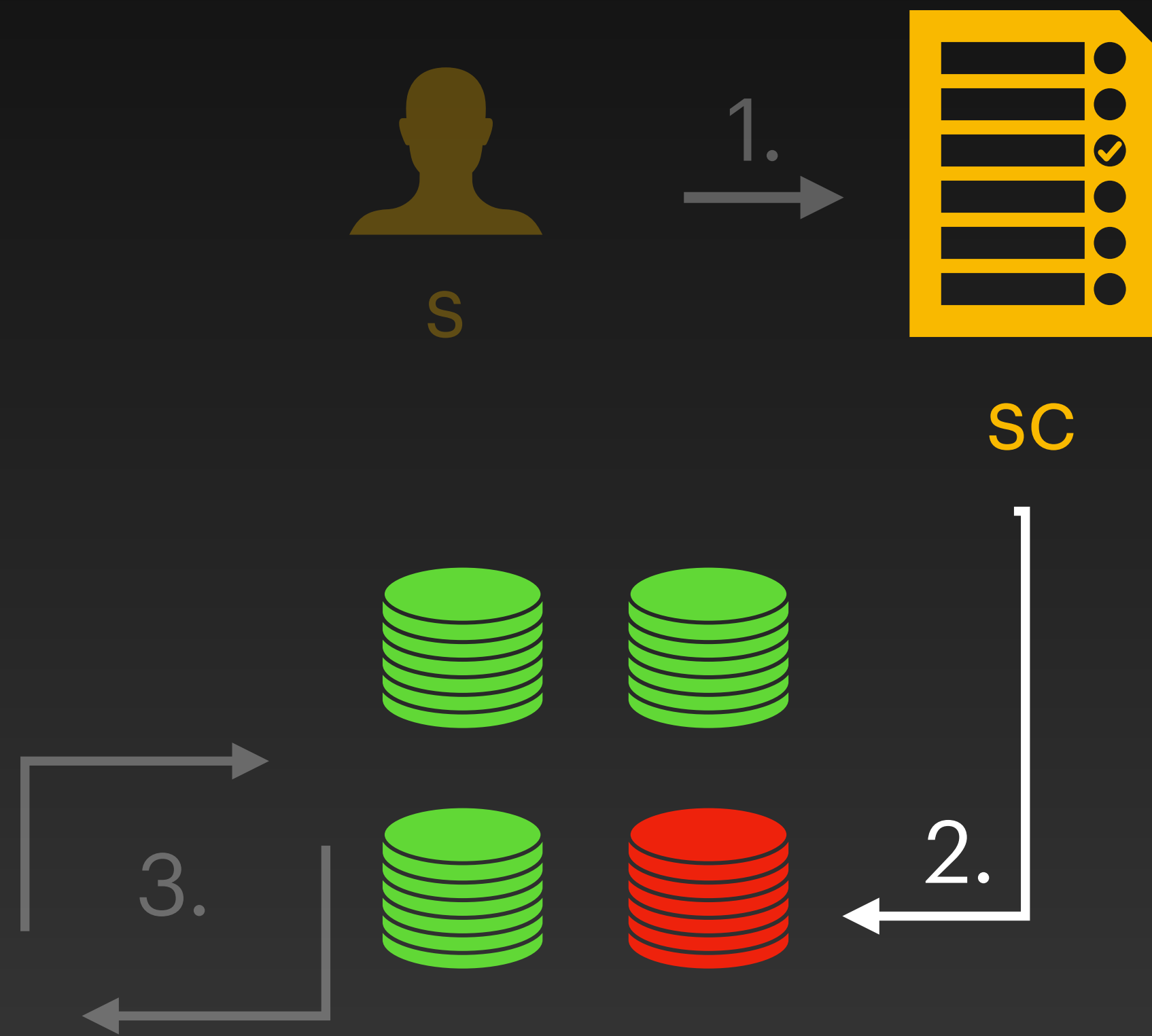


## 1. funding transaction

- FastPay recipient
- All fields required by the primary infrastructure (and the amount)

# FastPay

From primary infrastructure to FastPay

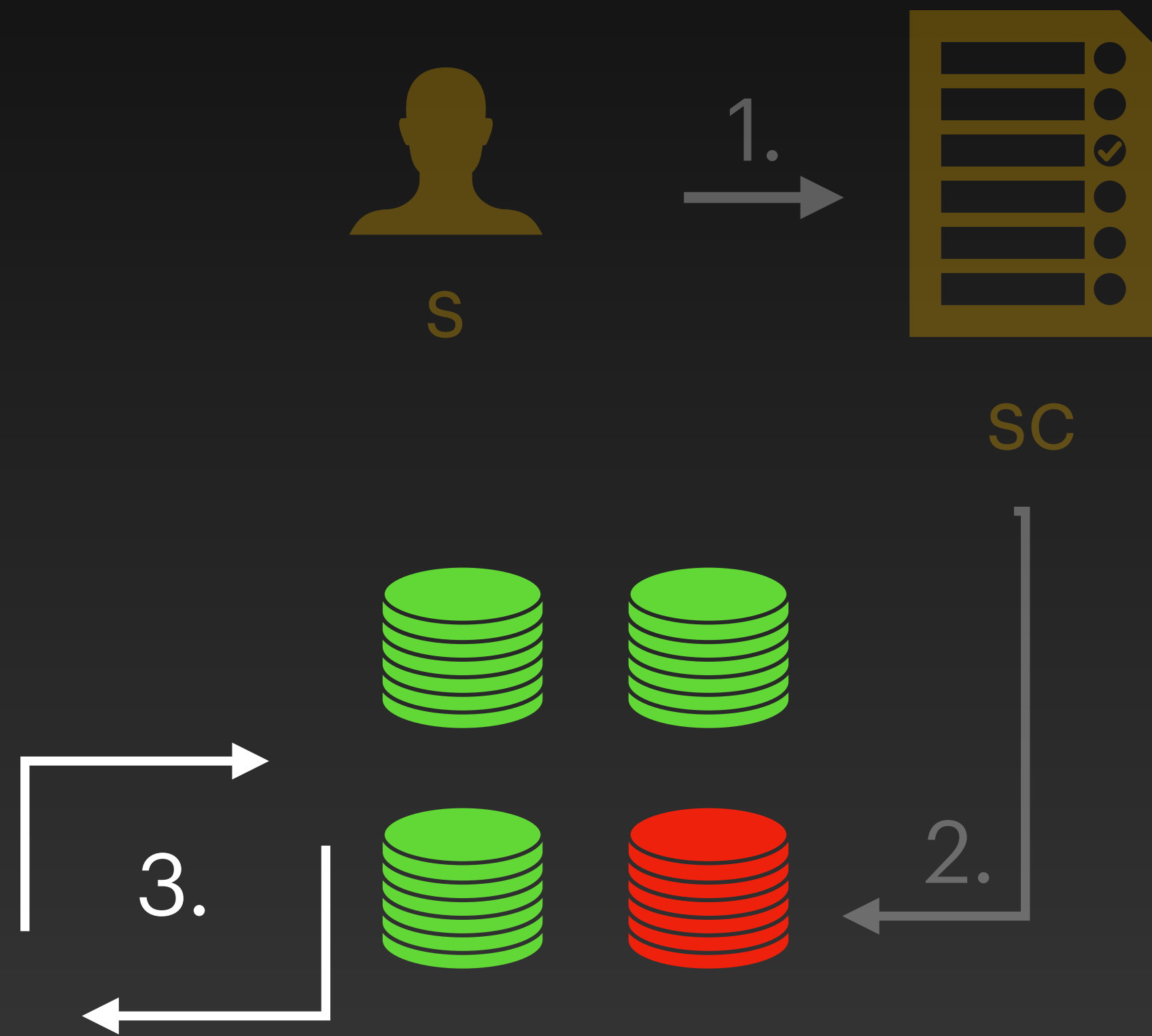


## 2. synchronization order

- Read the transaction on the primary infrastructure (once it is sequenced)

# FastPay

From primary infrastructure to FastPay



## 3. update & verify

- Check last primary tx index
- Increment last primary tx index
- Create a FastPay account for the recipient (if needed)
- Increase recipient's balance